Date Submitted: <u>3/27/07</u>	WASTE SITE RECLASSIFICATION FORM Operable Unit(s): 100-FR-1	Control Number: 2006-047
Originator: <u>L. M. Dittmer</u>	Waste Site Code: <u>1607-F3</u>	
Phone: <u>372-9664</u>	Type of Reclassification Action:	
	Closed Out 🔲 Interim Closed Out 🖾 No Action 🗌 RCRA Postclosure 🛄 Rejected 🛄 Consolidated 🗌	

This form documents agreement among parties listed authorizing classification of the subject unit as Closed Out, Interim Closed Out, No Action, RCRA Postclosure, Rejected, or Consolidated. This form also authorizes backfill of the waste management unit, if appropriate, for Closed Out and Interim Closed Out units. Final removal from the NPL of No Action and Closed Out waste management units will occur at a future date.

Description of current waste site condition:

The 1607-F3 waste site is the former location of the sanitary sewer system that supported the 182-F Pump Station, the 183-F Water Treatment Plant, and the 151-F Substation. The sanitary sewer system included a septic tank, drain field, and associated pipeline, all in use between 1944 and 1965. The site has been remediated and presently exists as an open excavation. Confirmatory evaluation, remediation, and verification sampling of this site have been performed in accordance with remedial action objectives and goals established by the *Interim Action Record of Decision for the 100-BC-1, 100-BC-2, 100-DR-1, 100-DR-2, 100-FR-1, 100-FR-2, 100-HR-1, 100-HR-2, 100-KR-1, 100-KR-2, 100-IU-2, 100-IU-6, and 200-CW-3 Operable Units, Hanford Site, Benton County, Washington (Remaining Sites ROD), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 10, Seattle, Washington. The selected action involved (1) evaluating the site using available process information and confirmatory sample data, (2) remediating the site, (3) demonstrating through verification sampling that cleanup goals have been achieved, and (4) proposing the site for reclassification as Interim Closed Out.*

Basis for reclassification:

In accordance with this evaluation, the verification sampling results support a reclassification of this site to Interim Closed Out. The current site conditions achieve the remedial action objectives and the corresponding remedial action goals established in the Remaining Sites ROD. The results of verification sampling show that residual contaminant concentrations do not preclude any future uses (as bounded by the rural-residential scenario) and allow for unrestricted use of shallow zone soils (i.e., surface to 4.6 m [15 ft] deep). The results also demonstrate that residual contaminant concentrations are protective of groundwater and the Columbia River. This site does not have a deep zone; therefore, no deep zone institutional controls are required. The basis for reclassification is described in detail in the *Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System* (attached).

Waste Site Controls:

Engineered Controls: Yes \square No \boxtimes Institutional Controls: Yes \square No \boxtimes O&M requirements: Yes \square No \boxtimes If any of the Waste Site Controls are checked Yes specify control requirements including reference to the Record of Decision, TSD Closure Letter, or other relevant documents.

K. D. Bazzell	22 And	4/26/2007
DOE Federal Project Director (printed)	Signature	Date
NA		
Ecology Project Manager (printed)	Signature	Date
R. A. Lobos		9-26-07
EPA Project Manager (printed)	Signature	Date

REMAINING SITES VERIFICATION PACKAGE FOR THE 1607-F3 SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

April 2007

REMAINING SITES VERIFICATION PACKAGE FOR THE 1607-F3 SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The site of the former 1607-F3 sanitary sewer system, part of the 100-FR-1 Operable Unit, was located approximately 180 m (600 ft) west of the 183-F Water Treatment Plant. The sewer system supported the 182-F Pump Station, the 183-F Water Treatment Plant, and the 151-F Substation from 1944 to 1965. The sanitary sewer system included a septic tank, drain field, and associated pipeline.

The 1607-F3 waste site was evaluated during the October 2004 confirmatory sampling efforts to determine if remedial action would be required at the site. The analytical results indicated elevated concentrations of metals, polychlorinated biphenyls, and pesticides exceeding cleanup criteria. Therefore, it was determined that the site required remedial action. Remediation of the 1607-F3 waste site was performed in September 2005 and consisted of the removal of the septic system, drain field, associated piping, and overburden material. Approximately 2,798 metric tons (3,085 US tons) of material was excavated, staged onsite, and subsequently disposed of at the Environmental Restoration Disposal Facility.

Following excavation of the 1607-F3 waste site, verification sampling was performed to determine if the remedial action was adequate to support site closure. Verification sampling of the excavation and staging area footprint was conducted in March 2006. The analytical results indicated the excavation contained residual arsenic and lead concentrations exceeding cleanup criteria. Additional remediation of the excavation was performed in December 2006 and consisted of the removal of an additional 3,791 metric tons (4,179 US tons) of material. A second set of verification samples was collected from the excavation and analyzed for arsenic and lead. The combined results of the two sampling events indicated that the waste removal action achieved compliance with the remedial action objectives and goals for the 1607-F3 waste site. A summary of the cleanup evaluation for the soil results against the applicable criteria is presented in Table ES-1. The results of the verification sampling are used to make reclassification decisions for the 1607-F3 site in accordance with the TPA-MP-14 (DOE-RL 2007) procedure.

In accordance with this evaluation, the verification sampling results support a reclassification of this site to Interim Closed Out. The current site conditions achieve the remedial action objectives and the corresponding remedial action goals established in the *Remedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area* (DOE-RL 2005b) and the *Interim Action Record of Decision for the 100-BC-1*, 100-BC-2, 100-DR-1, 100-DR-2, 100-FR-1, 100-FR-2, 100-HR-1, 100-HR-2, 100-KR-1, 100-KR-2, 100-IU-2, 100-IU-6, and 200-CW-3 Operable Units, Hanford Site, Benton County, Washington (Remaining Sites ROD) (EPA 1999). The results of verification sampling show that residual contaminant concentrations do not preclude any future uses (as bounded by the rural-residential scenario) and allow for unrestricted use of shallow-zone soils (i.e., surface to 4.6 m [15 ft] deep). The results also demonstrate that residual contaminant concentrations are protective of groundwater and the Columbia River. This site does not have a deep zone; therefore, no deep zone institutional controls are required.

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

ES-1

Regulatory Requirement	Remedial Action Goals	Results	Remedial Action Objectives Attained?
Direct Exposure Radionuclides	Attain 15 mrem/yr dose rate above background over 1,000 years.	Residual concentrations of radionuclide COCs and COPCs were detected below statistical background levels.	Yes
Direct Exposure Nonradionuclides	Attain individual COC/COPC RAGs.	All individual COC/COPC concentrations are below the direct exposure criteria.	Yes
Risk Requirements – Nonradionuclides	Attain a hazard quotient of <1 for all individual noncarcinogens.	All individual hazard quotients are <1.	
	Attain a cumulative hazard quotient of <1 for noncarcinogens.	The cumulative hazard quotient (9.5 x 10^{-2}) is <1.	
	Attain an excess cancer risk of $<1 \times 10^{-6}$ for individual carcinogens.	The excess cancer risk values for individual carcinogens are $<1 \times 10^{-6}$.	Yes
	Attain a total excess cancer risk of $<1 \times 10^{-5}$ for carcinogens.	The total excess cancer risk value (2.8×10^{-7}) is <1 x 10^{-5} .	
Groundwater/River Protection – Radionuclides	Attain single COC/COPC groundwater and river protection RAGs.		
	Attain national primary drinking water regulations: ^a 4 mrem/yr (beta/gamma) dose rate to target receptor/organs.	Residual concentrations of radionuclides	
	Meet drinking water standards for alpha emitters: the more stringent of 15 pCi/L MCL or 1/25th of the derived concentration guide from DOE Order 5400.5. ^b	were detected below statistical background levels.	Yes
	Meet total uranium standard of 21.2 pCi/L.°		
Groundwater/River Protection – Nonradionuclides	Attain individual nonradionuclide groundwater and river cleanup requirements.	The selenium and lead concentrations (4.2 and 29 mg/kg, respectively) are above the groundwater and river protection RAGs. However, RESRAD modeling predicts these constituents will not reach groundwater (and, therefore, the Columbia River) within 1,000 years. ^d	Yes

Table ES-1. Summary of Remedial Action Goals for the 1607-F3 Site.

^a "National Primary Drinking Water Regulations" (40 Code of Federal Regulations 141).

^b Radiation Protection of the Public and Environment (DOE Order 5400.5).

^c Based on the isotopic distribution of uranium in the 100 Areas, the 30 μg/L MCL corresponds to 21.2 pCi/L. Concentration-to-activity calculations are documented in *Calculation of Total Uranium Activity Corresponding to a Maximum Contaminant Level for Total Uranium of 30 Micrograms per Liter in Groundwater* (BHI 2001b).

^d Based on the *100 Area Analogous Sites RESRAD Calculations* (BHI 2005), selenium and lead are not predicted to migrate more than 1 m (3.3 ft) vertically in 1,000 years. The vadose zone underlying the remediation footprint is approximately 6 m (20 ft) thick, based on nearby borehole 199-F7-2.

COC = contaminant of concern

COPC = contaminant of potential concern

MCL = maximum contaminant level

RAG = remedial action goal

RESRAD = RESidual RADioactivity (dose model)

Soil cleanup levels were established in the Remaining Sites ROD based on a limited ecological risk assessment. Although not required by the Remaining Sites ROD, a comparison against ecological risk screening levels has been made for the site contaminants of concern, contaminants of potential concern, and other constituents. Screening levels were not exceeded for the site constituents, with the exception of arsenic, cadmium, lead, selenium, and vanadium. Exceedance of screening values does not necessarily indicate the existence of risk to ecological receptors. It is believed that the presence of these constituents does not pose a risk to ecological receptors because concentrations of cadmium and vanadium are within the range of Hanford Site background levels, and selenium concentrations are consistent with those seen elsewhere at the Hanford Site. The presence of soil screening values by arsenic, lead, and selenium concentrations at the site will be evaluated in the context of additional lines of evidence for ecological effects. A baseline risk assessment for the river corridor portion of the Hanford Site began in 2004, which includes a more complete quantitative ecological risk assessment. That baseline risk assessment will be used to support the final closeout decision for this site.

REMAINING SITES VERIFICATION PACKAGE FOR THE 1607-F3 SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM

STATEMENT OF PROTECTIVENESS

This report demonstrates that the 1607-F3 waste site meets the objectives for interim closure as established in the *Remedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area* (RDR/RAWP) (DOE-RL 2005b) and the *Interim Action Record of Decision for the 100-BC-1, 100-BC-2, 100-DR-1, 100-DR-2, 100-FR-1, 100-FR-2, 100-HR-1, 100-HR-2, 100-KR-1, 100-KR-2, 100-IU-2, 100-IU-6, and 200-CW-3 Operable Units, Hanford Site, Benton County, Washington* (Remaining Sites ROD) (EPA 1999). The results of verification sampling show that residual contaminant concentrations do not preclude any future uses (as bounded by the rural-residential scenario) and allow for unrestricted use of shallow zone soils (i.e., surface to 4.6 m [15 ft] deep). The results also demonstrate that residual contaminant concentrations are protective of groundwater and the Columbia River. This site does not have a deep zone; therefore, no deep zone institutional controls are required.

GENERAL SITE INFORMATION AND BACKGROUND

The 1607-F3 waste site is located in the 100-FR-1 Operable Unit of the Hanford Site. The Waste Information Data System describes the 1607-F3 sanitary sewer system as a septic tank, drain field, and associated pipeline that were used from 1944 to 1965. The sewer system was located approximately 183 m (600 ft) west of the 183-F Water Treatment Plant (Figure 1). The septic system serviced the 182-F Pump Station, 183-F Water Treatment Plant, and 151-F Substation.

The tank was constructed of reinforced concrete, and the walls and floor were 25 cm (10 in.) thick. The tank dimensions were 1.8 by 4.6 by 4.0 m (6 by 15 by 13 ft) deep (BHI 2004a), and the top roughly at grade. The septic tank had a capacity of 5,432 L (1,435 gal) and could support 41 people assuming an input of 132 L (35 gal) per capita per day and a 1-day retention period.

The drain field was about 40 m (131 ft) west of the septic tank. The drain field consisted of 64.9 m (213 ft) of 20.3-cm (8-in.)-diameter vitrified clay pipe that branched into two linear sections of 20.3-cm (8-in.)-diameter vitrified clay pipe 33.2 m (109 ft) long and one linear section of 15.2-cm (6-in.)-diameter vitrified clay pipe 33.2 m (109 ft) long (GE no date).

CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

The 1607-F3 waste site was evaluated during the October 2004 confirmatory sampling efforts to determine if remedial action would be required. Based on visual observations, the geophysical survey information, and the results of confirmatory sampling, a decision was made that remedial action at the site was necessary. The following subsections provide additional discussion of the information used to develop the confirmatory sampling design. The results of the confirmatory sampling are also summarized to provide support for development of the remedial action strategy and verification sample design.

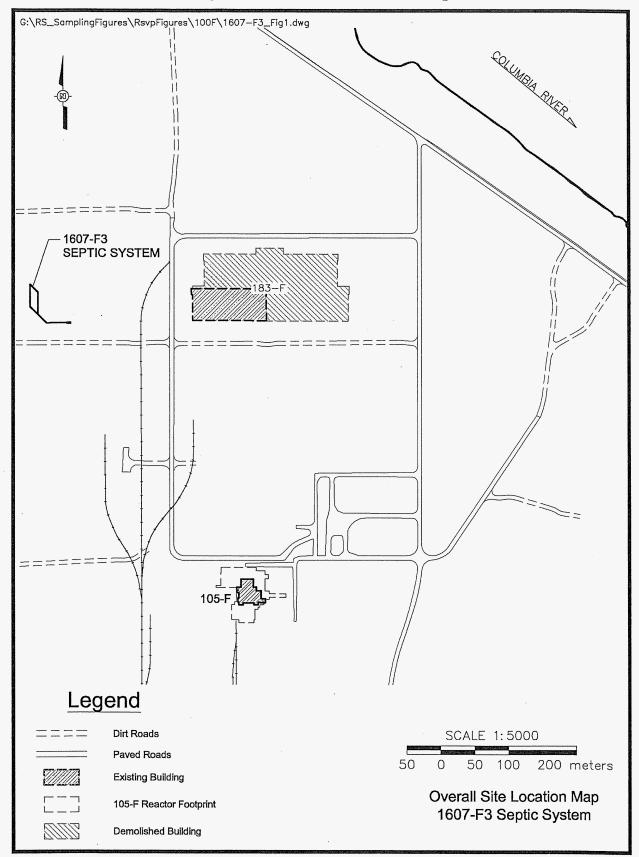


Figure 1. 1607-F3 Site Location Map.

Geophysical Investigation

A geophysical survey was performed at the 1607-F3 waste site in April 2004 using electromagnetic induction and magnetic total field and gradient (magnetometer) instrumentation (BHI 2004c). The survey identified surface features and subsurface anomalies consistent with the documented location of the septic tank but not the drain field. The geophysical survey results are shown on Figure 2 and were used to assist in identifying areas for further investigation by confirmatory sampling.

Contaminants of Potential Concern for Confirmatory Sampling

Contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) were identified based on existing analytical data and historical process information associated with the 1607-F3 site. The COPCs were pesticides, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), arsenic, barium, cadmium, total chromium, lead, selenium, silver, mercury, and semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) (BHI 2004d). Additionally, *100-F Reactor Area Underground Pipeline Historical Information Summary* (BHI 2001a) stated that undetermined radionuclides could be present at this site. Therefore, gamma energy analysis and gross alpha and gross beta analyses were added to verify the presence or absence of radionuclides.

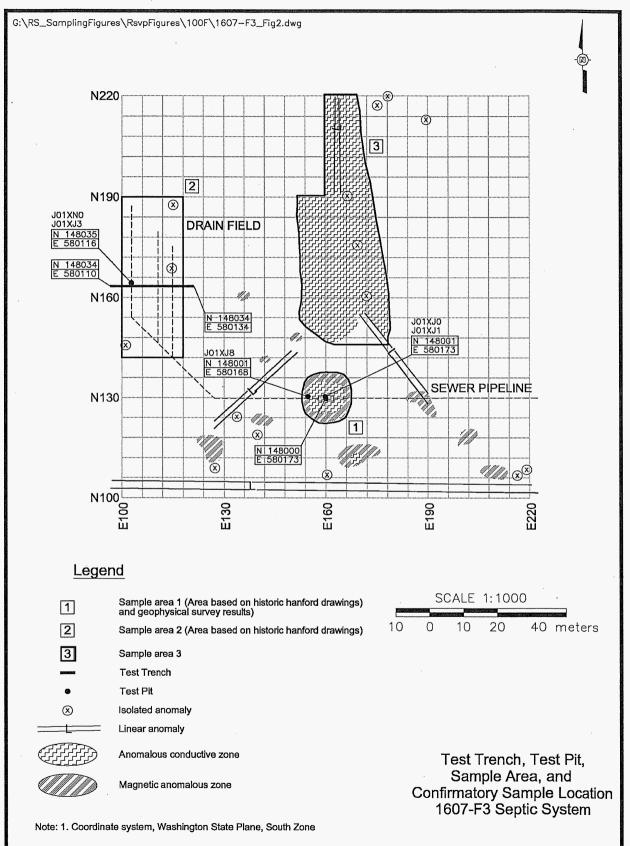
Confirmatory Sample Design

Historical data, process knowledge, and geophysical survey results were used to develop a site-specific confirmatory sample design (BHI 2004d) with focused sampling in three areas (Figure 2) as follows:

- Area 1: Subsurface geophysical anomaly thought to be the probable location of the septic tank
- Area 2: Area northwest of the probable septic tank location based on Hanford-era engineering drawing (GE no date) coordinates thought to be the location of the septic drain field
- Area 3: Subsurface geophysical anomaly area, north of area 1, thought to be an alternate location of the septic drain field.

Excavation and confirmatory sampling was performed in October 2004, as described in the sampler's field logbooks (BHI 2004a, 2004b). During field activities, the septic tank and drain field were found to be located in Areas 1 and 2, respectively; therefore, no trenching or sampling was performed in Area 3, in accordance with the sample design (BHI 2004d). The geophysical anomaly that was not part of the septic system (Area 3) was not investigated at this time but later submitted for further evaluation as a possible discovery site (Feist 2005b) and is not addressed further in this report.

Confirmatory sampling in Area 1, the septic tank area, consisted of collecting a soil sample (and duplicate) from beneath the tank because the tank could not be breached. A sample was also collected of the septic tank drain pipe because it did not contain any sediment. Sampling in Area 2, the drain field area, consisted of collecting a soil sample under the drain field pipe and a sediment sample from inside the pipe. Field screening for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) was not performed during part of the sampling of this site. Therefore, volatile organic analysis (VOA) was performed on the samples that were taken with no organic vapor monitor (OVM) field screening. Total petroleum hydrocarbon and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon analyses were not performed because no stained soil or evidence of





burned areas were observed during excavation. No building materials or industrial components suspected to contain asbestos were observed during field activities. Therefore, asbestos was also excluded as a COPC.

A summary of the samples collected and the laboratory analyses performed is provided in Table 1. Figure 2 identifies the sample locations.

Sample Location	Sample Media	Sample Number	Coordinate Locations	Depth (m bgs)	Sample Analysis
Area 1: septic	Soil under tank	J01XJ0	N 148001 E 580173	4	VOA, pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, SVOA, gross alpha, gross beta, and GEA
tank	VCP	J01XJ8	N 148001 E 580168 2		VOA, pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, SVOA, gross alpha, gross beta, and GEA
Area 2: drain	VCP sediment	J01XN0	N 148035	1	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, SVOA, gross alpha, gross beta, and GEA
field	Soil under VCP	J01XJ3	E 580116	1	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, SVOA, gross alpha, gross beta, and GEA
Equipment blank	Silica sand	J01XJ2	NA	NA	GEA, ICP metals, mercury, PCBs, SVOA, pesticides
Duplicate of J01XJ0	Soil under tank	J01XJ1	N 148001 E 580173	4	VOA, pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, SVOA, gross alpha, gross beta, and GEA

 Table 1. Confirmatory Sample Summary for the 1607-F3 Septic System.

Source: Field Logbooks EL-1578-2, and EL-1578-3 (BHI 2004a, 2004b).

bgs = below ground surface

GEA = gamma energy analysis

SVOA = emivolatile organic analysis

VCP = Vitrified clay pipe

VOA = volatile organic analysis

ICP = inductively coupled plasma NA = not applicable

PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl

Confirmatory Sample Results

Confirmatory samples were analyzed using analytical methods approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the results were compared against the cleanup criteria specified in the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b). The results are stored in the Environmental Restoration (ENRE) project-specific database prior to being provided to the Hanford Environmental Information System (HEIS) and are included in Appendix A of this document.

Analytical results of the samples collected from the 1607-F3 site indicated that contaminant concentrations of arsenic, lead, aroclor-1260, and multiple pesticides failed the direct exposure remedial action goals (RAGs). In addition, numerous metals, pesticides, and other organics (VOCs, PCBs, and SVOCs) were detected above the soil RAGs for the protection of groundwater and the Columbia River. Cesium-137 and europium-152 were the only radionuclides detected at the 1607-F3 waste site; however, they were not detected at concentrations exceeding the dose-equivalence lookup values.

Based on the results of this confirmatory sampling, it was determined that remedial action was necessary at the site due to numerous contaminant concentrations exceeding the cleanup criteria (Feist 2005a).

REMEDIAL ACTION SUMMARY

Remediation of the 1607-F3 sanitary sewer system waste site was performed in September 2005 and consisted of the removal of the septic tank, drain field, associated piping, and overburden material. Approximately 2,798 metric tons (3,085 US tons) of material was excavated, staged onsite, and subsequently disposed of at the Environmental Restoration Disposal Facility (ERDF). The depth of the excavation was approximately 4 m (13 ft) below ground surface for the septic tank and approximately 2 m (7 ft) below ground surface for the drain field and pipe corridor. The pre-excavation topographic survey for the 1607-F3 site is provided in Figure 3. The boundary of the extent of excavation is shown in Figure 4. Figures 5 and 6 are photographs of the open excavation after the removal of the septic tank and drain field.

Following excavation of the 1607-F3 waste site, verification sampling was performed in March 2006 in accordance with the *Work Instruction for Verification Sampling of the 1607-F3 Waste Site* (WCH 2006d). Analytical results from the verification soil samples indicated that the excavation contained residual arsenic and lead contamination. Arsenic and lead were detected at maximum concentrations of 38 mg/kg and 206 mg/kg, respectively. Only arsenic exceeded its direct exposure RAG (20 mg/kg).

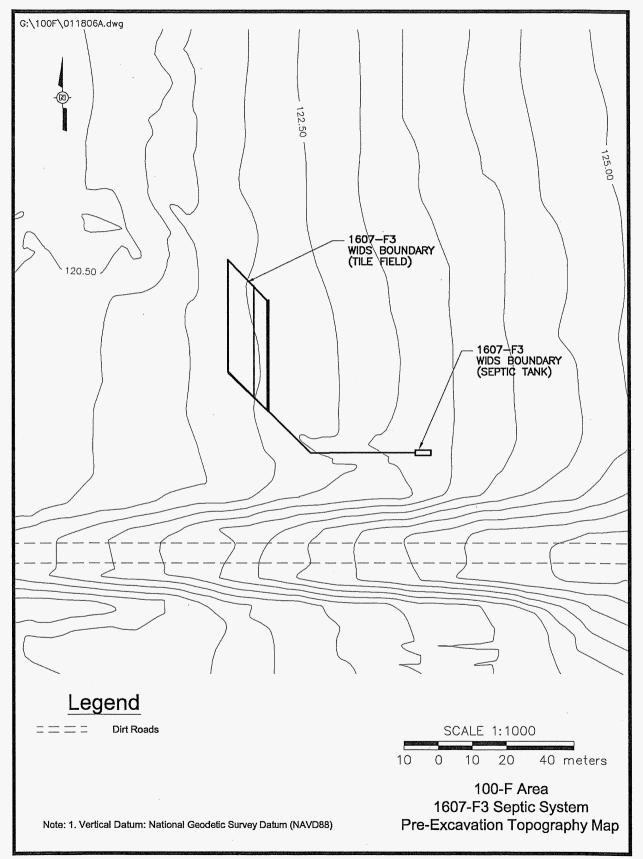
Additional remediation was performed in December 2006 and consisted of removing a total of 3,791 metric tons (4,179 US tons) of soil from the sidewalls and bottom of the excavation. Figure 7 shows the results of the radiological survey at the 1607-F3 site. A second set of verification samples were collected on December 18, 2006, and were analyzed for arsenic and lead to verify that the subsequent remediation efforts had successfully removed the contamination. Within this remaining sites verification package, Phase I verification sampling refers to the soil samples collected in March 2006, after completion of the initial remediation efforts. The Phase II verification sampling refers to the arsenic and lead sampling conducted in December 2006.

VERIFICATION SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

RAGs are the specific numeric goals against which the cleanup verification data are evaluated to demonstrate attainment of the remedial action objectives for the site. Verification sampling for the 1607-F3 waste site was performed in March 2006 (WCH 2006b) to collect data to determine if the RAGs had been met. Based on statistical evaluation of the resulting data, the residual contaminant concentrations meet the cleanup criteria specified in the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b) and the Remaining Sites ROD (EPA 1999). The following subsections provide additional discussion of the information used to develop the verification sampling design. The results of verification sampling are also summarized to support interim closure of the site.

Contaminants of Concern and Contaminants of Potential Concern

The results of confirmatory sampling were used to determine the contaminants of concern (COCs) and COPCs for verification sampling. The COCs include those constituents that were detected above direct exposure RAGs by confirmatory sampling. The COPCs include constituents that were detected above background levels and were further evaluated during verification sampling. The COCs/COPCs for site verification sampling are summarized in Table 2.





Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

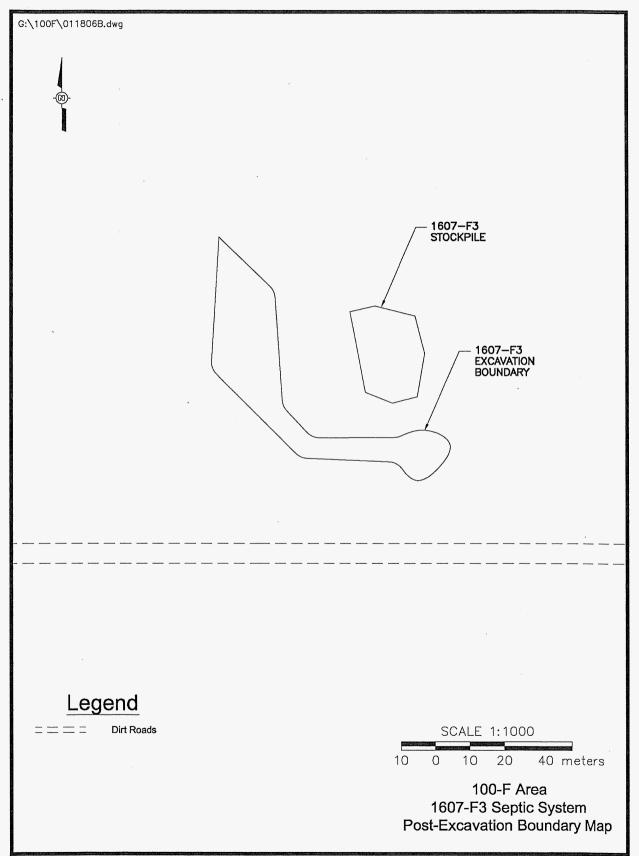


Figure 4. Excavation Boundary of the 1607-F3 Site.

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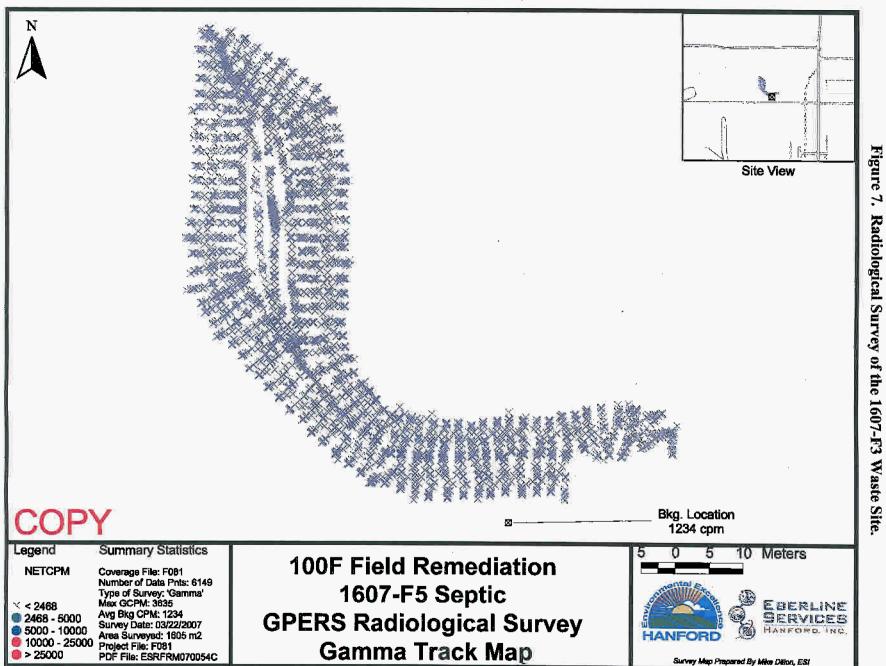
Figure 5. View Looking West at the Former 1607-F3 Septic Tank Site (Foreground) (taken February 14, 2007).

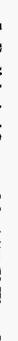


Figure 6. View Looking North/Northwest at the Former 1607-F3 Drain Field Site (taken February 14, 2007).



Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System





Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

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Metals ^a	Pesticides	Other				
Antimony ^b	Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane ^b	Europium-152° (Radionuclides)				
Arsenic ^b	Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene ^b	Cesium-137 ^c (Radionuclides)				
Barium ^b	Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane ^b	Arochlor-1260 ^b (PCBs)				
Boron ^{c,d}	Endrin keytone ^b	Methylene chloride (VOCs) ^c				
Cadmium ^b	Heptachlor ^b	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene ^b (SVOCs)				
Chromium ^b						
Copper ^b						
Lead ^b						
Silver ^b						
Zinc ^b						
Mercury ^b						

Table 2. Contaminants of Concern/Contaminants of Potential Concern forVerification Sampling of the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer Site.

Samples were analyzed for the expanded ICP metal list including antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, boron,

cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, lead, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, selenium, vanadium, silver, and zinc. ^b Contaminant detected in confirmatory soil samples greater than cleanup criteria.

^c Contaminant detected in confirmatory soil samples at concentration/activity greater than background but less than cleanup criteria.

^d Hanford Site-specific background value not available.

ICP = inductively coupled plasma

PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl

SVOC = semivolatile organic compound

VOC = volatile organic compound

Verification Sampling Design

This section describes the basis for selection of an appropriate sample design and determination of the number of verification samples that were collected. The post-excavation topographic survey was used to determine the boundaries of the 1607-F3 remedial action for the purpose of verification sampling. The 1607-F3 waste site was sampled in two phases as a result of the elevated levels of arsenic and lead detected during the first verification sampling event. Additional remediation did not significantly alter the Phase I remediation footprint; therefore, the existing post-excavation survey was used for the Phase II verification sampling. The first decision unit was delineated based on the surveyed limits of material removed (excavated area), and the second decision unit was composed of the footprint of the staging pile area. Phase I and Phase II verification sample designs are presented in Figures 8 and 9, respectively.

Verification Sampling Design – Excavated Area

The decision rule for demonstrating compliance with the cleanup criteria requires comparison of the true population mean, as estimated by the 95% upper confidence limit on the sample mean, with the cleanup level. A statistical sampling design is the preferred verification sampling approach for this site because the distribution of potential residual soil contamination over the site is uncertain. The Washington State Department of Ecology publication *Guidance on Sampling and Data Analysis Methods* (Ecology 1995) recommends that systematic sampling with sample locations distributed over the entire study area be used. This sampling approach is referred to by the Washington State Department of Ecology as "area-wide sampling."

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

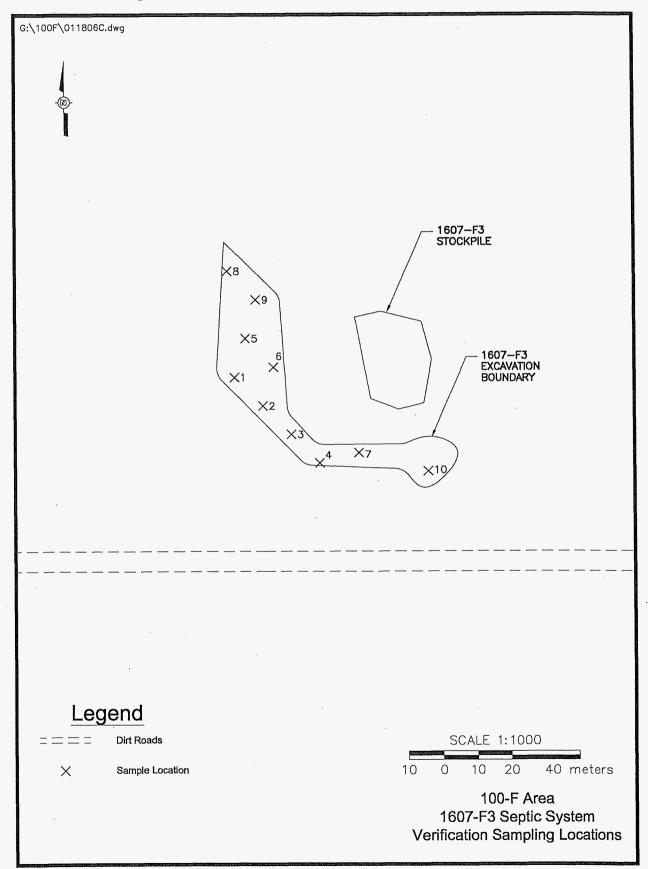


Figure 8. Verification Soil Sampling Locations (Phase I).

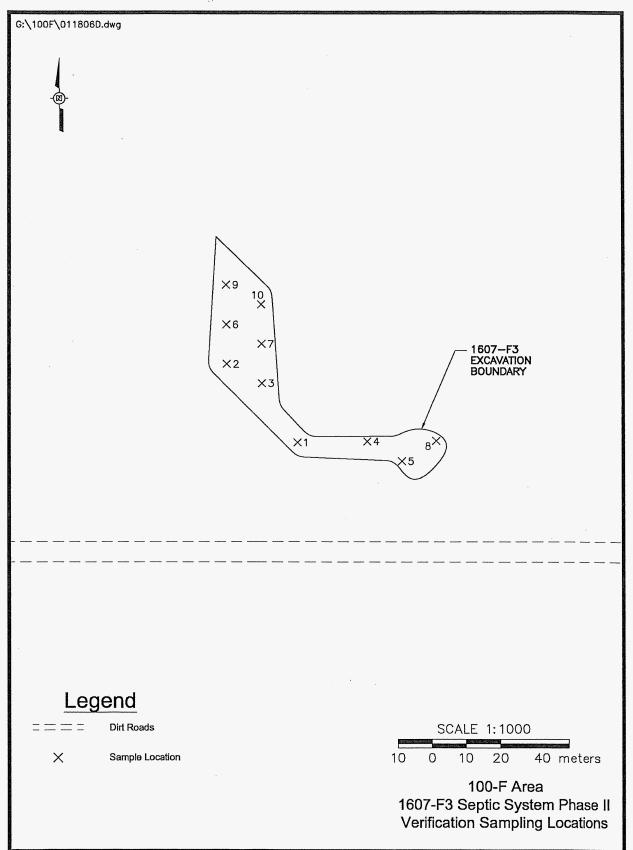


Figure 9. Verification Soil Sampling Locations (Phase II).

Visual Sample Plan¹ (VSP) was used as a tool to develop the statistical sampling design for both Phase I and Phase II verification sampling efforts. The remediation footprint (excavated area) was delineated in VSP and used as the basis for location of a random-start systematic grid for verification soil sample collection. A total of 10 soil samples were collected on this grid within the remediation footprint for each phase of verification sampling. A triangular grid was selected for this investigation based on studies that indicate triangular grids are superior to square grids (Gilbert 1987). Additional discussion of the development of the statistical verification sample designs is provided in the 1607-F3 verification work instruction (WCH 2006d).

Verification Sample Design – Staging Pile Area

Waste staged onsite during remedial activities consisted of soil and debris and was disposed of at ERDF. There was no potential for contaminant migration into soils underlying the former staging pile; therefore, a statistical sampling design was not warranted for the staging pile footprint and professional judgment was used to develop the sampling design. The sampling consisted of collecting 30 aliquots of soil distributed across the surface of the staging area footprint and combining into one sample for laboratory analysis.

Summaries of the samples collected for both verification sampling events and the analyses performed are presented in Tables 3 and 4. The soil sample locations were surveyed and staked prior to sample collection. All sampling was performed in accordance with ENV-1, *Environmental Monitoring & Management*, to fulfill the requirements of the SAP (DOE-RL 2005a).

Sample	Sample Number	Coordinate Locations (Washington State Plane)	Sample Analysis		
Excavated area, location 1	J11JN8	N 148025.0 E 580117.0	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Duplicate of location 1	J11JP8	N 148025.0 E 580117.0	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Excavated area, location 2	J11JN9	N 148016.5 E 580125.4	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Excavated area, location 3	J11JP0	N 148008.0 E 580133.7	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Excavated area, location 4	J11JP1	N 147999.6 E 580142.1	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Excavated area, location 5	J11JP2	N 148036.4 E 580120.2	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Excavated area, location 6	J11JP3	N 148027.9 E 580128.5	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		
Excavated area, location 7	J11JP4	N 148002.6 E 580153.6	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA		

Table 3. Verification Sample Summary for the 1607-F3 Phase I Sampling. (2 Pages)

¹ Visual Sample Plan is a site map-based user-interface program that may be downloaded at http://dqo.pnl.gov.

Sample	Sample Number	Coordinate Locations (Washington State Plane)	Sample Analysis
Excavated area, location 8	J11JP5	N 148056.3 E 580115.0	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA
Excavated area, location 9	J11JP6	N 148047.8 E 580123.3	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA
Excavated area, location 10	J11JP7	N 147997.2 E 580173.4	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA
Staging pile footprint	J11L17	N 148031 E 580164 (approximate center)	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA
Equipment blank	J11JN7	NA	Pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, mercury, VOA, SVOA, GEA

Table 3. Verification Sample Summary for the 1607-F3 Phase I Sampling. (2 Pages)

Source: Field Logbooks EFL-1174-1, and EFL-11174-2 (WCH 2006b, WCH 2006c).

GEA = gamma spectroscopy

ICP = inductively coupled plasma

NA = not applicable

PCB = polychlorinated biphenyl

SVOA = semivolatile organic analysis

VOA = volatile organic analysis

Table 4. Verification Sample Summary for the 160'	7-F3 Phase II
Sampling. (2 Pages)	

Sample	Sample Number	Coordinate Locations (Washington State Plane)	Sample Analysis
Excavated area, location 1	J13W53	N 148003.3 E 580137.9	Arsenic and lead
Excavated area, location 2	J13W51	N 148026.8 E 580117.2	Arsenic and lead
Excavated area, location 3	J13W52	N 148021.0 E 580127.5	Arsenic and lead
Excavated area, location 4	J13W54	N 148003.6 E 580158.4	Arsenic and lead
Excavated area, location 5	J13W55	N 147997.7 E 580168.7	Arsenic and lead
Excavated area, location 6	J13W48	N 148038.6 E 580117.1	Arsenic and lead
Duplicate of location 6	J13W49	N 148038.6 E 580117.1	Arsenic and lead
Excavated area, location 7	J13W50	N 148032.8 E 580127.4	Arsenic and lead

Sample	Sample Number	Coordinate Locations (Washington State Plane)	Sample Analysis	
Excavated area, location 8	J13W56	N 148003.8 E 580178.9	Arsenic and lead	
Excavated area, location 9	J13W46	N 148050.5 E 580117.0	Arsenic and lead	
Excavated area, location 10	J13W47	N 148044.6 E 580127.3	Arsenic and lead	

Table 4. Verification Sample Summary for the 1607-F3 Phase IISampling. (2 Pages)

Source: Field Logbooks EFL-1174-1, and EFL-1174-2 (WCH 2006b, WCH 2006c).

Verification Sampling Results

Verification samples were analyzed using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved analytical methods. The 95% upper confidence limit on the true population mean for residual concentrations of COCs and COPCs was calculated for the excavation area as specified by the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b), with calculations provided in Appendix B. When a nonradionuclide COC or COPC was detected in fewer than 50% of the verification samples collected, the maximum detected value was used for comparison against the RAGs. If no detections for a given COC/COPC were reported in the data set, then no statistical evaluation or calculations were performed for that COC/COPC. Evaluation of the verification data from the staging pile footprint was performed by direct comparison of the sample result for each COC/COPC against cleanup criteria.

Comparisons of the statistical and maximum results for COCs and COPCs with the site RAGs for the excavation area and the staging pile footprint are summarized in Tables 4a and 4b, respectively. Contaminants that were not detected by laboratory analysis are excluded from these tables. Calculated cleanup levels are not presented in the *Cleanup Levels and Risk Calculations Database* (Ecology 2005) under *Washington Administrative Code* (WAC) 173-340-740(3) for aluminum, calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium, silicon, and sodium; therefore, these constituents are not considered site COPCs. Potassium-40, radium-226, radium-228, thorium-228, and thorium-232 were detected in samples collected at the site, but are not considered within statistical calculations or Tables 4a and 4b, as these isotopes are not related to the operational history of the site and were detected below background levels (based on an assumption of secular equilibrium, the background activities for radium-228 and thorium-228 are equal to the statistical background activity of 1.32 pCi/g for thorium-232 provided in DOE-RL [1996]). The laboratory-reported data results for all constituents are stored in the ENRE project-specific database prior to archival in HEIS and are presented in Appendix B.

Table 4a. Comparison of Maximum or Statistical Contaminant Concentrations to ActionLevels for the 1607-F3 Excavation Area Verification Sampling Event. (2 Pages)

		Generi	c Site Lookup Valu	ies ^a (pCi/g)	Does the	Does the
COC/COPC	Statistical Result (pCi/g)	Shallow Zone Lookup Value ^b	Groundwater Protection Lookup Value	River Protection Lookup Value	Statistical Result Exceed Lookup Values?	Statistical Result Pass RESRAD Modeling?
Cesium-137	0.067 (<bg)< td=""><td>6.2</td><td>1,465</td><td>1,465</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	6.2	1,465	1,465	No	
		Rem	edial Action Goals	" (mg/kg)	Does the	Does the
COC/COPC	Maximum or Statistical Result (mg/kg)	Direct Exposure	Soil Cleanup Level for Groundwater Protection	Soil Cleanup Level for River Protection	Maximum or Statistical Result Exceed RAGs?	Statistical Result Pass RESRAD Modeling?
Arsenic	8.2°	20 ^d	20 ^d	20 ^d	No	
Barium	73.3 (<bg)< td=""><td>5,600^e</td><td>132^{f,g}</td><td>224^h</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	5,600 ^e	132 ^{f,g}	224 ^h	No	
Beryllium	0.26 (<bg)< td=""><td>10.4ⁱ</td><td>1.51^g</td><td>1.51^g</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	10.4 ⁱ	1.51 ^g	1.51 ^g	No	
Boron ^j	0.38	16,000	320	^k	No	
Cadmium ¹	0.46 (<bg)< td=""><td>13.9</td><td>0.81^g</td><td>0.81^g</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	13.9	0.81 ^g	0.81 ^g	No	
Chromium (total)	9.6 (<bg)< td=""><td>80,000^e</td><td>18.5^g</td><td>18.5^g</td><td>No</td><td>······································</td></bg)<>	80,000 ^e	18.5 ^g	18.5 ^g	No	······································
Cobalt	6.0 (<bg)< td=""><td>1,600</td><td>32</td><td>k</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	1,600	32	k	No	
Copper	13.2 (<bg)< td=""><td>2,960</td><td>59.2</td><td>22.0^g</td><td>No</td><td>· ·</td></bg)<>	2,960	59.2	22.0 ^g	No	· ·
Lead	29°	353	10.2 ^g	10.2 ^g	Yes	Yes ^m
Manganese	275 (<bg)< td=""><td>11,200</td><td>512^g</td><td>512^g</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	11,200	512 ^g	512 ^g	No	
Mercury	0.04 (<bg)< td=""><td>24</td><td>0.33^g</td><td>0.33^g</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	24	0.33 ^g	0.33 ^g	No	
Nickel	10.2 (<bg)< td=""><td>1,600</td><td>19.1^g</td><td>27.4</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	1,600	19.1 ^g	27.4	No	
Selenium ¹	4.2	400	5	1	Yes	Yes ^m
Vanadium	34.1 (<bg)< td=""><td>560</td><td>85.1^g</td><td>^k</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	560	85.1 ^g	^k	No	
Zinc	41.9 (<bg)< td=""><td>24,000</td><td>480</td><td>67.8^g</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	24,000	480	67.8 ^g	No	
Aroclor-1260	0.0035	0.5	0.017 ⁿ	0.017 ⁿ	No	
alpha-Chlordane	0.0010	0.769	0.02 ⁿ	0.02 ⁿ	No	
gamma-Chlordane	0.0026	0.769	0.02 ⁿ	0.02 ⁿ	No	
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.033	0.33 ⁿ	0.33 ⁿ	0.33 ⁿ	No	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene°	0.023	2,400	48	192	No	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.029	13.7 ^p	0.33 ⁿ	0.33 ⁿ	No	
Chrysene	0.022	137 ^p	1.2 ^p	0.33 ⁿ	No	
Di-n-butylphthalate	0.025	8,000	160	540	No	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	0.022	1.37	0.33 ⁿ	0.33 ⁿ	No	
Ethylbenzene	0.002	8,000	70	620	No	

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Table 4a. Comparison of Maximum or Statistical Contaminant Concentrations to Action Levels for the 1607-F3 Excavation Area Verification Sampling Event. (2 Pages)

	. ,	Reme	edial Action Goals ⁴	Does the	Does the	
COC/COPC	Statistical Result (mg/kg)	Direct Exposure	Soil Cleanup Level for Groundwater Protection	Soil Cleanup Level for River Protection	Statistical Result Exceed RAGs?	Statistical Result Pass RESRAD Modeling?
Methylene chloride	0.043	133	0.5	0.94	No	
Tetrachloroethene	0.002	1.85	0.0081	0.039	No	
Toluene	0.001	6,400	64	1,360	No	
Xylenes (total)	0.006 ^q	16,000	160	^k	No	

Lookup values and RAGs obtained from the Remedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP) (DOE-RL 2005b) or calculated per WAC-173-340-720, 173-340-730, and 173-340-740, Method B, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

ь Activity corresponding to a single-radionuclide 15 mrem/yr exposure as calculated using the RESRAD model (DOE-RL 2005b).

с Result based on Phase II verification sampling.

d The cleanup value of 20 mg/kg has been agreed to by Tri-Party project managers. The basis for 20 mg/kg is provided in Section 2.1.2.1 of DOE-RL (2005b).

e Noncarcinogenic cleanup level calculated from WAC 173-340-740(3), 1996 (Method B for soils) (as presented in the RDR/RAWP [DOE-RL 2005b]). Updated oral reference dose values (as provided in the Integrated Risk Information System) yield Method B direct exposure RAG values of 16,000 mg/kg and 120,000 mg/kg for barium and chromium, respectively.

f Barium soil cleanup level for groundwater protection calculated from WAC 173-340-740(3)(a)(ii)(A), 1996 ("100 times rule") and WAC 173-340-720(3), 1996 (Method B for groundwater) is 112 mg/kg (as presented in the RDR/RAWP [DOE-RL 2005b]). The updated oral reference dose value (as provided in the Integrated Risk Information System) yields a Method B groundwater cleanup criteria of 7 mg/L, as compared to the more restrictive maximum contaminant level of 2 mg/L (40 Code of Federal Regulations 141). Per WAC 173-340-740(3)(a)(ii)(A), 1996 ("100 times rule"), the most restrictive updated soil cleanup level for groundwater protection would be 200 mg/kg.

Where cleanup levels are less than background, cleanup levels default to background (WAC 173-340-700[4][d]) (1996).

Barium soil cleanup level for river protection calculated from WAC 173-340-740(3)(a)(ii)(A), 1996 ("100 times rule"), a dilution attenuation factor of 2, and WAC 173-340-720(3), 1996 (Method B for groundwater) is 224 mg/kg (as presented in the RDR/RAWP [DOE-RL 2005b]). No surface water bioconcentration factor is available for barium and no ambient water quality criteria value exists: therefore no WAC 173-340-730(3), 1996 (Method B for surface waters) value can be determined.

Carcinogenic cleanup level calculated based on the inhalation exposure pathway per WAC 173-340-750[3], 1996 (Method B for air quality) and an airborne particulate mass loading rate of 0.0001 g/m³ (WDOH 1997).

j No Hanford Site-specific or Washington State background value available.

No cleanup level is available from the Cleanup Levels and Risk Calculations Database (Ecology 2005), and no bioconcentration factor or ambient water quality criteria values are available to calculate cleanup levels (WAC 173-340-730(3)(a)(iii), 1996 [Method B for surface waters]).

1 Hanford Site-specific background value is not available; not evaluated during background study. Value used is from Natural Background Soil Metals Concentrations in Washington State (Ecology 1994).

m Based on the 100 Area Analogous Sites RESRAD Calculations (BHI 2005), lead and selenium are not expected to migrate more than 1 m (3.3 ft) vertically in 1,000 years. The vadose zone underlying the remediation footprint is approximately 6 m (20 ft) thick, based on nearby borehole 199-F7-2.

Where cleanup levels are less than the RDL, cleanup levels default to the RDL (WAC 173-340-707[2], 1996 and DOE-RL 2005b).

Toxicity data for benzo(g,h,i)perylene are not available. RAGs are based on the surrogate chemical pyrene.

Value listed in the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b) is based on the use of benzo(a)pyrene as a surrogate. Compound-specific carcinogenic cleanup level calculated per WAC 173-340-740(3), 1996 (Method B for soils) using the Oak Ridge National Laboratory oral cancer potency factor.

Analytical laboratory also quantitated m&p-xylene (0.004 mg/kg) and o-xylene (0.002 mg/kg). RAG evaluation is performed based on the most restrictive available toxicity data (total xylenes).

	= not applicable	RAG	= remedial action goal
BG	= background	RESRAD	= RESidual RADioactivity (dose assessment model)

COC	= contaminant of o	concern	RDL	= required detection limit
COPC	= contaminant of	ootential concern	WAC	= Washington Administrati

l concern WAC	= Washington A	Administrative	Codè
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		Rem	edial Action Goals	Does the	Does the			
COC/COPC	Maximum Result (mg/kg)	Direct Exposure	Soil Cleanup Level for Groundwater Protection	Soil Cleanup Level for River Protection	Maximum Result Exceed RAGs?	Maximum Result Pass RESRAD Modeling?		
Arsenic 12.1 20 ^b		20 ^b	20 ^b	20 ^b	No			
Barium	60.2 (<bg)< td=""><td>5,600°</td><td>132^{d,e}</td><td>224^f</td><td>No</td><td colspan="2"></td></bg)<>	5,600°	132 ^{d,e}	224 ^f	No			
Beryllium	0.02 (<bg)< td=""><td>10.4^g</td><td>1.51^e</td><td>1.51°</td><td>No</td><td colspan="2"></td></bg)<>	10.4 ^g	1.51 ^e	1.51°	No			
Boron ^h	1.7	16,000	320	i	No			
Cadmium ^j	0.27 (<bg)< td=""><td>13.9</td><td>0.81^e</td><td>0.81^e</td><td>No</td><td colspan="2"></td></bg)<>	13.9	0.81 ^e	0.81 ^e	No			
Chromium (total)	9.4 (<bg)< td=""><td>.80,000°</td><td>18.5^e</td><td>18.5^e</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	.80,000°	18.5 ^e	18.5 ^e	No			
Cobalt	5.2 (<bg)< td=""><td>1,600</td><td>32</td><td>i</td><td>No</td><td colspan="2"></td></bg)<>	1,600	32	i	No			
Copper	14.5 (<bg)< td=""><td>2,960</td><td>59.2</td><td>22.0ⁱ</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	2,960	59.2	22.0 ⁱ	No			
Lead	54.9	353	10.2 ^e	10.2 ^e	Yes	Yes ^k		
Manganese	255 (<bg)< td=""><td>11,200</td><td>512^e</td><td>512°</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	11,200	512 ^e	512°	No			
Mercury	0.03 (<bg)< td=""><td>24</td><td>0.33°</td><td>0.33^e</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	24	0.33°	0.33 ^e	No			
Nickel	.9.6 (<bg)< td=""><td>1,600</td><td>19.1°</td><td>27.4</td><td>No</td><td colspan="2"></td></bg)<>	1,600	19.1°	27.4	No			
Vanadium	28.2 (<bg)< td=""><td>560</td><td>85.1°</td><td>ⁱ</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	560	85.1°	ⁱ	No			
Zinc	38.4 (<bg)< td=""><td>24,000</td><td>480</td><td>67.8^e</td><td>No</td><td></td></bg)<>	24,000	480	67.8 ^e	No			
4,4'-DDE	0.00049	2.94	0.0257	0.005 ¹	No			
4,4'-DDT	0.00035	2.94	0.0257	0.005 ¹	No			
Acetone	0.005	72,000	720	ⁱ	No			
Aroclor-1254	0.0034	0.5	0.017 ¹	0.017 ¹	No			
Chloroform	0.001	164	0.72	1.14	No			
Di-n-butylphthalate	0.12	8,000	160	540	No			

Table 4b. Comparison of Maximum Contaminant Concentrations to Action Levelsfor the 1607-F3 Staging Pile Footprint Verification Sampling Event. (2 Pages)

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Table 4b. Comparison of Maximum Contaminant Concentrations to Action Levels for the 1607-F3 Staging Pile Footprint Verification Sampling Event. (2 Pages)

		Rem	edial Action Goals	Does the	Does the	
COC/COPC	Maximum Result (mg/kg)	Direct Exposure	Soil Cleanup Level for Groundwater Protection	Soil Cleanup Level for River Protection	Maximum Result Exceed RAGs?	Maximum Result Pass RESRAD Modeling?
gamma-Chlordane	0.00083	0.769	0.021	0.02 ¹	No	

Lookup values and RAGs obtained from the Remedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP) (DOE-RL 2005b) or calculated per WAC-173-340-720, 173-340-730, and 173-340-740, Method B, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

The cleanup value of 20 mg/kg has been agreed to by Tri-Party project managers. The basis for 20 mg/kg is provided in Section 2.1.2.1 of DOE-RL (2005b).

Noncarcinogenic cleanup level calculated from WAC 173-340-740(3), 1996 (Method B for soils) (as presented in the RDR/RAWP [DOE-RL 2005b]). Updated oral reference dose values (as provided in the Integrated Risk Information System) yield Method B direct exposure RAG values of 16,000 mg/kg and 120,000 mg/kg for barium and chromium, respectively,

- Barium soil cleanup level for groundwater protection calculated from WAC 173-340-740(3)(a)(ii)(A), 1996 ("100 times rule") and WAC 173-340-720(3), 1996 (Method B for groundwater) is 112 mg/kg (as presented in the RDR/RAWP [DOE-RL 2005b]). The updated oral reference dose value (as provided in the Integrated Risk Information System) yields a Method B groundwater cleanup criteria of 7 mg/L, as compared to the more restrictive maximum contaminant level of 2 mg/L (40 CFR 141). Per WAC 173-340-740(3)(a)(ii)(Å), 1996 ("100 times rule"), the most restrictive updated soil cleanup level for groundwater protection would be 200 mg/kg.
- Where cleanup levels are less than background, cleanup levels default to background (WAC 173-340-700[4][d]) (1996).

f Barium soil cleanup level for river protection calculated from WAC 173-340-740(3)(a)(ii)(A), 1996 ("100 times rule"), a dilution attenuation factor of 2, and WAC 173-340-720(3), 1996 (Method B for groundwater) is 224 mg/kg (as presented in the RDR/RAWP [DOE-RL 2005b]). No surface water bioconcentration factor is available for barium and no ambient water quality criteria value exists; therefore, no WAC 173-340-730(3), 1996 (Method B for surface waters) value can be determined.

Carcinogenic cleanup level calculated based on the inhalation exposure pathway per WAC 173-340-750[3], 1996 (Method B for air quality) and an airborne particulate mass loading rate of 0.0001 g/m³ (WDOH 1997).

No Hanford Site-specific or Washington State background value available.

No cleanup level is available from the Cleanup Levels and Risk Calculations Database (Ecology 2005), and no bioconcentration factor or ambient water quality criteria values are available to calculate cleanup levels (WAC 173-340-730(3)(a)(iii), 1996 [Method B for surface waters]).

- Hanford Site-specific background value is not available; not evaluated during background study. Value used is from Natural Background Soil Metals Concentrations in Washington State (Ecology 1994).
- Based on the 100 Area Analogous Sites RESRAD Calculations (BHI 2005), lead is not expected to migrate more than 1 m (3.3 ft) vertically in 1,000 years. The vadose zone underlying the remediation footprint is approximately 6 m (20 ft) thick, based on nearby borehole 199-F7-2.
- Where cleanup levels are less than the RDL, cleanup levels default to the RDL (WAC 173-340-707[2], 1996 and DOE-RL 2005b).
- = not applicable

- RAG = remedial action goal
- BG = background
- COC = contaminant of concern
- RESRAD = RESidual RADioactivity (dose assessment model) RDL

COPC = contaminant of potential concern

= required detection limit

WAC = Washington Administrative Code

DATA EVALUATION

Residual concentrations of lead and selenium within the 1607-F3 excavation area as well as lead in the staging pile footprint exceed the soil RAGs for the protection of groundwater and/or the Columbia River. Data were not collected on the vertical extent of residual contamination, but, given the soilpartitioning coefficient of lead (30 mL/g) and selenium (150 mL/g), RESRAD modeling (BHI 2005) predicts that these contaminants will not migrate more than 1 m (3.3 ft) vertically in 1,000 years. The vadose zone beneath the 1607-F3 excavation is approximately 6 m (20 ft) thick. Therefore, residual concentrations of lead and selenium are protective of groundwater. The only pathway for contamination to reach the Columbia River is via groundwater migration, so these contaminant concentrations are also

protective of river water. All other COCs/COPCs for the 1607-F3 waste site were either not detected or quantified below RAGs and lookup values.

Nonradionuclide risk requirements include a hazard quotient of less than 1.0 for all individual noncarcinogens, a cumulative hazard quotient of less than 1.0, an individual contaminant carcinogenic risk of less than 1 x 10^{-6} , and a cumulative excess carcinogenic risk of less than 1 x 10^{-5} . These risk values were conservatively calculated using the higher of the remediation footprint statistical value and the staging pile footprint maximum value for each constituent. Risk values were not calculated for constituents that were not detected or were detected at concentrations below Hanford Site or Washington State background values. All individual hazard quotients were less than 1 x 10^{-6} (Appendix C). The cumulative hazard quotient for the 1607-F3 waste site is 9.5 x 10^{-2} , and the cumulative excess carcinogenic risk value is 2.8 x 10^{-7} . Therefore, nonradionuclide risk requirements are met.

When using a statistical sampling approach, a RAG requirement for nonradionuclides is the WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) three-part test. The application of the three-part test for the 1607-F3 remediation footprint is included in the statistical calculations (Appendix B). The three-part test is not applicable to the staging pile footprint results because direct evaluation of nonstatistical sampling results was used as the compliance basis. All residual COC/COPC concentrations for the 1607-F3 remediation footprint pass the three-part test, except for lead, which fails the three-part test in comparison against soil RAGs for the protection of groundwater and the Columbia River. However, as described above, lead is not predicted to reach groundwater (and, thus, the Columbia River) within 1,000 years. Residual concentrations are, therefore, protective of groundwater and the Columbia River.

DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENT

A data quality assessment (DQA) review was performed to compare the confirmatory and verification sampling approaches and resulting analytical data with the sampling and data requirements specified by the project objectives and performance specifications. This review involves evaluation of the data to determine if they are of the right type, quality, and quantity to support the intended use (i.e., closeout decisions [EPA 2000]). The assessment review completes the data life cycle (i.e., planning, implementation, and assessment) that was initiated by the data quality objectives process.

This DQA review was performed in accordance with ENV-1, *Environmental Monitoring & Management*. Specific data quality objectives for the site are found in the *100 Area Remedial Action Sampling and Analysis Plan* (SAP) (DOE-RL 2005a). All samples were collected per the sample design. To ensure quality data sets, the SAP data assurance requirements, as well as the validation procedures for chemical and radiochemical analysis (BHI 2000a, 2000b), are followed where appropriate. Further details of both the confirmatory and verification DQAs are described below.

Confirmatory Sampling Data Quality Assessment

In the VOC analysis the common laboratory contaminant methylene chloride was found in the matrix spike (MS)/matrix spike duplicate (MSD) (where it was not spiked) and in all of the samples, all at similar levels, but was not found in the method blank (MB). All were at levels below the required detection limit. There was no impact on the sample data.

In the SVOC analyses, several issues were observed in the data. None of the issues impacted any of the positive results for SVOCs, and those results were useful for decision-making purposes. The method detection limits (MDLs) on the nondetects were not low enough to be useful for decision-making purposes. Therefore, SVOCs remained as COPCs for verification sampling at this site.

In the pesticide analyses, no quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC) information was generated for the analyte toxaphene. In some of the analyses, the pesticide data was reported with high MDLs. All pesticides remained as COPCs for verification sampling at this site.

In the PCB analyses, several issues were observed in the data. None of the issues impacted any of the positive results for PCBs and those results were useful for decision-making purposes. However, the MDLs on the nondetects were not low enough to be useful for decision-making purposes. Therefore, PCBs remained as COPCs for verification sampling at this site.

For the metals analyses, minor issues were observed in the MSs, laboratory duplicates, and MBs. However, none of these were significant problems, and there was no impact on the sample data.

Limited, random, or sample matrix-specific influenced batch QC issues such as these are a potential for any analysis. The number and types seen in these data sets were within expectations for the matrix types and analyses performed.

The DQA review for the 1607-F3 site found the confirmatory sampling results to be accurate within the standard errors associated with the methods, including sampling and sample handling. The DQA review for the 1607-F3 site concluded that the data are of the right type, quality, and quantity to support the intended use, except as noted above. Detection limits, precision, accuracy, and sampling data group completeness were assessed to determine if any analytical results should be rejected as a result of QA and QC deficiencies. All analytical data were found to be acceptable for decision-making purposes.

Verification Sampling Data Quality Assessment

A DQA was performed to compare the sampling approach and analytical data with the sampling and data requirements specified in the site-specific work instruction (WCH 2006d). A review of the verification work instruction, the field logbooks (WCH 2006b, 2006c), and applicable analytical data packages (WCH 2006a) was performed as part of this DQA.

Gross alpha and gross beta were inadvertently indicated in Table 3 (analytical methods) of the verification work instruction (WCH 2006d). In the confirmatory data set, the gross beta results were below the threshold level. However, the gross alpha results (20.8 pCi/g) were above the threshold level (15 pCi/g), which initiated further evaluation of the data set. Further evaluation of the confirmatory data showed that the gross alpha results were due to detections of thorium-228 and radium-226. Therefore, no further gross alpha or gross beta analysis was needed for this site. The data set is sufficient to support the intended use (to make closeout decisions regarding the COCs/COPCs indicated for the 1607-F3 site).

Data from verification samples collected at the 1607-F3 site were provided by the laboratory in sample delivery group (SDG) K0259, SDG K0262, and SDG K0320. No major deficiencies were found in the data. Minor deficiencies are presented in the following descriptions of the SDGs. Third-party validation of SDG K0259 and SDG K0262 is also presented in the following descriptions.

SDG K0259

SDG K0259 consists of 12 samples (J11JN7, J11JN8, J11JP8, J11JN9, J11JP0, J11JP1, J11JP2, J11JP3, J11JP4, J11JP5, J11JP6, J11JP7) analyzed for SVOCs, VOCs, pesticides, PCBs, metals by inductively coupled plasma (ICP) analysis, and radionuclides. Sample J11JN7 is the equipment blank. SVOCs and ICP metals analysis were performed on the equipment blank. Sample J11JP8 is a field duplicate of sample J11JN8.

SVOC Analysis

The common laboratory contaminant bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was found in the MB at concentrations below the contract required detection limit (CRDL). Due to the MB contamination, third-party validation raised all bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate results to the required quantitation limit (RQL) (660 mg/kg) and flagged them with a "U" as undetected. The data are useable for decision-making purposes.

Two of the 96 surrogate recoveries were outside of acceptance criteria, both in the MSD. The analysis of the associated MS sample fulfills the reanalysis requirement of the MSD. The data are useable for decision-making purposes.

The MS recoveries for 19 analytes were above the laboratory established acceptance criteria, ranging from 116% to 166%. There may have been a high bias in the field sample data for these analytes; however, the data are useable for decision-making purposes.

The MS recoveries for three analytes were below the laboratory-established acceptance criteria, ranging from 48% to 59%. The sample results for nitrobenzene, isophorone, and 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene are considered estimated, but are useable for decision-making purposes.

The MS and MSD recoveries for isophorone and 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene were below the acceptance criteria. Third-party validation qualified the isophorone and 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene results as estimates with "J" flags.

The laboratory control sample (LCS) recovery for 2,4-dinitrophenol was below criteria at 14%. The MS and MSD recoveries for 2,4-dinitrophenol were 69% and 70%, respectively. Third-party validation qualified all of the 2,4-dinitrophenol results as estimates with "J" flags.

The laboratory investigated a deficiency with an internal standard in the MSD and the LCS. The gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer instrument was inspected for malfunction and was found to be functioning properly. This deficiency was not noted in, nor should it impact, the field sample data.

<u>VOA</u>

The internal standard criteria were not met for sample J11JPO. The sample was reanalyzed, but beyond its holding time. Due to the holding time being exceeded, all volatile organic results in sample J11JPO were qualified as estimates with "J" flags.

The common laboratory contaminant methylene chloride was detected in the MB at less than two times the CRDL. There may have been a high bias in the field sample data for methylene chloride. A high bias is acceptable for the intended use of the data. Third-party validation qualified the methylene chloride results in all samples (except J11JPO and J11JP7) as undetected and flagged "U."

Because samples J11JP0, J11JP0R, J11JN9, J11JP3, J11JP7, and J11JP8 were prepared in a separate batch from the MS and MSD, the organic results for these samples were qualified as estimates with "J" flags. With the exception of sample J11JP0R, these samples were also prepared without an associated LCS.

Pesticide Analysis

The analyte toxaphene is routinely quantitated by the laboratory but not included in the QA/QC samples associated with each sample batch. Third-party validation qualified all of the toxaphene results as estimated with "J" flags.

PCB Analysis

Five of 30 surrogate recoveries were outside of the primary acceptance criteria. However, the secondary acceptance criteria allowing "no more than one outlier per sample" was met in all five cases and, with the exception of sample J11JP2, no analytes were detected in the field samples.

Aroclor-1260 was detected in sample J11JP2. Third-party validation qualified the aroclor-1260 result in sample J11JP2 as estimated with a "J" flag because of the deficiency in the surrogate recovery.

ICP Metals Analysis

The LCS recovery for silicon was below acceptance criteria at 57.1%. Associated sample results for silicon may have been biased low. Silicon is not a COPC for the 1607-F3 waste site. The silicon data are considered estimated but useable for decision-making purposes.

MS recoveries for aluminum, boron, iron, manganese, antimony, and silicon (351.2%, 63.3%, 390%, 60.1%, 39.5%, and 72.6%, respectively) were outside of the laboratory's acceptance criteria. Serial dilutions and post-digestion spikes were performed for these analytes with results in the range of 79% to 108%. Third-party validation qualified all boron, antimony, and silicon results as estimates with a "J" flag because of the low MS recoveries for these analytes.

The relative percent difference (RPD) for boron was above the laboratory's acceptance criteria but within the project's acceptance criteria, at 21%. Elevated RPDs are attributed to natural heterogeneity of the sample matrices. The data are useable for decision-making purposes.

Radionuclide Analyses

No deficiencies were found.

SDG K0262

SDG K0262 consists of one sample (J11L17) from the 1607-F3 staging area, which was analyzed for SVOCs, VOCs, pesticides, PCBs, ICP metals, and radionuclides. The results of third-party validation of SDG K0262 are also presented in the following descriptions.

SVOC Analysis

In the SVOC analysis, the common laboratory contaminant bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate was found in the MB at a concentration below the CRDL. Third-party validation qualified all of the bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate results as undetected with "U" flags and raised the reporting value to the RQL (660 mg/kg).

MS and MSD recoveries for 4-chloroanaline were above acceptance criteria at 129% and 130%, respectively. This suggests a high bias in the field samples. A high bias in the field sample data is acceptable for decision-making purposes.

<u>VOA</u>

Two of 15 surrogate recoveries were above the acceptance criteria. In sample J11L17 and the MS prepared from J11L17, the surrogate bromofluorobenzene recoveries were 129% and 130%, respectively. The analysis of the MS and MSD fulfills the reanalysis requirement for these samples. The MS recovery for 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane was above the acceptance criteria at 133%. There may have been a high bias in the field sample data for 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane. High-bias data are acceptable for decision-making purposes. In the MB, the common laboratory contaminant methylene chloride was detected at less than two times the CRDL and 2-hexanone was detected at less than the CRDL. Third-party validation requalified the methylene chloride result as undetected with a "U" flag and raised the reporting value to the RQL (10 mg/kg).

Pesticide Analysis

The analyte toxaphene is routinely quantitated by the laboratory but not included in the QA/QC samples associated with each sample batch. Third-party validation qualified all of the toxaphene results as estimates with "J" flags.

PCB Analysis

One of 12 surrogate recoveries was out of the primary acceptance criteria. However, there was no more than one outlier per sample; therefore, all samples met the secondary acceptance criteria.

ICP Metals

The MB result for silver was greater than the practical quantitation limit and, therefore, above the method criteria. However, all of the sample results were less than the instrument detection limit; therefore, the MB result is irrelevant.

The LCS for silicon was below acceptance criteria at 23.5%. Third-party validation qualified all silicon results in SDG K0262 with "J" flags as estimates. Silicon is not a COPC at the 1607-F3 waste site, and the data are usable for decision-making purposes.

The MS recoveries for four ICP metals (aluminum, iron, antimony, and silicon) were out of acceptance criteria. Serial dilutions and post-digestion spikes were performed, and all four had good results. With the exception of antimony, the MS recoveries were out of acceptance criteria because the added spike was insignificant compared to the concentrations in the samples. Third-party validation qualified all antimony results as estimates with "J" flags because the added spike was greater than the initial concentration in the sample and the MS result is actually a poor recovery.

The RPDs for barium and beryllium were above the acceptance criteria at 33.7% and 92.1%, respectively. Elevated RPDs are attributed to the natural heterogeneity of the sample matrices. Third-party validation qualified all barium results as estimates with "J" flags.

Radionuclide Analysis

Due to an RPD above QC limits at 32%, all thorium-238 results were qualified as estimates with "J" flags. Elevated RPDs are attributed to the natural heterogeneity of the sample matrices.

SDG K0320

SDG K0320 consists of three samples (J11X05, J11X06, and J11X07) analyzed for ICP metals.

ICP Metals

The samples were received by the laboratory at a temperature of 20.5°C. The laboratory temperature criterion for sample acceptance is 4°C. This increase in temperature would not have affected the metals within the sample. The data are usable for decision-making purposes.

The LCS for silicon (54.8%) was below acceptance criteria. Third-party validation qualified all silicon results in SDG K0320 with "J" flags as estimates.

MS recoveries for aluminum, iron, antimony, and silicon (605.6%, 924.6%, 51.2%, and 338%, respectively) were outside of acceptance criteria. Serial dilutions and post-digestion spikes were performed with good results for these analytes with the exception of iron (58.6%). Iron is not a COPC for the 1607-F3 waste site. The data are useable for decision-making purposes.

The RPD for cadmium and silicon was above the laboratory acceptance criteria at 23.3% and 20.6%, respectively. Elevated RPDs are attributed to the natural heterogeneity of the sample matrices.

SDG K0665

SDG K0665 consists of 11 samples (J13W46 through J13W56) analyzed for arsenic and lead.

ICP Metals (Arsenic and Lead)

The RPD for arsenic was above the laboratory acceptance criteria at 37.5%. Elevated RPDs are attributed to the natural heterogeneity of the sample matrices.

Conclusions

Limited, random, or sample matrix-specific influenced batch QC issues such as these are a potential for any analysis. The number and types seen in these SDGs were within expectations for the matrices and analyses performed.

The DQA of the verification data for the 1607-F3 site found the results to be accurate within the standard errors associated with the methods, including the sampling and sample handling. This DQA concludes that the 1607-F3 verification data reviewed are of the right type, quality, and quantity to support the intended use. Detection limits, precision, accuracy, and sampling data group completeness were assessed to determine if any analytical results should be rejected as a result of QA and QC deficiencies. All analytical data were found acceptable for decision-making purposes.

SUMMARY FOR INTERIM CLOSURE

The 1607-F3 waste site has been evaluated and remediated in accordance with the Remaining Sites ROD (EPA 1999) and the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b). Because of the results of the confirmatory sampling, approximately 2,798 metric tons (US 3,085 tons) of material was excavated, staged onsite, and subsequently disposed of at ERDF. Sampling to verify the completeness of remediation was performed, and the analytical results indicated that the excavation contained residual arsenic and lead concentrations exceeding cleanup criteria. Additional remediation of the excavation was performed and consisted of removing an additional 3,791 metric tons (4,179 US tons) of material. Additional sampling was conducted and the results of both sampling events were shown to meet the cleanup objectives for direct exposure, groundwater protection, and river protection. In accordance with this evaluation, the verification sampling results support a reclassification of the 1607-F3 site to Interim Closed Out. This site does not have a deep zone; therefore, no deep zone institutional controls are required.

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Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

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APPENDIX A

CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING RESULTS

Note: This appendix contains the sample results that lead to a decision that remediation was necessary. Verification sampling results, to support site closeout, are provided in Appendix B.

Table A-1. 1607-F5 Confirmatory Sampling Results. (7 Pages)																				
Sample Location	HEIS	Sample	Americ	Americium-241 GEA		Ces	Cesium-137		Co	Cobalt-60		Euop	oiun	n-152	Europium-154			Europium-155		
Sample Location	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA
Equipment blank	J01XJ2	10/01/04	0.18	U	0.18	0.023	U	0.023	0.022	U	0.022	0.053	U	0.053	0.077	U	0.077	0.075	U	0.075
Soil from Area 1	J01XJ0	10/01/04	0.18	U	0.18	0.052	U	0.052	0.053	U	0.053	0.11	U	0.11	0.21	U	0.21	0.13	U	0.13
Duplicate of																				
J01XJ0	J01XJ1	10/01/04	0.11	U	0.11	0.032	U	0.032	0.032	U	0.032	0.073	U	0.073	0.11	U	0.11	0.084 ·	U	0.084
Soil from Area 2	J01XJ3	10/06/04	0.058	U	0.058	0.141		0.015	0.018	U	0.018	0.038	U	0.038	0.056	U	0.056	0.063	U	0.063
VCP from Area 1	J01XJ8	10/01/04	0.38	U	0.38	0.072	U	0.072	0.068	U	0.068	0.19	U	0.19	0.22	U	0.22	0.2	U	0.2
Septic Drain Field																				
Area 2	J01XN0	10/06/04	0.094	U	0.094	0.317		0.046	0.043	U	0.043	0.417		0.088	0.12	U	0.12	0.08	U	0.08
	HEIS	Sample	Gross alpha		Gross beta		Potassium-40		Radium-226			Rad	Radium-228			Thorium-228 GEA				
Sample Location	Number	Date	pCi/g	0	MDA	pCi/g	0	MDA	pCi/g	0	MDA	pCi/g	0	MDA	pCi/g	0	MDA	pCi/g	0	MDA
Equipment blank	J01XJ2	10/01/04						· .	6		0.25	0.149		0.044	0.231		0.11	0.144		0.028
Soil from Area 1	J01XJ0	10/01/04	7.48		2.6	18.1		5.2	14		0.56	0.577		0.11	0.748		0.27	0.669		0.062
Duplicate of																				
JOIXJO	J01XJ1	10/01/04	10.3		2.9	20.4		5.4	15.4		0.28	0.554		0.056	0.724		0.13	0.648		0.036
Soil from Area 2	J01XJ3	10/06/04	9.09		3.3	19		5.5	14.6		0.21	0.676		0.033	0.884		0.083	0.824		0.017
VCP from Area 1	J01XJ8	10/01/04	20.8		2.5	23.5		5.2	9.32		0.67	1.26		0.14	1.47		0.29	1.32		0.084
Septic Drain Field																				
Area 2	J01XN0	10/06/04	14		2.9	17.4		5.5	4.09		0.4	0.737		0.064	0.503		0.16	0.475		0.041
Sample Location	HEIS	Sample	Thori	ım-	232 GEA	Uranium-235 GEA		Uranium-238 GEA		1										
Sample Location	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA									
Equipment blank	J01XJ2	10/01/04	0.231		0.11	0.093	U	0.093	3	U	3									
Soil from Area 1	J01XJ0	10/01/04	0.748		0.27	0.18	U	0.18	6.4	U	6.4									
Duplicate of																				
J01XJ0	J01XJ1	10/01/04	0.724		0.13	0.11	U	0.11	3.8	U	3.8									

Table A-1. 1607-F3 Confirmatory Sampling Results. (7 Pages)

Acronyms and notes apply to all of the tables in this appendix.

J01XJ3

J01XJ8

J01XN0

Note: Data qualified with B, C, and/or J, are considered acceptable values.

10/06/04

10/01/04

10/06/04

0.884

1.47

0.503

0.083

0.29

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B = blank contamination (organic constituents)

C = blank contamination (inorganic constituents)

GEA = gamma energy analysis

HEIS = Hanford Environmental Information System

J = estimated

Area 2

MDA = minimum detectable activity

PQL = practical quantitation limit

Q = qualifier

VCP = vitrified clay pipe

U = undetected

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| J01XJ3 | 10/6/04 | 0.25

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| J01XJ8 | 10/1/04 | 0.027

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 | 0.29 | | 0.13
 | 9.6 | | 0.12 |
| J01XJ3 | 10/6/04 | 108

 | C
 | 0.2
 | 4230 | C | 0.69 | 261 | C | 0.01 | 0.29
 | | 0.02
 | 0.45 | C | 0.14
 | 12.8 | • | 0.13 |
| J01XJ8 | 10/1/04 | 3.1

 |
 | 0.17
 | 405 | С | 0.6 | 43.7 | C | 0.009 | 0.016
 | U | 0.02
 | 0.145 | | 0.12
 | 1.4 | | 0.11 |
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 | 1.
1 | | |
| J01XN0 | 10/6/04 | 458

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 | 1.4
 | 3900 | | 4.9 | 233 | | 0.07 | 21.5
 | | 0.42
 | 4.5 | | 0.96
 | 16.5 | | 0.88 |
| | HEIS
Number
J01XJ2
J01XJ0
J01XJ1
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J01XJ2
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J01XJ3 | Number Date J01XJ2 10/1/04 J01XJ0 10/1/04 J01XJ1 10/1/04 J01XJ3 10/6/04 J01XJ8 10/1/04 J01XJ8 10/1/04 J01XJ8 10/1/04 J01XJ8 10/6/04 J01XN0 10/6/04 J01XJ1 10/1/04 J01XJ2 10/1/04 J01XJ3 10/1/04 J01XJ3 10/6/04 J01XJ3 10/6/04 J01XJ3 10/6/04 J01XJ3 10/1/04 J01XJ3 10/1/04 J01XJ3 10/1/04 J01XJ2 10/1/04 J01XJ3 10/1/04 <tr< td=""><td>Number Date mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 HEIS Sample Ca Number Date mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.11 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 J01XJ8 10/1/04 0.25 J01XJ8 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ8 10/6/04 13.1 HEIS Sample Mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ2 10/1/04 50.6 J01XJ3 10/1/04 47 J01XJ3 10/1/04 3.1<td>HEIS Sample $Alumin$ Number Date mg/kg Q J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 I J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.02 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 I J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U</td><td>HEIS Sample Alumber Number Date mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.82 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 0 6 Mumber Date mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 0.03 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 0.03 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 0.03 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 0.2 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.16 U</td><td>HEIS Sample
Date $Mumber$ Mat mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 HEIS Sample Cadut Mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.25 0.03 3270 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 8470 J01XJ0 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 8470</td><td>HEIS Sample Alumium Antimo Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 I J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U J01XJ8 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 I J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.82 0.33 I I J01XJ0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 C J01XJ3 10/6/</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Alumium
mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 C 0.32 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 C 0.32 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 2.2 HEIS Sample Ca/mix Ca/mix Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 C 0.73 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.25 0.03 3270 C 0.73 J01</td><td>HEIS Sample
Date $Aluminum$ $Antimon$ A Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 HEIS Sample Catum Catum Claum Claum Claum J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.82 0.03 3130 C 0.73 10.8 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 C</td><td>HEIS Sample
Date $Aluminum$ $Antimony$ $Arser$ Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q IU 0.25 0.3 U U 0.25 0.3 U U 0.32 14.4 III IIII IIIII IIIIII IIIIIII IIIIIIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic 101X12 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 J01X12 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 J01X11 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 J01X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 J01X18 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 HEIS Sample Cadmium Calcium Chromium J01X12 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17
 C 0.05 J01X12 10/1/04 0.11 0.03 3130 C 0.73 10.8 C 0.06<!--</td--><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic B 01X12 10/104 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 01X12 10/104 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 62.3 101X11 10/104 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 101X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 101X18 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 101XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 HEIS Sample Cadmium Calum Chromium Close 101XN0 10/6/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.77 0.17 C 0.05 0.08 101X10</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barin Number Date mg/kg Q PQL 0.33 14.1 0.38 62.3 1 101X1 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.33 11.9 1 101X18 10/6/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 1 101X10 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 101X1<!--</td--><td>Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL J01XU2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 0.02 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 62.3 0.02 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 J01XJ3 10/6/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 0.02 J01XJ0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 0.7 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Be 101X12 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 0.02 0.008 101X12 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 62.3 0.02 0.32 101X11 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 101X13 10/1/04 6130 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 0.37 101X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.33 10.9 0.02 0.04 101X10 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 0.15 0.4 101X10 10/1/04 0.02 U.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryl
mg/kg
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Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium 01X12 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 0.02 0.008 0.008 0.002 0.008 0.002 0.008 0.002 0.01 101X10 101/04 6130 0.82 0.33 U 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 0.01 101X11 101/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 0.01 101X13 101/04 6130 0.82 0.34 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 0.045 0.009 101X13 101/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 0.02 0.045 0.009 101X10 106/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.</td><td>$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum
mg/kg
(Q) Antimony
PQL
mg/kg
(Q) Arsenic
PQL
mg/kg
(Q) Barium
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mg/kg
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mg/kg
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(Q) Be</td></td></td></td></td></tr<> | Number Date mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 HEIS Sample Ca Number Date mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.11 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 J01XJ8 10/1/04 0.25 J01XJ8 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ8 10/6/04 13.1 HEIS Sample Mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.16 J01XJ2 10/1/04 50.6 J01XJ3 10/1/04 47 J01XJ3 10/1/04 3.1 <td>HEIS Sample $Alumin$ Number Date mg/kg Q J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 I J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.02 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 I J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U</td> <td>HEIS Sample Alumber Number Date mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.82 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 0 6 Mumber Date mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 0.03 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 0.03 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 0.03 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 0.2 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.16 U</td> <td>HEIS Sample
Date $Mumber$ Mat mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130
0.86 0.47 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 HEIS Sample Cadut Mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.25 0.03 3270 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 8470 J01XJ0 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 8470</td> <td>HEIS Sample Alumium Antimo Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 I J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U J01XJ8 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 I J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.82 0.33 I I J01XJ0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 C J01XJ3 10/6/</td> <td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Alumium
mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 C 0.32 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 C 0.32 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 2.2 HEIS Sample Ca/mix Ca/mix Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 C 0.73 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.25 0.03 3270 C 0.73 J01</td> <td>HEIS Sample
Date $Aluminum$ $Antimon$ A Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 HEIS Sample Catum Catum Claum Claum Claum J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.82 0.03 3130 C 0.73 10.8 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 2930 C</td> <td>HEIS Sample
Date $Aluminum$ $Antimony$ $Arser$ Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q IU 0.25 0.3 U U 0.25 0.3 U U 0.32 14.4 III IIII IIIII IIIIII IIIIIII IIIIIIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII</td> <td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic 101X12 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 J01X12 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 J01X11 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 J01X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 J01X18 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 HEIS Sample Cadmium Calcium Chromium J01X12 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17 C 0.05 J01X12 10/1/04 0.11 0.03 3130 C 0.73 10.8 C 0.06<!--</td--><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic B 01X12 10/104 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 01X12 10/104 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 62.3 101X11 10/104 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 101X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 101X18 10/1/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 101XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 HEIS Sample Cadmium Calum Chromium Close 101XN0 10/6/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.77 0.17 C 0.05 0.08 101X10</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barin Number Date mg/kg Q PQL 0.33 14.1 0.38 62.3 1 101X1 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.33 11.9 1 101X18 10/6/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 1 101X10 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 101X1<!--</td--><td>Number Date mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL mg/kg Q PQL J01XU2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 0.02 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 62.3 0.02 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 J01XJ3 10/6/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 0.02 J01XJ0 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 0.7 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 31.1 C 0.57</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Be 101X12 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 0.02 0.008 101X12 10/1/04 6130 0.86 0.47 0.32 14.4 0.38 62.3 0.02 0.32 101X11 10/1/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 101X13 10/1/04 6130 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 0.37 101X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.33 10.9 0.02 0.04 101X10 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 0.15 0.4 101X10 10/1/04 0.02 U.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium
Beryl
mg/kg
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Date Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium 01X12 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 0.25 U 0.25 0.3 U 0.3 0.85 0.02 0.008 0.008 0.002 0.008 0.002 0.008 0.002 0.01 101X10 101/04 6130 0.82 0.33 U 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 0.01 101X11 101/04 6130 0.82 0.33 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 0.01 101X13 101/04 6130 0.82 0.34 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 0.045 0.009 101X13 101/04 885 0.74 0.272 U 0.27 1.8 0.33 11.9 0.02 0.045 0.009 101X10 106/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.</td><td>$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td><td>HEIS
Number Sample
Date Aluminum
mg/kg
(Q) Antimony
PQL
mg/kg
(Q) Arsenic
PQL
mg/kg
(Q) Barium
PQL
mg/kg
(Q) Barium
PQL
mg/kg
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(Q) Beryllium
(Q) Be</td></td></td></td> | HEIS Sample $Alumin$ Number Date mg/kg Q J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 I J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 I J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 I J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.02 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 I J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 I J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 U | HEIS Sample Alumber Number Date mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 36.5 0.66 J01XJ0 10/1/04 6130 0.86 J01XJ1 10/1/04 6130 0.82 J01XJ3 10/6/04 7780 C 0.82 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 J01XJ8 10/1/04 885 0.74 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 6 J01XN0 10/6/04 18600 0 6 Mumber Date mg/kg Q PQL J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.02 U 0.02 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 0.03 J01XJ3 10/1/04 0.16 0.03 0.03 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 0.03 J01XJ3 10/6/04 13.1 0.22 0.2 J01XJ2 10/1/04 0.16 U | HEIS Sample
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 0.3 14.1 0.36 57.2 0.02 0.31 101X13 10/1/04 6130 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.38 99.2 C 0.02 0.37 101X13 10/6/04 7780 C 0.85 0.44 0.32 18.4 0.33 10.9 0.02 0.04 101X10 10/6/04 18600 6 7.2 2.2 53.2 2.7 1860 0.15 0.4 101X10 10/1/04 0.02 U.02 31.1 C 0.57 0.17</td> <td>HEIS
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Number Sample
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Number Sample
Date Aluminum
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mg/kg
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Beryllium
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Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

A-2

Gamela Taradian	HEIS	Sample	Pot	tassi	um	Se	leniu	ım	5	Silico	n	S	Silve	er	S	odit	ım	Va	nadi	um
Sample Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
Equipment blank	J01XJ2	10/1/04	17.3		2.9	0.32	U	0.32	30.7		0.41	0.07	U	0.07	8.5		0.19	0.05	U	0.05
Soil from Area 1	J01XJ0	10/1/04	977		3.7	0.41	U	0.41	370		0.53	0.1	U	0.1	134		0.24	33.9		0.06
Duplicate of																				
J01XJ0	J01XJ1	10/1/04	939		3.5	0.39	U	0.39	369		0.5	0.09	U	0.09	129		0.23	34.3		0.06
Soil from Area 2	J01XJ3	10/6/04	1360		3.7	0.41	U	0.41	471		0.53	0.09	U	0.09	134	1	0.24	37		0.06
VCP from Area 1	J01XJ8	10/1/04	148		3.2	0.354	U	0.35	281		0.45	0.082	U.	0.08	85.9		0.21	4.4		0.05
Septic Drain Field																				
Area 2	J01XN0	10/6/04	1350	С	25.7	2.9	U	2.9	698	С	3.7	6.9		0.66	191	C	1.7	50.4		0.44

Sample Leastion	HEIS	Sample	Zinc					
Sample Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL			
Equipment blank	J01XJ2	10/1/04	5.8		0.03			
Soil from Area 1	J01XJ0	10/1/04	53.1		0.04			
Duplicate of								
JOIXJO	J01XJ1	10/1/04	51.8		0.04			
Soil from Area 2	J01XJ3	10/6/04	120	С	0.04			
VCP from Area 1	J01XJ8	10/1/04	5.4		0.04			
Septic Drain Field								
Area 2	J01XN0	10/6/04	1880		0.29			

A-3

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ConstituentSoil from Area 1 Sample Date 10/01/04Duplicate of J01XJ0Equipment blank Sample Date Sample Date Sample Date $10/01/04$ Soil from Area 2 Sample Date $10/01/04$ Soil from Area 2 Sample Date Sample Date $10/01/04$ Soil from Area 2 Sample Date $10/01/04$ Soil from Area 2 Sample Date $10/01/04$ Soil from Area 2 Sample Date 	<td>San San QL μg/kg 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 9200</td> <td>Are mplo Q U U U U U U</td> <td>ea 2 e Date PQL 930 930 930 930 930 930 930 930</td>	San San QL μg/kg 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 9200	Are mplo Q U U U U U U	ea 2 e Date PQL 930 930 930 930 930 930 930 930
Sample Date 10/01/04Sample DateSample Date <th cols<="" td=""><td>Sar QL μg/kg 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930</td><td>mple U U U U U U U U U U</td><td>e Date PQL 930 930 930 930 930 930 930</td></th>	<td>Sar QL μg/kg 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930</td> <td>mple U U U U U U U U U U</td> <td>e Date PQL 930 930 930 930 930 930 930</td>	Sar QL μg/kg 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930	mple U U U U U U U U U U	e Date PQL 930 930 930 930 930 930 930
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Aroclor-1016 14 U 14 U 14 U 14 U 14 U 14 U 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1221 14 U 14 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1232 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1232 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1242 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1248 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1254 14 U 14 14	4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930	U U U U	930 930 930 930 930 930	
Aroclor-1221 14 U	4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930	U U U U	930 930 930 930 930 930	
Aroclor-1232 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1242 14 U 14	4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 2900	U U U	930 930 930 930	
Aroclor-1242 14 U 14 U 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1248 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1248 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 14 U 14 Aroclor-1254 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 14 U 14 U 14 Aroclor-1260 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 51 14 14 U 14	4 930 4 930 4 930 4 930 4 2900	U U U	930 930 930	
Aroclor-124814U1414U1413U1314U14U14Aroclor-125414U1414U1413U1314U1414U14Aroclor-126014U1414U1413U13511414U14	4 930 4 930 4 2900	U U	930 930	
Aroclor-125414U1414U1413U1314U14U14Aroclor-126014U1414U1414U1413U13511414U14	4 930 4 2900	U	930	
Aroclor-1260 14 U 14 14 U 14 13 U 13 51 14 14 U 14	4 2900			
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Pesticides	.7 23	111		
	.7 23	TT		
Aldrin 1.8 U 1.8 U 1.8 I.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7				
Alpha-BHC 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7	.7 23	U	23	
alpha-Chlordane 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7	.7 1100		23	
beta-1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7		U		
Delta-BHC 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7		U		
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane 3.5 U 3.5 JU 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.4 U 3.4			46	
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene 3.5 U 3.5 JU 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.4 U 3.4			46	
Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane 3.5 U 3.5 JU 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 JU 3.4 U 3.4			46	
Dieldrin 3.5 U 3.5 JU 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.4 U 3.4		U		
Endosulfan I 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7		U		
Endosulfan II 3.5 U 3.5 J. 3.5 U 3.5 J. 3.3 U 3.3 70 U 70 3.4 U 3.4		U		
Endosulfan sulfate 3.5 U 3.5 JU 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.3 U 3.3 70 U 70 3.4 U 3.4		U		
Endrin 3.5 U 3.5 J. 3.5 U 3.5 J. 3.3 U 3.3 70 U 70 3.4 U 3.4		U		
Endrin aldehyde 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.4 U 3.4		U		
Endrin ketone 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.5 U 3.4 U 3.4		J		
Gamma-BHC (Lindane) 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7		U		
gamma-Chlordane 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7			23	
Heptachlor 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7			23	
Heptachlor epoxide 1.8 U 1.8 1.8 U 1.8 1.7 U 1.7 35 U 35 1.7 U 1.7			23	
Methoxychlor 18 U 18 18 U 18 17 U 17 350 U 350 17 U 17		J	230	
Toxaphene 180 U 180 180 U 180 170 U 170 3500 U 3500 170 U 17	70 2300	U	2300	

Table A-1. 1607-F3 Confirmatory Sampling Results. (7 Pages)

A-4

Rev. 0

Constituent	J Soil fr Sample J	ample Date 10/01/04		J01XJ1 Duplicate of J01XJ0 Sample Date 10/01/04		Sample Date 10/01/04		Soil fro Sam 10	J01XJ3 Soil from Area 2 Sample Date 10/06/04 µg/kg Q POL		Sample Date 10/01/04			Septic San 1	J01XN0 Septic Drain Field Area 2 Sample Date 10/06/04 µg/kg Q PQL			
	µg/kg	IQI		µg/kg		PQL Organic	µg/kg	Q	PQL	μg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	lQI	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	350	U	350	360	UU	360	330		330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340		340	2100	J	19000
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
2,4-Dichlorophenol	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	Ū	340	19000	U	19000
2,4-Dimethylphenol	350	U	350	360.	Ū	360	330	U	330	700	Ū	700	340	Ū	340	19000	Ū	19000
2,4-Dinitrophenol	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	Ū	1800	860	Ū	860	46000	Ū	46000
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	350	U	350	360	Ū	360	330	Ū	330	700	Ū	700	340	U	340	19000	U	·19000
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	Ū	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
2-Chloronaphthalene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	Ū	330	700	Ū	700	340	Ū	340	19000	Ū	19000
2-Chlorophenol	350	Ū	350	360	U	360	330	Ū	330	700	Ū	700	340	Ū	340	19000	U	19000
2-Methylnaphthalene	350	Ū	350	360	Ū	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
2-Methylphenol (cresol, o-)	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
2-Nitroaniline	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
2-Nitrophenol	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
3+4 Methylphenol (cresol, m+p)	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
3-Nitroaniline	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
4-Bromophenylphenyl ether	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
4-Chloroaniline	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U.	340	19000	U	19000
4-Nitroaniline	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
4-Nitrophenol	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
Acenaphthene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Acenaphthylene	54	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Anthracene	63	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Benzo(a)anthracene	200	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	22.016	J	340	19000	U	19000
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	140	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	17.492	J	340	19000	U	19000
Benzo(ghi)perylene	136	J	350	360	U	360	330 .	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000

Table A-1. 1607-F3 Confirmatory Sampling Results. (7 Pages)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-1. 100				<u> </u>			ſ						I.	01X	NO
	J)1XJ	0		01X.			01XJ			1XJ)1XJ		-		in Field
	Soil fr			· ~		J01XJ0				Soil fro			VCP fi				Area	
Constituent	Sample I	Date	10/01/04	1	-	Date		ple I		Sam			Sam	-		San	ple	Date
				10)/01/	04)/01/()4	10/	06/0	14	10	/01/()4		0/06	
	µg/kg	0	PQL	µg/kg	0	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
	1_1_00				SV	OAs (cor	tinued)									terre terre terre an attained and the second se		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	150	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	17	J	340	19000	U	19000
Bis(2-chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	. 25	J	350	31	J	360	35	J	330	700	U	700	36	J	340	1000	J	19000
Butylbenzylphthalate	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Carbazole	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Chrysene	220	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	22	J	340	19000	U	19000
Di-n-butylphthalate	20	JB	350	21	JB	360	37	JB	330	700	U	700	18	JB	340	19000	U	19000
Di-n-octylphthalate	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	31	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Dibenzofuran	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Diethylphthalate	350	U	350	360	U	360	40	J	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Dimethyl phthalate	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Fluoranthene	400		350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	33	J	340	19000	U	19000
Fluorene	21	J	350.	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Hexachlorobenzene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Hexachlorobutadiene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Hexachloroethane	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U'	19000
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	111	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Isophorone	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Naphthalene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Nitrobenzene	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U.	19000
Pentachlorophenol	880	U	880	890	U	890	840	U	840	1800	U	1800	860	U	860	46000	U	46000
Phenanthrene	277	J	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Phenol	350	U	350	360	U	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	340	U	340	19000	U	19000
Pyrene	430		350	19	J	360	330	U	330	700	U	700	38	J	340	19000	U	19000

 Table A-1.
 1607-F3 Confirmatory Sampling Results.
 (7 Pages)

Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

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Joixia Joixia Joixia Joixia Joixia										
Constituent	J(Soil fr Sample I	Area 1 10/01/04	Duplica Sam 10	' J01XJ0 Date 04	VCP fr Sam 10	VCP from Area 1 Sample Date 10/01/04				
	μg/kg	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL		
	olatile O									
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	U	6	6	Ŭ	6	6	U	6	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
1,1-Dichloroethene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
1,2-Dichloroethane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
1,2-Dichloroethene(Total)	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
2-Butanone	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
2-Hexanone	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
Acetone	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
Benzene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Bromodichloromethane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Bromoform	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Bromomethane	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
Carbon disulfide	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Carbon tetrachloride	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Chlorobenzene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Chloroethane	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
Chloroform	6	U	6	6 '	U	6	6	U	6	
Chloromethane	11	U	11	12	U	12	11	U	11	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	Ū	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Dibromochloromethane	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Ethylbenzene	6	Ū	6	6	Ū	6	6	Ū	6	
Methylenechloride	14	B	6	14	В	6	13		6	
Styrene	6	U	6	6	Ū	6	6	U	6	
Tetrachloroethene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Toluene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	
Trichloroethene	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	Ū	6	
Vinyl chloride	11	U	11	12	Ū	12	11	Ū	11	
Xylenes (total)	6	U	6	6	U	6	6	U	6	

Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

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APPENDIX B

95% UCL CALCULATIONS AND VERIFICATION SAMPLING RESULTS

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

B-i

APPENDIX B

95% UCL CALCULATIONS AND VERIFICATION SAMPLING RESULTS

The calculations in this appendix are kept in the active Washington Closure Hanford project files and are available upon request. When the project is completed, the files will be stored in a U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, repository. These calculations have been prepared in accordance with ENG-1, *Engineering Services*, ENG-1-4.5, "Project Calculation," Washington Closure Hanford, Richland, Washington. The following calculations are provided in this appendix:

DISCLAIMER FOR CALCULATIONS

The calculations that are provided in this appendix have been generated to document compliance with established cleanup levels. These calculations should be used in conjunction with other relevant documents in the administrative record.

¹⁶⁰⁷⁻F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations, 0100F-CA-V0263, Rev. 0, Washington Closure Hanford, Richland, Washington.

¹⁶⁰⁷⁻F3 Phase II Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations, 0100F-CA-V0275, Rev. 0, Washington Closure Hanford, Richland, Washington.

CALCULATION COVER SHEET

Project Title:	100-F Area Field Remediation		Job No.	14655
Area	100-F			
Discipline	Environmental	*Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	
Subject	1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup V	erification 95% UCL Calculatio	ons	
Computer Program	Excel	Program No.	Excel 2003	

The attached calculations have been generated to document compliance with established cleanup levels. These calculations should be used in conjunction with other relevant documents in the administrative record.

Committed Cal	culation	X	Preliminary	Superseded	Voided	
Rev.	Sheet Numbers	Originator	Checker	Reviewer	Approval	Date
0	Cover = 1 Sheets = 9	9 20 cm 7/10/06	J.M. Blanky 7/12/04	ANDIAM	5W aci 7-12-04	
	$\frac{\text{Attm. } 1 = 16}{\text{Total} = 26}$	J. M. Capron	T. M. Blakley	L. M. Dittmer	7-12-04 S. W. Callison	7-12-04
			· ·			
	r		SUMMARY OF REV	/ISIONS		
					•	
WCH-DE-018 (4/14/06)			* Obtain Calc No. f	rom R&DC and For	n from Intrenet

CALCULATION SHEET

	Originator J. M. Capron Janc Date 07/10/06 Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0263 Rev. No. 0 Project 100-F Area Field Remediation Job No. 14655 Checked T. M. Blakley Date 1/2/00 Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations 02/10/06 Sheet No. 1 of 9	-
	Summary	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Purpose: Calculate the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) values to evaluate compliance with cleanup standards for the remediation footprint of the subject site. Also, perform the <i>Washington Administrative Code</i> (WAC) 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test for nonradionuclide contaminants of concern (COCs) and contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) and calculate the relative percent difference (RPD) for primary-duplicate sample pairs, as necessary.	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Table of Contents: Sheets 1 to 3 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheets 4 to 5 - Calculation Sheet Remediation Footprint Verification Data Sheet 6 - Calculation Sheet Duplicate Analysis Sheets 7 to 9 - Ecology Software (MTCAStat) Results Attachment 1 - 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results (16 sheets)	
15 16 17 18	Given/References: 1) Sample Results (Attachment 1). 2) Background values and remedial action goals (RAGs) are taken from DOE-RL (2005b), DOE-RL (2001), and	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 23 34 35 36	 Ecology (2005). 3) DOE-RL, 2001, Hanford Site Background: Part 1, Soil Background for Nonradioactive Analytes, DOE/RL-92-24, Rev. 4, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington. 4) DOE-RL, 2005a, 100 Area Remedial Action Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP), DOE/RL-96-22, Rev. 4, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington. 5) DOE-RL, 2005b, Remedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP), DOE/RL-96-17, Rev. 5, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington. 6) Ecology, 1992, Statistical Guidance for Ecology Site Managers, Publication #92-54, Washington Department of Ecology, Olympia, Washington. 7) Ecology, 1993, Statistical Guidance for Ecology Site Managers, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Background Data with Below-detection Limit or Below-PQL Values (Censored Data Sets), Publication #92-54, Washington Department of Ecology, Olympia, Washington. 8) Ecology, 2005, Cleanup Levels and Risk Calculations (CLARC) Database, Washington State Department of Ecology, Olympia, Washington, https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/clarc/CLARCHome.aspx. 9) EPA, 1994, USEPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review, EPA 540/R-94/013. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. 	
37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	10) WAC 173-340, 1996, "Model Toxic Control Act - Cleanup," <i>Washington Administrative Code.</i> Solution: Calculation methodology is described in Ecology Pub. #92-54 (Ecology 1992, 1993), below, and in the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b). Use data from attached worksheets to perform the 95% UCL calculation for each analyte, the WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test for nonradionuclides, and the RPD calculations for each COC/COPC, as required. The hazard quotient and carcinogenic risk calculations are located in a separate calculation brief as an appendix to the Remaining Sites Verification Package (RSVP).	
46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Calculation Description: The subject calculations were performed on data from soil verification samples from the subject waste site. The data were entered into an EXCEL 2003 spreadsheet and calculations performed by using the built-in spreadsheet functions and/or creating formulae within the cells. The statistical evaluation of data for use in accordance with the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b) is documented by this calculation. Duplicate RPD results are used in evaluation of data quality within the RSVP for this site.	

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

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CALCULATION SHEET

	Originator J. M. Capron Jamma Date 07/10/06 Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0263 Rev. No. 0 Project 100-F Area Pield Remediation Job No. 14655 Checked T. M. Blakley, JM/P Date 9/(2/1/P Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations Sheet No. 2 of 9 Sheet No. 2 of 9
	Summary (continued)
2 3 4 5	Methodology: For nonradioactive analytes with ≤50% of the data below detection limits and all detected radionuclide analytes, the statistical value calculated to evaluate the effectiveness of cleanup is the 95% UCL. The 95% UCL was not calculated for radionuclide or nonradionuclide data sets with no reported detections. The 95% UCL values were also not calculated for radium-226, radium-228, thorium-228, thorium-232, and potassium-40, as these isotopes are not related to the operational history of the site and thus not
6 7 8 9 10 11	considered COPCs. For nonradioactive analytes with >50% of the data below detection limits, the maximum detected value for the data set is used instead of the 95% UCL. The evaluation of the portion of each analyte's data set below detection limits was performed by direct inspection of the attached sample results, and no further calculations were performed for those data sets where >50% of the data was below detection limits. The 95% UCL values were not calculated for aluminum, calcium, iron,
12 13 14	magnesium, potassium, silicon, and sodium, as no cleanup values are published in Ecology (2005) under WAC 173-340-740(3), and these constituents are thus not considered site COPCs.
15 16 17 18 19 20	All nonradionuclide data reported as being undetected are set to ½ the detection limit value for calculation of the statistics (Ecology 1993). For radionuclide data, calculation of the statistics was done on the reported value. In cases where the laboratory does not report a value below the minimal detectable activity (MDA), half of the MDA is used in the calculation. For the statistical evaluation of duplicate sample pairs, the samples are averaged before being included in the data set, after adjustments for censored data as described above.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	For nonradionuclides, the WAC 173-340 statistical guidance suggests that a test for distributional form be performed on the data and the 95% UCL calculated on the appropriate distribution using Ecology software. For nonradionuclide small data sets (n < 10) and all radionuclide data sets, the calculations are performed assuming nonparametric distribution, so no tests for distribution are performed. For nonradionuclide data sets of ten or greater, as for the subject site, distributional testing and calculation of the 95% UCL is done using Ecology's MTCAStat software (Ecology 1993). Due to differences in addressing censored data between the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b) and MTCAStat coding and due to a limitation in the MTCAStat coding (no direct capability to address variable quantitation limits within a data set), substitutions for censored data are performed before software input and the resulting data set treated as uncensored.
30 31 32 33 34 35	The WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test is performed for nonradionuclide analytes only and determines if: 1) the 95% UCL exceeds the most stringent cleanup limit for each COPC/COC, 2) greater than 10% of the raw data exceed the most stringent cleanup limit for each COPC/COC, 3) the maximum value of the raw data set exceeds two times the most stringent cleanup limit for each COPC/COC.
36 37 38 39	The WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test is not performed for COPCs/COCs where the statistical value defaults to the maximum value in the data set. Instead, direct comparison of the maximum value against site RAGs (within the RSVP) is used as the compliance basis.
40 41 42 43 44 45 46	The RPD is calculated when both the primary value and the duplicate value for a given analyte are above detection limits and are greater than 5 times the target detection limit (TDL). The TDL is a laboratory detection limit pre-determined for each analytical method, listed in Table II-1 of the SAP (DOE-RL 2005a). Where direct evaluation of the attached sample data showed that a given analyte was not detected in the primary and/or duplicate sample, further evaluation of the RPD value was not performed. The RPD calculations use the following formula:
47 48	RPD =[M-S /((M+S)/2)]*100
49 50	where, M = main sample value S = split (or duplicate) sample value
51 52 53 54 55 56 57	For quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) split and duplicate RPD calculations, a value less than 30% indicates the data compare favorably. For regulatory splits, a threshold of 35% is used (EPA 1994). If the RPD is greater than 30% (or 35% for regulatory split data), further investigation regarding the usability of the data is performed. No split samples were collected for cleanup verification of the subject site. Additional discussion is provided in the data quality assessment section of the applicable RSVP, as necessary.
58 59 60 61 62 63 64	In addition to the statistical samples collected from the remediation footprint at the subject site, a multi-aliquot sample was collected from the remediation waste staging area. Statistical methodology is not applicable to non-statistical sampling, and direct evaluation of maximum detected values within this decision unit will be used as the compliance basis. These maximum detected values are presented in the results summary for use in the RSVP.

CALCULATION SHEET

Originator J. M. Capron	Date 07/10/06 Calc.	No. 0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No. 0
Project 100-F Area Field Remediation	Job No. 14655 Chec	cked T. M. Blakley 1M9	Date 4//2/04
Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verificat	ion 95% UCL Calculations		Sheet No. 3 of 9

1 Summary (continued)

2 Results:

3 The results presented in the summary tables that follow are for use in risk analysis and the RSVP for this site.

4				
5	Resul		- Remediatio	n Footprint
6	Analyte	95% UCL ^a	Maximum ^b	Units
7	Cesium-137	0.067		pCi/g
8	Arsenic	38.0		mg/kg
9	Barium	73.3		mg/kg
10	Beryllium	0.26		mg/kg
11	Boron	0.38		mg/kg
12	Cadmium		0.46	mg/kg
13	Chromium	9.6		mg/kg
	Cobalt	6.0		mg/kg
	Copper	13.2		mg/kg
16	Lead	206		mg/kg
17	Manganese	275		mg/kg
	Mercury		0.04	mg/kg
	Nickel	10.2		mg/kg
	Selenium		4.2	mg/kg
	Vanadium	34.1		mg/kg
	Zinc	41.9		mg/kg
	Aroclor-1260		0.0035	mg/kg
	alpha-Chlordane		0.0010	mg/kg
	gamma-Chlordane		0.0026	mg/kg
	Benzo(a)pyrene		0.033	mg/kg
27	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		0.023	mg/kg
28	Benzo(k)fluoranthene		0.029	mg/kg
29	Chrysene		0.022	mg/kg
30	Di-n-butylphthalate		0.025	mg/kg
31	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		0.022	mg/kg
32	Ethylbenzene		0.002	mg/kg
33	m&p-Xylene		0.004	mg/kg
34	Methylene chloride		0.043	mg/kg
	o-Xylene		0.002	mg/kg
36	Tetrachloroethene		0.002	mg/kg
37	Toluene		0.001	mg/kg
	Xylenes (total)		0.006	mg/kg
	WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) E		Because of the "yes" answers	
40				to the WAC 173-340 3-part test
	WAC 173-340 3-Part Test			for lead and arsenic, additional
	95% UCL > Cleanup Limit		YES	evaluation of the attainment of
	> 10% above Cleanup Lim		YES	cleanup criteria will be
44	Any sample > 2x Cleanup	Limit?	YES	performed.

45 ^aFor nonradionuclides, where ≤ 50% of a data set is censored (below detection limits),

46 the 95% UCL value is used for a given analyte.

47 ^bFor nonradionuclides, where > 50% of a data set is censored, the statistical value defaults

48 to the maximum detected value in the data set (Attachment 1).

49 RAG = remedial action goal

50 UCL = upper confidence level

51 WAC = Washington Adminstrative Code

52

53												
	Arraha	Duplicate	Analista	D II I I I I I								
54	Analyte	Analysis ^b	Analyte	Duplicate Analysis ^b								
55	Potassium-40	14%	Lead	2.9%								
56	Aluminum	6.9%	Magnesium	5.1%								
57	Barium	4.2%	Manganese	3.5%								
58	Calcium	9.8%	Silicon	0.81%								
59	Chromium	3.0%	Vanadium	9.3%								
60	Copper	9.7%	Zinc	6.9%								
61	Iron	7.6%										

62 ^aRelative percent difference evaluation was not required for analytes not included in this table.

63 ^bThe significance of relative percent difference values are discussed within the RSVP for the subject site.

64 QA/QC = quality assurance/quality control

65 RSVP = remaining sites verification package

Results Summary -	Waste Stagir	ng Area
Analyte	Maximum ^a	Units
Arsenic	12.1	mg/kg
Barium	60.2	mg/kg
Beryllium	0.02	mg/kg
Boron	1.7	mg/kg
Cadmium	0.27	mg/kg
Chromium	9.4	mg/kg
Cobalt	5.2	mg/kg
Copper	14.5	mg/kg
Lead	54.9	mg/kg
Manganese	255	· mg/kg
Mercury	0.03	mg/kg
Nickel	9.6	mg/kg
Vanadium	28.2	mg/kg
Zinc	38.4	mg/kg
Aroclor-1254	0.0034	mg/kg
4,4'-DDE	0.00049	mg/kġ
4,4'-DDT	0.00035	mg/kg
gamma-Chlordane	0.00083	mg/kg
Di-n-butylphthalate	0.12	mg/kg
Acetone	0.005	mg/kg
Chloroform	0.001	mg/kg

^aVerification sampling at the waste staging area was based on multi-aliquot, rather than statistical, sampling.

Washington Closure Hanford

Originator J. M. Capron Junc. Project 100-F Area Field Remediation Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations

Date 07/10/06 Job No. 14655

1 Remediation Footprint Verification Data

2	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	Ce	sium-	137	A	rsenio	2	È	Bariun	1	Be	rylliu	Im		Boron		C	hromiu	n	C	obalt	
3	Area	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
4	1	J11JN8	3/9/2006	0.094	U	0.094	26.4		2.5	81.8		0.31	0.29	1	0.02	0.53	J	0.26	10.0		0.65	5.8		0.56
5	Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/2006.	0.140		0.074	27.5		2.6	78.4		0.31	0.29		0.02	0.67	J	0.27	10.3		0.67	6.2		0.57
6	2	J11JN9	3/9/2006	0.084	U	0.084	23.7		2.5	63.7		0.30	0.23		0.02	0.26	UJ	0.26	8.0		0.64	5.4		0.55
7	3	J11JP0	3/9/2006	0.112		0.093	53,9		2.5	71.2	1	0.31	0.21		0.02	0.28		0.27	7.9		0.66	5.4		0.56
8	4	J11JP1	3/9/2006	0.073	U	0.073	31.7		2.5	60.7	+	0.31	0.23		0.02	0.29	+	0.27	7.9		0.66	5.5		0.57
9	5	J11JP2	3/9/2006	0.062	U	0.062	7.1		2.4	58.6	1	0.29	0.18		0.02	0.25	UJ	0.25	9.6	+	0.63	4.8		0.54
10	6	J11JP3	3/9/2006	0.072	U	0.072	16.5		2.5	67.6	++	0.30	0.25		0.02	0.26	UJ	0.26	9.5	++-	0.65	6.7		0.54
11	7	J11JP4	3/9/2006	0.075	U	0.075	18.1		2.5	72.2	++	0.30	0.26		0.02	0.40		0.26	8.7		0.65	5.8		0.56
12	8	J11JP5	3/9/2006	0.089	U	0.089	27.7		2.5	79.7		0.30	0.23		0.02	0.41		0.26	9.7		0.64	5.4		0.55
13	9	J11JP6	3/9/2006	0.088	U	0.088	15.4		2.5	56.1		0.30	0.20		0.02	0.26	UJ	0.26	10.2	+	0.64	5.8		0.55
14	10	J11JP7	3/9/2006	0.11	U	0.11	26.1		2.6	70.1		0.31	0.26		0.02	0.20	J	0.20	9.9		0.67	5.9		0.57

15 Statistical Computation Input Data

10 6	the second s	iputation input Dat	a							
16	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	Cesium-137	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Boron	Chromium	Cobalt
17	Area	Number	Date	pCi/g	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
_18	11	J11JN8/J11JP8	3/9/2006	0.094	27.0	80.1	0.29	0.60	10.2	6.0
19	2	J11JN9	3/9/2006	0.042	23.7	63.7	0.23	0.13	8.0	5.4
20	3	J11JP0	3/9/2006	0.112	53.9	71.2	0.21	0.28	7.9	5.4
21	4	J11JP1	3/9/2006	0.037	31.7	60.7	0.23	0.29	7.9	5.5
22	5	J11JP2	3/9/2006	0.031	7.1	58.6	0.18	0.13	9.6	4.8
23	6	J11JP3	3/9/2006	0.036	16.5	67.6				
24	7	J11JP4	3/9/2006	0.038	18.1	72.2				
25	8	J11JP5	3/9/2006	0.045	27.7					
26	9	J11JP6	3/9/2006	0.044	15.4					
27	10	J11JP7	3/9/2006	0.055	26.1					
24 25 26	6 7 8 9 10	J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6	3/9/2006 3/9/2006 3/9/2006	0.038 0.045 0.044	18.1 27.7 15.4	67.6	0.25 0.26 0.23 0.20 0.26 [°]	0.13 0.40 0.41 0.13 0.41	9.5 8.7 9.7 10.2 9.9 10.2	6.7 5.8 5.4 5.8 5.9

28 Statistical Computations

28 Statistical Computations							
29	Cesium-137	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Boron	Chromium	Cobalt
95% UCL value based on	z-statistic.	Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.	Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.	Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.	Large data set (n ≥ 10), lognormal and normal distribution rejected, use z statistic.	Large data set (n ≥ 10), lognormal and normal - distribution rejected, use z- statistic.	Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.
31 N 32 % < Detection limit	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
75		0%	0%	0%	40%	0%	0%
mouri	0.053	24.7	68.0	0.23	0.29	9.2	5.7
		12.6	8.3	0.03	0.16	0.9	0.5
		NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
		38.0	73.3	0.26	0.38	9.6	6.0
		53.9	81.8	0.29	0.67	10.3	6.7
38 Statistical value	0.067	38.0	73.3	0.26	0.38	9.6	6.0
Most Stringent Cleanup Limit for 39 nonradionuclide and RAG type		Direct Exposure/GW & 20 River Protection		BG/GW & River 1.51 Protection	320 GW Protection	BG/GW & River 18.5 Protection	32 GW Protection
40 WAC 173-340 3-PART TEST							
41 95% UCL > Cleanup Limit?		YES	NA	NA	NO	NA	NA
42 > 10% above Cleanup Limit?		YES	NÁ	NA	NO	NA	NA
43 Any sample > 2X Cleanup Limit?		YES	NA	NA	NO	NA	NA
44 45 *Calculation of 95% UCL for nonradionuclides performance		The data set does not meet the 3-part test criteria when compared to the most stringent cleanup limit. Further evaluation is required.	background (132 mg/kg), the WAC 173-340 3-part test is	Because all values are below background (1.51 mg/kg), the WAC 173-340 3-part test is not required.	/ The data set meets the 3-par test criteria when compared t	rt Because all values are below o background (18.5 mg/kg), the	Because all values are below background (15.7 mg/kg), the
46 BG = background	J = estimated	IC.	PQL = practical quantitation limit	U = undetect	ed		

47 GW = groundwater

48 HEIS = Hanford Environmental Information System

MDA = minimum detectable activity NA = not applicable

Q = qualifier RAG = remedial action goal

undetected UCL = upper confidence limit WAC = Washington Administrative Code

Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0263 Checked T. M. Blakley

Rev. No.	0
Date	7/12/06
Sheet No.	4 of 9

Washington Closure Hanford

Originator J. M. Capron Jan-Project 100-F Area Pield Remediation Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations

Date 07/10/06 14655 Job No.

1 Remediation Footprint Verification Data (continued)

2 Sampling	HEIS	Sample	(Coppe	r	Lead			Ma	Manganese			Nickel			Vanadium			Zinc	
3 Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
4 1	J11JN8	3/9/2006	14.0		0.22	139		2.6	294	+-+	0.33	10.9	<u>+~</u> +-	0.91	35.9	+ • +	0.32	44.8		0.16
Duplicate of 5 J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/2006	12.7		0.23	135		2.7	284		0.33	10.5		0.93	32.7		0.32	41.8		0.17
6 2	J11JN9	3/9/2006	13.7		0.22	106		2.6	243		0.32	9.4		0.89	28.4	+	0.31	35.4		0.16
7 3	J11JP0	3/9/2006	10.3	1	0.23	277		2.7	254		0.33	8.6	· · ·	0.91	27.2		0.32	37.8		0.16
8 4	J11JP1	3/9/2006	12.0		0.23	115		2.7	262		0.33	10.2		0.92	30.1	++-	0.32	33.9		0.10
9 5	J11JP2	3/9/2006	12.5		0.22	27.2		2.5	210	++	0.31	8.6	┼┼-	0.87	33.9		0.30	41.0	+	0.17
10 6	J11JP3	3/9/2006	14.7		0.22	34.9	1	2.6	280	+	0.32	10.6		0.90	37.4	+	0.31	36.3	+	0.16
11 7	J11JP4	3/9/2006	11.5		0.22	25.5		2.6	276		0.32	9.1		0.90	31.2	+	0.31	34.8	++-	0.16
12 8	J11JP5	3/9/2006	12.0		0.22	93.3		2.6	255	++	0.32	10.0		0.90	29.6	+ + +	0.31	52.1	+	
13 9	J11JP6	3/9/2006	12.6		0.22	71.4		2.6	238	+	0.32	10.0		0.90	34.5		0.31			0.16
14 10	J11JP7	3/9/2006	11.0		0.23	106		2.7	282		0.33	9.8		0.89	33.7		0.31	38.2 38.0		0.16

15 Statistical Computation Input Data

6	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	Copper	Lead	Manganese	Nickel	Vanadium	Zinc	
7	Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
3	1	J11JN8/J11JP8	3/9/2006	13.4	137	289	10.7	34.3	43.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9	2	J11JN9	3/9/2006	13.7	106	243	9.4	28.4	35.4	
リ	3	J11JP0	3/9/2006	10.3	277	254	8.6	27.2	37.8	
1	4	J11JP1	3/9/2006	12.0	115	262	10.2	30.1	33.9	
2	5	J11JP2	3/9/2006	12.5	27.2	210	8,6	33.9	41.0	
·	6	J11JP3	3/9/2006	14.7	34,9	280	10.6	37.4	36.3	
·	7	J11JP4	3/9/2006	11.5	25.5	276	9,1	31.2	34.8:	
5L	8	J11JP5	3/9/2006	12.0	93.3	255	10.0	29.6	52.1	
3	9.	J11JP6	3/9/2006	12.6	71.4	238	10.5	34.5	38.2	
′L	10	J11JP7	3/9/2006	11.0	106	282	9.8	33.7	38.0	

28 Statistical Computations

29	Copper	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Lead		Manganese)	Nickel		Vanadium	······································	Zinc	
95% UCL value based on	Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.		Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.		Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.		Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.		Large data set (n ≥ 10), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.		lognorma distribution re	a set (n ≥ 10), I and normal jected, use z- atistic.
N	10		10		10		10		10		10	
2 % < Detection limit	0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%	
3Mean	12.4		99 -		259		9.8		32.0		39.1	
4 Standard deviation	1.3		74		24		0.8		3.2		5.4	
95% UCL on mean	13.2		206		275		10.2		34.1		41.9	
6 Maximum detected value			277		294		10.9		37.4		52.1	
7 Statistical value			206		275		10.2		34.1		41.9	
Most Stringent Cleanup Limit for		BG/River		BG/GW & River		BG/GW		BG/GW		BG/GW	· ·	BG/River
8 nonradionuclide and RAG type	22.0	Protection	10.2	Protection	512	Protection	19.1	Protection	85.1	Protection	67.8	Protection
9 WAC 173-340 3-PART TEST												
0 95% UCL > Cleanup Limit?			YES		NA		NA		NA		NA	
1 > 10% above Cleanup Limit?			YES	1	NA		NA		NA		NA	
2 Any sample > 2X Cleanup Limit?	NA		YES		NA		NA		NA		NA	
WAC 173-340 Compliance? evaluation required	background WAC 173	ll values are below d (22.0 mg/kg), the -340 3-part test is t required.	the 3-part compa stringer	set does not meet t test criteria when red to the most nt cleanup limit. aluation is required.	background WAC 173-	I values are below d (512 mg/kg), the 340 3-part test is required.	Because all background WAC 173-3	values are below (19.1 mg/kg), the 40 3-part test is required.	Because all background WAC 173-3	values are below (85.1 mg/kg), the 40 3-part test is required.	Because all background WAC 173-3	values are below 67.8 mg/kg), the 40 3-part test is equired.
4 BG = background		NA = not applicable				dial action goal	L	·	1		1	
5 GW = groundwater 6 HEIS = Hanford Environmental Information Quaters		PQL = practical qua	antitation limit	t		confidence limit						

46 HEIS = Hanford Environmental Information System

Q = qualifier

WAC = Washington Administrative Code

Calc. No.			
Checked	Т. М.	Blakley	Jm 13

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Date	71/2/010
Sheet No.	5 of 9

Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

CALCULATION SHEET

Washington	Closure	Hanford	

Date 07/10/06 14655 Job No.

Originator J. M. Capron June Project 100-F Area Field Remediation Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations

1	Duplicate An	alysis																			•			
2	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	Ces	sium-	137	Pota	ssiu	m-40	Rac	lium	226	Rad	lium	-228	Tho	rium	-228	Tho	rium-	232	Alu	ıminu	, m
3	Area	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	mg/kg	Q	PQL
4	1	J11JN8	3/9/2006	0.094	U	0.094	10.6		0.74	0.437		0.13	0.626		0.34	0.667		0.12	0.626	T	0.34	7380		2.4
5	Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/2006	0.140		0.074	12.2		0.53	0.372		0.14	0.508		0.32	0.615		0.078	0.508		0.32	6890		2.5
6	Analysis:																							
7[TDL			0.1			0.5			0.1			0.2			1			1			5	
8	Duplicate	Both >	> PQL?	No-Stop	(acc	eptable)	Yes (cont	inue)	Yes	cont	inue)	Yes	cont	inue)	Yes	cont	inue)	Yes	(conti	nue)	Yes	cont	inue)
9	Analysis	Both >	5xTDL?				Yes (calc	RPD)	No-Stop	acc	eptable)	No-Stop	(acc	eptable)	No-Stop	acc	eptable)	No-Stop) (acc	eptable)	Yes (calc	RPD)
10	Analysis	R	PD					14%				·····		••••	<i>ii</i>	· · · · · ·							6.9%)

11_																								
12	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	A	rseni	C	B	Bariur	n	Bei	ylliu	m	E	Boro	n	C	alciu	m	Ch	romiu	ım	C	Cobal	t
13	Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
14	1	J11JN8	3/9/2006	26.4		2.5	81.8		0.31	0.29		0.02	0.53	J	0.26	3530	TT	2.2	10.0		0:65	5.8		0.56
15	Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/2006	27.5		2.6	78.4	ľ	0.31	0.29		0.02	0.67	J	0.27	3200		2.3	10.3		0.67	6.2		0.57
16	Analysis:		- <u> </u>							······			L						,					
17[TDL			10			2.			0.5			. 2			100			1			2	
18	Duplicate	Both >	PQL?	Yes (conti	inue)	Yes (cont	inue)	Yes (conti	inue)	Yes	cont	tinue)	Yes	(cont	inue)	Yes	conti	nue)	Yes	cont	nue)
19	Analysis	Both >	5xTDL?	No-Stop	(acc	eptable)	Yes (calc	RPD)	No-Stop	(acce	eptable)	No-Stop	(acc	ceptable)	Yes.	calc	RPD)	Yes (calc	RPD)	No-Stop	o (acc	eptable)
20	741019313	RI	PD				,	4.2%									9.8%			3.0%				

21_																								
22	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	C	oppe	r		Iron			Lead		Mag	jnes	ium	Mar	ngane	ese		Vickel		Pot	assiu	ım
23	Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
24	1	J11JN8	3/9/2006	14.0		0.22	16400		0.55	139		2.6	4050		4.0	294		0.33	10.9		0.91	1530		78.5
	Duplicate of	J11JP8	3/9/2006	12.7		0.02	15200		0.50	405		07	2050		4.4	004		0.00	40 E		0.93	1510		80.3
25	J11JN8	JIJFO	3/8/2000	12.7		0.23	15200		0.56	135		2.1	3850		4.1	284		0.33	10.5		0.95	1010		00.3
26	Analysis:												······											
27		TDL			1			5			5		1	75		1	5			4			400	
28	Duplicate	Both >	PQL?	Yes (conti	nue)	Yes (cont	inue)	Yes	cont	inue)	Yes (cont	tinue)	Yes (conti	inue)	Yes	(conti	nue) :	Yes (cont	inue)
29	Analysis	Both >	5xTDL?	Yes (calc I	RPD)	Yes (calc	RPD)	Yes (calc	RPD)	Yes (calc	RPD)	Yes (calc	RPD)	No-Stop	o (acc	eptable)	No-Stop	(acc	eptable)
30	711019515	RI	PD		9.7%			7.6%			2.9%			5.1%	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3.5%							

31

32	Sampling	HEIS	Sample	S	ilico	n	S	odiu	m	Va	nadi	um		Zinc	
33	Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
34	1	J11JN8	3/9/2006	490	J,	0.91	109		2.6	35.9		0.32	44.8		0.16
35	Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/2006	494	J	0.93	98.7		2.6	32.7		0.32	41.8		0.17
36	Analysis:													L	

37		TDL	2	50	2.5	1
38	Duplicate	Both > PQL?	Yes (continue)	Yes (continue)	Yes (continue)	Yes (continue)
39	Analysis	Both >5xTDL?	Yes (calc RPD)	No-Stop (acceptable)	Yes (calc RPD)	Yes (calc RPD)
40	Analysis	RPD	0.81%		9.3%	6.9%

41 HEIS = Hanford Environmental Information System

42 J = estimated

43 MDA = minimum detectable activity

44 PQL = practical quantitation limit

Q = qualifier

RPD = relative percent difference

TDL = target detection limit

U = undetected

Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0263 Checked T. M. Blakley Jm/?

Rev. No.	0
Date	7/12/06
Sheet No.	6 of 9

Date 07/10/06

Washington Closure Hanford

me Originator J. M. Capron Job No. 14655 Project 100-F Area Field Remediation Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations

Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0263 Checked T. M. Blakley 2mm

Rev. No. n Date 7/12 Sheet No. 7 of 9

Ecology Software (MTCAStat) Results

1	DATA	ID	Arsenic 95%	UCL	Calculation		DATA	ID	Barium 95% UCL	. Calculation	
2	27.0 23.7	J11JN8/J1 J11JN9	1JP8				80.1 63.7	J11JN8/J1 J11JN9	1JP8		
4	53.9	J11JP0	Number of samples		Uncensored values		71.2	J11JP0	Number of samples	Uncensored values	
5	31.7	J11JP1	Uncensored	10	Mean	24.7	60.7	J11JP1	Uncensored 10	Mean	68.0
6	7.1 16.5	J11JP2 J11JP3	Censored Detection limit or PQL		Lognormal mean Std. devn.	25.3 12.6	58,6 67,6	J11JP2 J11JP3	Censored Detection limit or PQL	Lognormal mean Std, devn.	68.1 8.3
8	18.1	J11JP4	Method detection limit		Median	24.9	72.2	J11JP4	Method detection limit	Median	68.9
9	27.7	J11JP5	TOTAL	10	Min.	7.1	79.7	J11JP5	TOTAL 10	Min.	56.1
10	15.4	J11JP6			Max.	53.9	56.1	J11JP6		Max.	80.1
11 12	26.1	J11JP7					70.1	J11JP7			
13			Lognormal distribution?		Normal distribution?				Lognormal distribution?	Normal distribution?	
14			r-squared is: 0.921		r-squared is: 0.875		ł		r-squared is: 0.969	r-squared is: 0.966	
15 16			Recommendations: Use lognormal distribution						Recommendations: Use lognormal distribution.		
17			Ose lognormal distributio						Ose lognormal distribution.		
18				•				. *			
19 20			UCL (Land's method) is		38.0		[UCL (Land's method) is	73.3	
21	DATA	ID	Beryllium 95%	% UCL	Calculation		DATA	ID	Boron 95% UCL	Calculation	
22	0.29	J11JN8/J1	1JP8				0.60	J11JN8/J1	1JP8		
23 24	0.23 0.21	J11JN9 J11JP0	Number of samples		Uncensored values		0.13 0.28	J11JN9 J11JP0	Number of samples	Uncensored values	
25	0.23	J11JP1	Uncensored	10	Mean	0.23	0.29	J11JP1	Uncensored 10	Mean	0.29
26	0.18	J11JP2	Censored		Lognormal mean	0.23	0.13	J11JP2	Censored	Lognormal mean	0.30
27	0.25	J11JP3	Detection limit or PQL		Std. devn.	0.03	0.13	J11JP3 J11JP4	Detection limit or PQL Method detection limit	Std. devn. Median	0.16 0.29
28 29	0.26 0.23	J11JP4 J11JP5	Method detection limit TOTAL	10	Median Min.	0.23	0.40 0.41	J11JP4 J11JP5	TOTAL 10	Min.	0.23
30	0.20	J11JP6	TOTAL		Max.	0.29	0.13	J11JP6		Max.	0.60
31	0.26	J11JP7					0.41	J11JP7			
32					Newsol distribution?				Lognormal distribution?	Normal distribution?	
33 34			Lognormal distribution? r-squared is: 0.969		Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.974				r-squared is: 0.867	r-squared is: 0.882	
35			Recommendations:		· equilibrium of the start				Recommendations:		
36			Use lognormal distributio	on.					Reject BOTH lognormal and	normal distributions.	
37 38											
39			UCL (Land's method) is		0.26				UCL (based on Z-statistic) is	0.38	
40											

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42 UCL = upper confidence limit

Ori	Project 100-F	Capron And Area Field Remed				-		0100F-CA-V0263 T. M. Blakley <i>Jm</i> B		Rev. No _ Date _ Sheet No	0 7/12/ 8 of 9
				Ecol	ogy Softw	vare (MT	CAStat) Re	sults			
1 DATA	ID	Chromium 95	% UC	L Calculation		DATA	ID		UCL	Calculation	
3 8.0 J' 4 7.9 J' 5 7.9 J' 6 9.6 J' 7 9.5 J' 8 8.7 J' 9 9.7 J' 10 10.2 J'	11JP1 11JP2 11JP3 Detect 11JP4 Methon 11JP5 11JP6 11JP7 Logno r-squa	mber of samples Uncensored Censored ction limit or PQL od detection limit TOTAL ormal distribution? ared is: 0.866 nmendations:	10 10	Uncensored values Mean Lognormal mean Std. devn. Median Min. Max. Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.876	9.2 9.2 0.9 9.6 7.9 10.2	6.0 5.4 5.5 4.8 6.7 5.8 5.4 5.8 5.9	J11JN8/J1 J11JN9 J11JP0 J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6 J11JP7	Number of samples Uncensored Censored Detection limit or PQL Method detection limit TOTAL	10 10	Uncensored values Mean Lognormal mean Std. devn. Median Min. Max. Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.913	5.7 5.7 0.5 5.7 4.8 6.7
16 17 18 19 20 21 DATA	Rejec	t BOTH lognormal	ic) is	ormal distributions. 9.6 Calculation		DATA	ID	Use lognormal distribution UCL (Land's method) is Lead 95% I		6.0 Calculation	
22 13.4 J11 23 13.7 J ² 24 10.3 J ² 25 12.0 J ² 26 12.5 J ² 27 14.7 J ² 28 11.5 J ² 29 12.0 J ² 30 12.6 J ²	IJN8/J11JP8 11JN9 11JP0 Nu 11JP1 11JP2 11JP3 Detec	mber of samples Uncensored Censored tion limit or PQL od detection limit TOTAL	10 10	Uncensored values Mean Lognormal mean Std. devn. Median Min. Max.	12.4 12.4 1.3 12.3 10.3 14.7	137 106 277 115 27.2 34.9 25.5 93.3 71.4 106	J11JN8/J1 J11JN9 J11JP0 J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP3 J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6 J11JP7		10 10	Uncensored values Mean Lognormal mean Std. devn. Median Min. Max.	99 104 74 100 25.5 277
33 34 35 36 37 38	r-squa Recor	rmal distribution? ired is: 0.991 nmendations: ignormal distributio	on.	Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.987				Lognormal distribution? r-squared is: 0.925 Recommendations: Use lognormal distribution	on.	Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.822	·
39 40	UCL (I	Land's method) is		13.2				UCL (Land's method) is		206	

40 41 PQL = practical quantitation limit 42 UCL = upper confidence limit

Rev. 0

Attachment to Waste Site Reclassification Form 2006-047

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	Subject	100-F Area Field Remedia 1607-F3 Waste Site Clea	nup Verification 95% UCL Ca			-		Sheet No.	9 of 9
			Ecol	ogy Soft	ware (MT)	CAStat) Re			
DATA 289 243 254 262 210 280 276 255 238 282	ID J11JN8/J1 J11JN9 J11JP0 J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6 J11JP7	1JP8 Number of samples Uncensored Censored Detection limit or PQL Method detection limit	Uncensored values Uncensored values Uncensored values Lognormal mean Std. devn. Median Min. Max. Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.943	259 259 24 259 210 289	DATA 10.7 9.4 8.6 10.2 8.6 10.6 9.1 10.0 10.5 9.8	ID J11JN8/J1 J11JN9 J11JP0 J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6 J11JP7		UCL Calculation Uncensored values 10 Mear Lognormal mear Std. devn Mediar 10 Min Max Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.938	9.8 9.8 0.8 9.9 9.9 8.6
DATA 34.3	ID J11JN8/J1	Use lognormal distribution UCL (Land's method) is Vanadium 95%	n. 275 UCL Calculation		DATA 43.3	ID J11JN8/J1			
28.4 27.2 30.1 33.9 37.4 31.2 29.6 34.5 33.7	J11JN9 J11JP0 J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6 J11JP7	Censored Detection limit or PQL Method detection limit	Uncensored values 10 Mean Lognormal mean Std. devn. Median 10 Min. Max.	32.0 32.0 3.2 32.5 27.2 37.4	35.4 37.8 33.9 41.0 36.3 34.8 52.1 38.2 38.0	J11JN9 J11JP0 J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP4 J11JP5 J11JP6 J11JP7	Number of samples Uncensored Censored Detection limit or PQL Method detection limit TOTAL	Uncensored values 10 Mear Lognormal mear Std. devn Mediar 10 Min Max	39.1 39.1 5.4 37.9 33.9
		Lognormal distribution? r-squared is: 0.961 Recommendations: Use lognormal distribution	Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.961 ı.				Lognormal distribution? r-squared is: 0.858 Recommendations: Reject BOTH lognormal	Normal distribution? r-squared is: 0.812 and normal distributions.	
		UCL (Land's method) is	34.1			*	UCL (based on Z-statisti	ic) is 41.9	

41 PQL = practical quantitation limit 42 UCL = upper confidence limit

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

B-10

							<u> </u>	<u>ci mean</u>									
Sample	HEIS	Sample	Ame	riciun	n-241	Ce	sium	-137	Co	balt-	-60	Euro	piun	n-152	Euro	pium	-154
Location	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	0.26	U	0.26	0.094	U	0.094	0.079	U	0.079	0.16	U	0.16	0.25	U	0.25
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	0.29	U	0.29	0.140		0.074	0.063	υ	0.063	0.14	U	0.14	0.21	U	0.21
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	0.20	U	0.20	0.084	U	0.084	0.075	U	0.075	0.17	U	0.17	0.27	U	0.27
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	0.35	U	0.35	0.112		0.093	0.084	U	0.084	0.18	U	0.18	0.28	Ū	0.28
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	0.24	·U	0.24	0.073	U	0.073	0.083	U	0.083	0.17	U	0.17	0.22	U	0.22
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	0.23	U	0.23	0.062	U	0.062	0.064	U	0.064	0.14	U	0.14	0.22	U	0.22
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	0.20	U	0.20	0.072	U	0.072	0.088	U	0.088	0.16	U	0.16	0.21	U	0.21
7	J11JP4	3/9/06	0.37	U	0.37	0.075	U	0.075	0.090	U	0.090	0.19	U	0.19	0.25	U	. 0.25
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	0.28	U	0.28	0.089	U	0.089	0.10	U	0.10	0.19	U	0.19	0.24	U	. 0.24
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	0.31	U	0.31	0.088	U	0.088	0.10	U	0.10	0.18	U	0.18	0.28	Ų	0.28
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	0.27	U	0.27	0.11	U	0.11	0.11	U	0.11	0.26	U	0.26	0.40	U	0.40
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	0.30	U	0.30	0.13	U	• 0.13	0.071	U	0.071	0.15	U	0.15	0.22	U	0.22

HEIS = Hanford Environmental Information System

MDA = minimum detectable activity

J = estimated

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Note: The following abbreviations apply to all Attachment 1 tables.

Note: Data qualified with B, C, D and/or J are considered acceptable values.

B = method blank contamination (organic constituents)

C = method blank contamination (inorganic constituents)

D = diluted

Attachment Sheet No. 1 of 16 1 Janc Date 07/10/06 Originator J. M. Capron Checked T. M. Blakley mo Date 7/12 106 Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0263 Rev. No.

Q = qualifier

U = undetected

PQL = practical quantitation limit

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

Rev. 0

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			A	llaci	ument 1.	100/-1	<u>5 v</u>	erification	JII Sain	pnn	g Kesul	13.	-		•		
Sample	HEIS	Sample	Eur	opiun	1-155	Pot	assiu	m-40	Rac	lium	-226	Rad	lium	-228	Silv	er-10	8m
Location	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	0.17	U	0.17	10.6		0.74	0.437		0.13	0.626		0.34	0.050	U	0.050
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	0.15	υ	0.15	12.2		0.53	0.372		0.14	0.508		0.32	0.047	U	0.047
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	0.17	U	0.17	10.4		0.92	0.339		0.17	0.307	U	0.35	0.059	U	0.059
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	0.19	U	0.19	13.6		0.65	0.604		0.13	0.833		0.26	0.053	U	0.053
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	0.16	U	0.16	11.6		0.85	0.342		0.13	0.609		0.29	0.042	U	0.042
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	0.15	U	0.15	12.0		0.65	0.320		0.12	. 0.504		0.27	0.045	U	0.045
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	0.18	U	0.18	9.18		0.73	0.433		0.15	0.776		0.29	0.056	U	0.056
7	J11JP4	3/9/06	0.20	U	0.20	12.9		0.88	0.471		0.16	0.526		0.36	0.057	U	0.057
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	0.20	U	0.20	10.8		0.79	0.484		0.14	0.863		0.32	0.049	U	0.049
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	0.21	U	0.21	13.1		0.72	0.397		0.15	0.825		0.38	0.055	U.	0.055
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	0.25	U	0.25	12.4		1.3	0.598		0.17	1.30		0.37	0.084	U	0.084
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	0.16	U	0.16	12.2		0.61	0.451		0.12	0.525		0.28	0.046	υ	0.046
Sample	HEIS	Sample	Tho	orium	-228	The	oriun	n-232	Ura	nium	-235	Urai	niun	1-238			
Location	Number	Date	pCi/g	Q	MDA .	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	pCi/g	Q	MDA	-		
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	0.667		0.12	0.626		0.34	0.25	U	0.25	8.5	U	8.5			
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	0.615		0.078	0.508		0.32	0.24	U	0.24	7.7	U	7.7			
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	0.642		0.13	0.307	U	0.35	0.26	U	0.26	9.3	U	9.3			
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	0.628		0.088	0.833		0.26	0.31	U	0.31	10	U	10			
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	0.402		0.076	0.609		0.29	0.26	U	0.26	8.3	U	8.3			
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	0.482		0.11	0.504		0.27	0.23	U	0.23	7.4	U	7.4			
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	0.606		0.13	0.776		0.29	0.28	U	0.28	9.8	U	9.8			
7	J11JP4	3/9/06	0.829		0.14	0.526		0.36	0.31	U	0.31	11	U	11	•		
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	0.575		0.12	0.863		0.32	0.30	U	0.30	10	U	10			
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	0.667		0.14	0.825		0.38	0.29	U	0.29	9.8	U	9.8	-		
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	0.651		0.11	1.30		0.37	0.37	U	0.37	13	U	13	·		
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	0.549	J	0.078	0.525		0.28	0.25	U	0.25	8.2	υ	8.2			

Attachment

Originator

Checked

Calc. No.

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Rev. 0

Sheet No.

Date

Date

Rev. No.

1

J. M. Capron

T. M. Blakley

0100F-CA-V0263

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07/10/06

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Sample	HEIS	Sample	Al	uminı	ım	A	ntim	ony	A	rsen	ic	B	ariu	m	Be	rylliu	m
Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	7380		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	26.4		2.5	81.8		0.31	0.29		0.02
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	6890		2.5	3.3	IJ	3.3	27.5		2.6	78.4		0.31	0.29		0.02
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	5380		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	23.7		2.5	63.7		0.30	0.23		0.02
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	5290		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	53.9		2.5	71.2		0.31	0.21		0.02
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	5530		2.4	3.3	UJ	3.3	31.7		2.5	60.7		0.31	0.23		0.02
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	5610		2.3	3.1	UJ	2 of	16		2.4	58.6		0.29	0.18		0.02
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	6550		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	16.5		2.5	67.6		0.30	0.25		0.02
. 7	J11JP4	3/9/06	6540		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	18.1		2.5	72.2		0.30	0.26		0.02
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	6320		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	27.7		2.5	79.7		0.30	0.23		0.02
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	6130		2.4	3.2	UJ	3.2	15.4		2.5	56.1		0.30	0.20		0.02
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	6500		2.5	3.3	UJ	3.3	26.1		2.6	70.1		0.31	0.26		0.02
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	5460	С	2.9	0.45	បរ	0.45	12.1		0.62	60.2	CJ	0.02	0.02		0.02
Equipment blank	J11JN7	3/9/06	70.1		2.2	3.0	ບຸ	3.0	2.3	U	2.3	2.0		0.28	0.11		0.02
,				••													
Sample	HEIS	Sample		Boron			admi			alciu			rom			obal	
Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	0.53	J	0.26	0.43	U	0.43	3530		2.2	10.0		0.65	5.8		0.56
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	0.67	J	0.27	0.44	U	0.44	3200		2.3	10.3		0.67	6.2		0.57
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	0.26	UJ	0.26	0.42	U	0.42	2980		2.2	8.0		0.64	5.4		0.55
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	0.28	J	0.27	0.43	U	0.43	2910	· .	2.2	7.9		0.66	5.4		0.56
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	0.29	J	0.27	0.46		0.43	3400		2.3	7.9		0.66	5.5		0.57
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	0.25	UJ	0.25	0.41	U	0.41	2600		2.1	9.6		0.63	4.8		0.54
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	0.26	UJ	0.26	0.42	U	0.42	3850		2.2	9.5		0.65	6.7		0.56
7	J11JP4	3/9/06	0.40	J	0.26	0.43	U	0.43	3500		2.2	8.7		0.65	5.8		0.56
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	0.41	J	0.26	0.42	U	0.42	3160		2.2	9.7		0.64	5.4		0.55
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	0.26	UJ	0.26	0.42	U	0.42	3210		2.2	10.2		0.64	5.8		0.55
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	0.41	J	0.27	0.44	U	0.44	3480		2.3	9.9		0.67	5.9		0.57
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	1.7	С	0.24	0 . 27 ·		0.07	4180		1.7	9.4		0.13	5.2		0.14
Equipment blank	J11JN7	3/9/06	0.24	បរ	0.24	0.39	U	0.39	30.6		2.0	0.60	υ	0.60	0.51	U	0.51

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	1	Sheet No	<u>3 of 16</u>
Originator	J. M. Capron	Date	07/10/06
Checked	T. M. Blakley	Date	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No	0
Calc. INO.	01001-CA- ¥ 0205		

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Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

Sample	HEIS	Sample		Coppe			Iron	ermeau		Lead			ones	ium	Ma	ngan	ese
Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Oppe	PQL	mg/kg	0	PQL	mg/kg		PQL	mg/kg		PQL	mg/kg		PQL
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	14.0		0.22	16400	<u> </u>	0.55	139		2.6	4050		4.0	294	X	0.33
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	12.7		0.23	15200		0.56	135		2.7	3850		4.1	284		0.33
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	13.7		0.22	12900		0.54	106		2.6	3370		3.9	243		0.32
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	10.3		0.23	12600		0.55	277		2.7	3200		4.0	254		0.33
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	12.0		0.23	13600	[0.56	115		2.7	3520		4.0	262		0.33
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	12.5		0.22	13900		0.53	27.2	•	2.5	3400		3.8	210		0.31
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	14.7		0.22	16700		0.55	34.9		2.6	4230	ŀ	4.0	280		0.32
7	J11JP4	3/9/06	11.5		0.22	14800		0.55	25.5		2.6	3700		4.0	276		0.32
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	12.0		0.22	14000		0.54	93.3		2.6	3530		3.9	255		0.32
9	J11ЛР6	3/9/06	12.6		0.22	14700		0.54	71.4		2.6	3750		3.9	238		0.32
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	11.0		0.23	15200		0.56	106		2.7	3740		4.1	282		0.33
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	14.5		0.12	13000	с	3.5	54.9		0.31	3430		0.98	255	,	0.03
Equipment blank	J11JN7	3/9/06	2.0		0.21	2890	·	0.50	2.4	υ	2.4	13.6		3.7	20.4		0.30
						r			r						~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
Sample	HEIS	Sample		lercu				enum		Nicke			tassi			leniu	
Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.51	U	0.51	10.9		0.91	1530		78.5	3.7	U	3.7
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.52	U	0.52	10.5		0.93	1510		80.3	3.8	υ	3.8
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.50	Ú	0.50	9.4		0.89	1050		77.1	3.6	U	3.6
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.51	U	0.51	8.6		0.91	1340		79.0	3.7	U	3.7
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.52	U	0.52	10.2		0.92	1060		79.7	3.8	U	3.8
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	0.04		0.02	0.49	U	0.49	8.6		0.87	682		75.5	3.6	U	3.6
6.	J11JP3	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.51	U	0.51	10.6		0.90	918		77.9	4.2		3.7
. 7	J11JP4	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.51	U	0.51	9.1		0.90	1150		78.1	3.7	U	3.7
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.50	U	0.50	10.0		0.90	1330	·	77.6	3.7	U	3.7
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	. 0.02		0.02	0.50	Ū	0.50	10.5		0.89	1070		77.2	3.7	U	3.7
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.52	U	0.52	9.8		0.93	1420		80.3	3.8	U	3.8
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	0.03		0.02	0.29	Ŭ	0.29	9.6		0.24	1160	С	2.3	0.48	υc	0.48
Equipment blank	J11JN7	3/9/06	0.02	U	0.02	0.47	υ	0.47	0.83	υ	0.83	72.1	υ	72.1	3.4	U	3.4

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	1	Sheet No	4 of 16
Originator	J. M. Capron	Date	07/10/06
Checked	T. M. Blakley	Date	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No.	0

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

Sample	HEIS	Sample	5	Silicon	L		Silve	r	S	odiu	m	Va	nadi	um		Zinc	
Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
1	J11JN8	3/9/06	490	J	0.91	0.57	U	0.57	109		2.6	35.9		0.32	44.8		0.16
Duplicate of J11JN8	J11JP8	3/9/06	494	J	0.93	0.58	U	0.58	98.7		2.6	32.7		0.32	41.8		0.17
2	J11JN9	3/9/06	653	J	0.89	0.56	U	0.56	82.2		2.5	28.4		0.31	35.4		0.16
3	J11JP0	3/9/06	581	J	0.91	0.57	U	0.57	81.6		2.6	27.2		0.32	37.8	·	0.16
4	J11JP1	3/9/06	643	J	0.92	0.58	U	0.58	86.5		2.6	30.1		0.32	33.9		0.17
5	J11JP2	3/9/06	443	J	0.87	0.55	U	0.55	110		2.5	33.9		0.30	41.0		0.16
6	J11JP3	3/9/06	504	J	0.90	0.57	U	0.57	115		2.5	37.4		0.31	36.3		0.16
7	J11JJP4	3/9/06	618	J	0.90	0.57	U	0.57	118		2.5	31.2		0.31	34.8		0.16
8	J11JP5	3/9/06	465	J	0.90	0.56	U	0.56	99.1		2.5	29.6		0.31	52.1		0.16
9	J11JP6	3/9/06	391	J	0.89	0.56	U	0.56	102		2.5	34.5		0.31	38.2		0.16
10	J11JP7	3/9/06	804	J	0.93	0.58	U	0.58	98.7		2.6	33.7		0.32	38.0		0.17
Waste staging area	J11L17	3/20/06	630	J	2.3	0.07	UC	0.07	100	С	0.77	28.2		0.09	38.4		0.16
Equipment blank	J11JN7	3/9/06	64.6	J	0.83	0.52	υ	0.52	8.5		2.3	0.29	U	0.29	4.9		0.15

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment1Sheet No.5 of 16OriginatorJ. M. CapronDate07/10/06CheckedT. M. BlakleyDateCalc. No.0100F-CA-V0263Rev. No.0

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Atta		: 1. 11JN		3 Verifi			oling Re	esults	5.			
		11JP		J	11JN	9	J	11JP)			
Constituents	n 1	Duplica	te of	J11JN8	Lo	cation	12	Lo	catio	13		
Constituents	Sample	e Date	e 3/9/06	Sample			Sample	e Date	3/9/06	Sample		
	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	0	PQL	µg/kg	0	PQL
			Polychlo	orinated [Biphe	enyls				L		
Aroclor-1016	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	U	14	15	U	15
Aroclor-1221	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	U	14	15	U	15
Aroclor-1232	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	U	14	15	U	15
Aroclor-1242	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	U	14	15	U	15
Aroclor-1248	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	U	14	15	U	15
Aroclor-1254	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	U	14	15	Ū	15
Aroclor-1260	15	U	15	15	U	15	14	Ū	14	15	Ū	15
				Pesticide	28						<u> </u>	
Aldrin	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
alpha-BHC	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
alpha-Chlordane	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
beta-BHC	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
delta-BHC	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Dieldrin	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Endosulfan I	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Endosulfan II	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Endosulfan sulfate	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Endrin	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Endrin aldehyde	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Endrin ketone	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
gamma-Chlordane	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Heptachlor	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Heptachlor epoxide	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Methoxychlor	1.5	UD	1.5	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5
Toxaphene	15	UDJ		15	UDJ	15	14	UDJ	14	15	UDJ	1.5
	1			e Organi			L	1.0.00	<u> </u>		1000	15
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	360	UJ	360	370	UJ	370	360	UJ	360	360	UJ	360
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	Ū	360
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	Ū	360	360	U	360
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	910	U	910	930	U	930	900	U	900	910	Ū	910
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	Ŭ	360
2,4-Dichlorophenol	360	Ū	360	370	U	370	360	Ū	360	360	U	360
2,4-Dimethylphenol	360	U	360	370	Ū	370	360	Ū	360	360	U	360
2,4-Dinitrophenol	910	UJ	910	930	UJ	930	900	UJ	900	910	UJ	910
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	360	U	360	370	Ū	370	360	Ŭ	360	360	U	360
2-Chloronaphthalene	360	Ū	360	370	Ū	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Chlorophenol	360	Ū	360	370	Ū	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Methylnaphthalene	360	Ū	360	370	Ū	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Methylphenol (cresol, o-)	360	Ū	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Nitroaniline	910	Ū	910	930	U	930	900	U	900	910	U	910
2-Nitrophenol	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results

Attachment	1	Sheet No.	6 of 16
Originator	J. M. Capron	Date	07/10/06
Checked	T. M. Blakley	Date	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No.	0

Au	achment											
		11JN		-	11JP	-		11JN			11JP	
Constituents		catio				J11JN8	Lo	catio	n 2	Lo	catio	n 3
Constituents		Dat	e 3/9/06			e 3/9/06	Sample	e Date	3/9/06	Sample	Date	3/9/06
	μg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
			tile Orga		poun	ds (conti	nued)					
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
3-Nitroaniline	910	U	910	930	U	930	900	U	900	910	U	910
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	910	U	910	930	U	930	900	U	900	910	U	910
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Chloroaniline	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Methylphenol (p-cresol)	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Nitroaniline	910	U	910	930	U	930	900	U	900	910	U	910
4-Nitrophenol	910	U	910	930	U	930	. 900	U	900	910	U	910
Acenaphthene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Acenaphthylene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U.	360	360	U	360
Anthracene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(a)anthracene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(a)pyrene	360	U	360	33	J	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	360	U	360	23	J	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	360	U	360	29	J	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	660	U	660	660	U	660	660	U	660	660	U	660
Butylbenzylphthalate	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Carbazole	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Chrysene .	360	U	· 360	22	J	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Di-n-butylphthalate	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	25	J	360
Di-n-octylphthalate	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360.	360	U	360
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	360	U	360	370	U.	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Dibenzofuran	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Diethylphthalate	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Dimethylphthalate	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Fluoranthene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Fluorene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachlorobenzene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachlorobutadiene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachloroethane	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	360	U	360	22	J	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Isophorone	360	UJ	360	370	UJ	370	360	UJ	360	360	UJ	360
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Naphthalene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Nitrobenzene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Pentachlorophenol	910	U	910	930	U	930	900	U	900	910	U	910
Phenanthrene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Phenol	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360
Pyrene	360	U	360	370	U	370	360	U	360	360	U	360

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	1	Sheet No.	7 of 16
Originator	J. M. Capron	Date	07/10/06
Checked	T. M. Blakley	Date	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No.	0

[·····		11JN	2007-r3		11JP			11JN		ĭ	11JP	<u>,</u>
	-	catio	-	Duplica		- 1		cation	•		cation	
Constituents	1		e 3/9/06	Sample					2/9/06	1. A.		1
· · · · ·	μg/kg	Q	PQL	μg/kg		PQL	ug/kg	Q	PQL	Sample µg/kg	O	POL
	μg/kg		/olatile (µg/kg	Q	rųl	µg/kg	Q	PQL
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	. 6	UJ	6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	
1,1-Dichloroethane	5	U U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
1.2-Dichloroethane	5	U			UJ							6
		_	5	6		6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
2-Butanone	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	IJ	11
2-Hexanone	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11 .	UJ	11
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	UJ	11
Acetone	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	UJ	11
Benzene	5	U	5	. 6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Bromodichloromethane	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Bromoform	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Bromomethane	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	UJ	11
Carbon disulfide	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Carbon tetrachloride	5	U	5.	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Chlorobenzene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Chloroethane	10	U	10	11	IJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	UJ	11
Chloroform	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Chloromethane	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	UJ	11
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6 ·
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6 ·
Dibromochloromethane	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Ethylbenzene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
m&p-Xylene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Methylene chloride	18	U	18	27	UJ	27	15	UJ	15	25	UJ	25
o-Xylene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Styrene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	- 5	6	UJ	6
Tetrachloroethene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Toluene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	5	U	5	6.	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Trichloroethene	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6
Vinyl chloride	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	10	UJ	10	11	UJ	11
Xylenes (total)	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	5	UJ	5	6	UJ	6

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	1	Sheet No.	8 of 16
Originator	J. M. Capron	Date	07/10/06
Checked	T. M. Blakley	Date	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No.	0

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.												
	J	11JP	1	J	11JP	2	J	11JP.	3	J	11JP	1
Guntiturete	Lo	catio	a 4	Lo	catio	n 5	Lo	cation	16	Location 7		
Constituents	Sample	e Date	3/9/06	Sample	Date	3/9/06	Sample	e Date	3/9/06	Sample		
	µg/kg	0	PQL	μg/kg		PQL	μg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
Polychlorinated Biphenyls												
Aroclor-1016	15	U	15	14	Û	14	14	U	14	14	U	14
Aroclor-1221	15	U	15	14	U	14	14	Ū	14	14	Ū	14
Aroclor-1232	15	Ū	15	14	Ū	14	14	Ū	14	14	Ū	14
Aroclor-1242	15	U	15	14	Ū	14	14	Ŭ	14	14	Ŭ	14
Aroclor-1248	15	Ū.	15	14	Ŭ	14	14	Ū	14	14	Ŭ	14
Aroclor-1254	15	Ū	15	14	Ū	14	14	Ŭ	14	14	U	14
Aroclor-1260	15	Ū	15	3.5	J	14	14	Ŭ	14	14	Ū	14
				Pesticide	-	.,		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Aldrin	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
alpha-BHC	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
alpha-Chlordane	1.5	UD	1.5	0.63	D	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
beta-BHC	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4		1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
delta-BHC	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Dieldrin	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Endosulfan I	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Endosulfan II	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Endosulfan sulfate	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Endrin	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Endrin aldehyde	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Endrin ketone	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	· 1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
gamma-Chlordane	1.5	UD	1.5	2.6	D	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Heptachlor	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Heptachlor epoxide	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Methoxychlor	1.5	UD	1.5	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4
Toxaphene	15	UDJ	15	14	UDJ	14	14	UDJ	14	14	UDJ	14
	•	Ser	nivolatil	e Organi	c Cor	npounds						
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	370	UJ	370	350	UJ	350	360	UJ	360	360	UJ	360
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	920	U	920	880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2,4-Dichlorophenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2,4-Dimethylphenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2,4-Dinitrophenol	920	UJ	920	880	UJ	880	900	UJ	900	900	UJ	900
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Chloronaphthalene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Chlorophenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Methylnaphthalene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Methylphenol (cresol, o-)	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
2-Nitroaniline	920	U	920	880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
2-Nitrophenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	
Originator	J. M
Checked	T. M
Calc. No.	0100

1
M. Capron
M. Blakley
00F-CA-V0263

Sheet No. 9 of 16 Date 07/10/06 Date Rev. No. 0

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.												
	J	11JP	1	J	11JP	2	J	11JP:	3	J	11JP	4
Gunditurente	Lo	catio	n 4	Lo	catio	n 5	Location 6 Location			a 7		
Constituents	Sample	e Date	e 3/9/06	Sample	Date	e 3/9/06	Sample	Date	3/9/06	Sample	Date	3/9/06
	µg/kg	Q	PQL	μg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (continued)												
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
3-Nitroaniline	920	U	920	880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	920	U	920	.880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Chloroaniline	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Methylphenol (p-cresol)	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
4-Nitroaniline	920	U	920	880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
4-Nitrophenol	920	U	920	880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
Acenaphthene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Acenaphthylene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Anthracene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360.	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(a)anthracene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(a)pyrene	370	U	370	350	U	. 350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	370.	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	660	U	660	660	U	660	660	U	660	660	U	660
Butylbenzylphthalate	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Carbazole	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	·U	360
Chrysene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Di-n-butylphthalate	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Di-n-octylphthalate	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Dibenzofuran	. 370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Diethylphthalate	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Dimethylphthalate	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Fluoranthene	370 -	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Fluorene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachlorobenzene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachlorobutadiene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Hexachloroethane	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Isophorone	370	UJ	370	350	UJ	350	360	UJ	360	360	UJ	360
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Naphthalene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Nitrobenzene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Pentachlorophenol	920	U	920	880	U	880	900	U	900	900	U	900
Phenanthrene	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Phenol	370	U	370	350	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360
Pyrene	370	U	370	350 .	U	350	360	U	360	360	U	360

Attachment	
Originator	J.
Checked	T
Calc. No.	01

1 . M. Capron ¹. M. Blakley 100F-CA-V0263 Sheet No. 10 of 16 07/10/06 Date Date Rev. No. 0

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

J11JP1 J11JP2 J11JP3 J11JP4												
												1
Constituents		catio			catio		Location 6			Location 7		
			e 3/9/06	Sample		and the second se	the second s		3/9/06	Sample		
	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
			/olatile C		_							
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5 ·	U	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
2-Butanone	11	U	11	10	U	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
2-Hexanone	11	U	11	10	U	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	11	U	11	10	U	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
Acetone	11	U	11	10	U	.10	10	UJ	10 .	10	U	10
Benzene	6	U	6	5.	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Bromodichloromethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Bromoform	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Bromomethane	11	U	11	10	U.	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
Carbon disulfide	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Carbon tetrachloride	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Chlorobenzene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Chloroethane	11	U	11	10	U	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
Chloroform	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Chloromethane	11	U	11	10	U	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Dibromochloromethane	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Ethylbenzene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
m&p-Xylene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Methylene chloride	19	U	19	15	U	15	19	UJ	19	11	U	11
o-Xylene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Styrene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Tetrachloroethene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Toluene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	6	U	6	· 5	U	5	. 5	UJ	5	5	U	5.
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Trichloroethene	6	U	6	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5
Vinyl chloride	11	U	11	10	Ū	10	10	UJ	10	10	U	10
Xylenes (total)	6.	U	6 ·	5	U	5	5	UJ	5	5	U	5

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

1	Sheet No.	11 of 16
J. M. Capron	Date	07/10/06
T. M. Blakley	Date	
0100F-CA-V0263	Rev. No.	0
	T. M. Blakley	J. M. CapronDateT. M. BlakleyDate

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

TTTT TTTT	chmen											
		111JP			J11JP6 J11JP7				J11L17			
Constituents	Location 8			Location 9		Location 10			Waste Staging Area			
Constitution		T	3/9/06			e 3/9/06	Sample		3/9/06	Sample	Date	3/20/06
	µg/kg	Q	PQL	μg/kg		PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
Polychlorinated Biphenyls												
Aroclor-1016	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	14	U	14
Aroclor-1221	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	.14	U	14
Aroclor-1232	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	14	U	14
Aroclor-1242	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	14	U	14
Aroclor-1248	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	14	U	14
Aroclor-1254	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	3.4	J	14
Aroclor-1260	14	U	14	14	U	14	15	U	15	14	U	14
				Pesticide	es							
Aldrin	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
alpha-BHC	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
alpha-Chlordane	1.0	JD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
beta-BHC	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
delta-BHC	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ū	0.35
Dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.49	J	0.35
Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	J	0.35
Dieldrin	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
Endosulfan I	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ū	0.35
Endosulfan II	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ŭ	0.35
Endosulfan sulfate	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ū	0.35
Endrin	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ŭ	0.35
Endrin aldehyde	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ū	0.35
Endrin ketone	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
gamma-Chlordane	2.6	D	1.4	0.61	JD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.83	J	0.35
Heptachlor	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
Heptachlor epoxide	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	Ū	0.35
Methoxychlor	1.4	UD	1.4	1.4	UD	1.4	1.5	UD	1.5	0.35	U	0.35
Toxaphene	14	UDJ	14	14	UDJ	14	15	UDJ	15	3.5	UJ	3.5
		Sen	nivolatil	e Organi	c Cor	npounds						
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	360	UJ	360	360	UJ	360	370	UJ	370	350	U	350
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	900	U	900	900	U	900	930	U	930	870	U	870
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
2,4-Dichlorophenol	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
2,4-Dimethylphenol	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
2,4-Dinitrophenol	900	UJ	900	900	UJ	900	930	UJ	930	870	U	870
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	Ū	370	350	Ū	350
2-Chloronaphthalene	360	Ū	360	360	U	360	370	Ū	370	350	U	350
2-Chlorophenol	360	Ū	360	360	Ū	360	370	U	370	350	Ŭ	350
2-Methylnaphthalene	360	Ū	360	360	Ū	360	370	Ŭ	370	350	Ū	350
2-Methylphenol (cresol, o-)	360	Ŭ	360	360	Ū	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
2-Nitroaniline	900	Ū	900	900	U	900	930	U	930	870	U	870
2-Nitrophenol	360	U	360	360	Ŭ	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
		<u> </u>	000		<u> </u>					1	1_0_	

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	
Originator	
Checked	
Calc. No.	•

1	
J. M. Capron	
T. M. Blakley	
0100F-CA-V02	63

Sheet No. <u>12 of 16</u> Date <u>07/10/06</u> Date Rev. No. 0

3-hitronaline 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U 870 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Chloroaniline 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Althyhpenol (p-cresol) 360 U 360 360 U 360 U 370 370 350 U 370 4-Nitrophenol 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 370 350 U 350 Acemaphthylene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 <th colspan="9">Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.</th>	Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.												
Barryle Date 3/9/06 Sample Date 3/9/06 Sample Date 3/20/06 Barryle Date 3/20/07 Barryle Date		J	11JP	25	J	11JP	6	J	11JP'	7	J	11L1	7
Barryle Date 3/9/06 Sample Date 3/9/06 Sample Date 3/20/06 Barryle Date 3/20/07 Barryle Date	Constitutorte	Lo	catio	n 8 -	Lo	catio	n 9	Lo	cation	10	Waste S	Stagir	ıg Area
Harks Q POL Jay 2b Joint Comparise Comparation Contracture Poll 3.3-Dichlorobenzidine 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 3-Nitrosmiline 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 370 350 U 350 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Khitophenol 900 U 900 U 900 930 U 370 350 U 350 4-Khitophenol 900 U<	Constituents	Sample	e Dat	e 3/9/06	Sample	Date	e 3/9/06	Sample	e Date	3/9/06			
Semi-value Computed Continued. 3-2bilchlorobenzidine 360 U 360 U 900 900 U			1										the second s
32-bichlerobenzidine 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 3-Nitroaniline 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U <		and the second se	ivola										
3-hitronaline 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U 870 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Chloroaniline 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 4-Methylphenol (p-cresol) 360 U 360 360 U 360 U 370 370 350 U 370 4-Nitrophenol 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 370 350 U 350 4-Nitrophenol 900 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 <td>3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine</td> <td>360</td> <td>U</td> <td>360</td> <td>360</td> <td>U</td> <td>360</td> <td>370</td> <td>U</td> <td>370</td> <td>350</td> <td>U</td> <td>350</td>	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
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	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	360	U	360	360	U	360		U	370			
	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	360	U	360	360	U	360		U		350	U	
	4-Chloroaniline	360	U	360		U	360		U			U	
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Benzo(k)fluoranthene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 bis(2-Chloro-thyl)ether 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Carbazole 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Di-n-octylphthalate 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
$\begin{array}{cccc} bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether \\ 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 J U 370 U 370 350 U 350 \\ bis(2-Chloroethxy)methane \\ 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 J U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 \\ bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether \\ 360 U 360 J 0 \\ 360 U 360 J 0 \\ 360 J 0 \\ 370 U 370 J 0 \\ J70 J 0$	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	Ū	370	350	U	
jais(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 jais(2-Chloroethxy)methane 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 jais(2-Chloroethyl)ether 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 U 370 U 370 350 U 350 jais(2-Chloroethyl)ether 360 U 360 S0 U 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 J <td>Benzo(k)fluoranthene</td> <td>360</td> <td>U</td> <td>360</td> <td>360</td> <td>U</td> <td>360</td> <td>370</td> <td>U</td> <td>370</td> <td>350</td> <td>U</td> <td></td>	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	
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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	660	U	660	660	U	660	660	U	660	660	U	660
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Carbazole	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		_	the second se									
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Naphthalene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Nitrobenzene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Pentachlorophenol 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U 870 Phenanthrene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 870 Phenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 870 Phenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350	Isophorone					UJ					350	U	350
Naphthalene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Nitrobenzene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Pentachlorophenol 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U 870 Phenanthrene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 870 Phenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 870						+					350	U	350
Nitrobenzene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Pentachlorophenol 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U 870 Phenanthrene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 870 Phenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine											U	350
Pentachlorophenol 900 U 900 900 U 900 930 U 930 870 U 870 Phenanthrene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Phenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350	Naphthalene		-					The second s			and the second se		
Phenanthrene 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350 Phenol 360 U 360 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350	Nitrobenzene							370		370	350	U	350
Phenol 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350	Pentachlorophenol											U	870
	Phenanthrene											U	350
Pyrene 360 U 360 U 360 U 360 370 U 370 350 U 350	Phenol					U			U			U	350
	Pyrene	360	U	360	360	U	360	370	U	370	350	U	350

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results

Attachment	1
Originator	J. M. Capron
Checked	T. M. Blakley
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.												
		11JP		J	11JP	6		[11JP		J	11L1 ⁴	7
Constituents	Lo	Location 8		Location 9		Location 10			Waste Staging Area			
Constituents	Sample Date 3/9/06		Sample Date 3/9/06		Sample Date 3/9/06			Sample Date 3/20/06				
	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL	µg/kg	Q	PQL
		Ţ	/olatile ()rganic (Comp	ounds				·····		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5	U	5	5	Ų	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,1-Dichloroethane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,1-Dichloroethene	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
2-Butanone	10	U	-10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
2-Hexanone	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
Acetone	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	5	J	12
Benzene	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Bromodichloromethane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Bromoform	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Bromomethane	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
Carbon disulfide	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Carbon tetrachloride	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Chlorobenzene	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Chloroethane	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
Chloroform	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	1	J	6
Chloromethane	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	· · 5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Dibromochloromethane	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Ethylbenzene	1	J	5	5	U	5	2	J	6	6	U	6
m&p-Xylene	2	J	5	5	U	5	4	J	6	1		***
Methylene chloride	18	U	18	21	U	21	43	JB	6	10	U	10
o-Xylene	1	J	5	5	U	5	2	J	6	1		
Styrene	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Tetrachloroethene	5	U	5 ·	5	U	5	2	J	6	6	U	6
Toluene	5	U	5	5	U	5	1	J	6	6	U	6
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	5	Ú	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5	U	5	5	U	5	6	UJ	6	6	U	6
Trichloroethene	5	U	5	5	U	.5	6	ŪJ	6	6	U	6
Vinyl chloride	10	U	10	10	U	10	11	UJ	11	12	U	12
Xylenes (total)	4	J	5	5	U	5	6	J	6	6	U	6

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	_
Originator	
Checked	7
Calc. No.	Ī

nem	1	
tor	J. M. Capron	
d	T. M. Blakley	
o.	0100F-CA-V0263	

Sheet No.	14 of 16
Date	07/10/06
Date	
Rev. No.	0 .

achment 1. 1607-F3 Verifica						
	1	11 J N				
Constituents	Equipment Blank					
Constituents	Sample	e Date	3/9/06			
	μg/kg	Q	PQL			
Semivolatile Organic (Compoun	ds				
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330	UJ	330			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330	U	330			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330	U	330			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330	U	330			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	840	U	840			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330	U	330			
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330	U	330			
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330	U	330			
2,4-Dinitrophenol	840	UJ	840			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330	U	330			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330	U	330			
2-Chloronaphthalene	330	U	330			
2-Chlorophenol	330	U	330			
2-Methylnaphthalene	330	U	330			
2-Methylphenol (cresol, o-)	330	U	330			
2-Nitroaniline	840	U	840			
2-Nitrophenol	330	U	330			
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	330	U	330			
3-Nitroaniline	330	U	330			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	840	U	840			
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	840	U	840			
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330	U	330			
4-Chloroaniline	330	U	330			
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	330	U.	330			
4-Methylphenol (p-cresol)	330	U	330			
4-Nitroaniline	840	U	840			
4-Nitrophenol	840	U	840			
Acenaphthene	330	U	330			
Acenaphthylene	330	U	330			
Anthracene	330	U	330			
Benzo(a)anthracene	330	U	330			
Benzo(a)pyrene	330	U	330			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330	U	330			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	330	U	330			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330	U	330			
bis(2-Chloro-1-methylethyl)ether	330	U	330			
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	330	U	330			
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	330 -	U	330			
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	660	U	660			
Butylbenzylphthalate	330	Ū	330			
Carbazole	330	Ū	330			
Chrysene	330	Ŭ	330			
Di-n-butylphthalate	97	J	330			
Di-n-octylphthalate	330	Ŭ	330			
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	330	U	330			
Dibenzofuran	330	U	330			
		1 1 1	530			

Attachment 1.	1607-F3 V	Verification	Sampling	Results.
True channer to	1007-10	<i>i</i> ci incation	Samonne	results.

Attachment	1	S
Originator	J. M. Capron	-
Checked	T. M. Blakley	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	

Sheet No.	15 of 16
Date	07/10/06
Date	
Rev. No.	0

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

	J11JN7 Equipment Blank					
Constituents						
Constituents	Sample	Sample Date 3/9/06				
	μg/kg	Q	PQL			
Semivolatile Organic Compo	ounds (cor	ıtinu	ed)			
Dimethylphthalate	330	U	330			
Fluoranthene	330	U	330			
Fluorene	330	U	330			
Hexachlorobenzene	330	U	330			
Hexachlorobutadiene	330	U	330			
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330	U	330			
Hexachloroethane	330	U	330			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	330	Ŭ	330			
Isophorone	330	UJ	330			
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine	330	U	330			
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	330	U	330			
Naphthalene	330	U	330			
Nitrobenzene	330	U	330			
Pentachlorophenol	840	U	840			
Phenanthrene	330	U	330			
Phenol	330	U	330			
Pyrene	330	U	330			

Attachment 1. 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results.

Attachment	1	S
Originator	J. M. Capron	
Checked	T. M. Blakley	
Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0263	

Sheet No.	16 of 16
Date	07/10/06
Date	
Rev. No.	0

CALCULATION COVER SHEET

Project Title:	Field Remediation		Job No.	14655
Area	100-F			
Discipline	Environmental	*Calc. No.	0100F-CA-V0275	
Subject	1607-F3 Phase II Cleanup Verification 95% U	JCL Calculations		
Computer Program	Excel	Program No.	Excel 2003	

The attached calculations have been generated to document compliance with established cleanup levels. These calculations should be used in conjunction with other relevant documents in the administrative record.

Commit	tted Calculation	X	Preliminary	Superseded	Voided	
Rev.	Sheet Numbers	Originator	Checker	Reviewer	Approval	Date
0	Cover = 1 $Sheets = 5$ $Attm. 1 = 1$ $Total = 7$	Kaanseln 2114/07	9m G 2/22/07	J.M.Blahley 2/22/07	J.D.F.M. J.D.Fan.Mr	ə/ 5 8/07
		K. A. Anselm	J. M. Capron	T. M. Blakely	S. W. Callison	
		L	SUMMARY OF R	EVISIONS		

WCH-DE-018 (09/01/2006)

* Obtain Calc No. from Document Control and Form from Intranet

Originator K. A. Arusim Used 10 box 14655 Subject 1007-137 Phne II Clemup Verification 95% UCL Calculations Checked J. M. Capron No. 1005 Summary Checked J. M. Capron Sheet No. 1007 Purpose: Calculate the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) values to evaluate compliance with cleanup standards for the remediation foorprint of the subject site. Also, perform the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-340-740(7)(c) 3-part test for nonradionuclide analytes and calculate the relative percent difference (RPD) for primary-duplicate sample asystem remediation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase II statistical verification as a perform the Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-340-740(7)(c) 3-part test for nonradionuclide analytes and calculate the relative percent difference (RPD) for primary-duplicate sample faits for explicit and the site required further remdiation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase II statistical verification as a perform the host sampling events (Machan Machan Sheet Sheet 1 to 3 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 1 to 3 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 1 to 10-Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 1 to 10-Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 1 to 10-Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 2 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 3 to 10 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 4 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 5 to 10 - Calculation Sheet Summary S	И	Vashington Closure Hanford
 Purpose: Calculate the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) values to evaluate compliance with cleanup standards for the remediation footprint of the subject site. Also, perform the <i>Washington Administrative Code</i> (WAC) 173-340-740(7)(c) 3-part test for norradional/de analytes and calculate the relative percent difference (RPD) for primary-duplicate sample pairs, as necessary. The verification data results from the 1607-F3 Phase I sampling (WCH 2006) indicated that this site required further remdiation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase I statistical verification sampling event, which was conducted after subsequent remediation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase I statistical verificatical verification package (RSVP) for the 1607-F3 waste site. Sheets 1 to 3 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 4 - Calculation Sheet Remediation Footprint Verification Data Sheet 5 - Ecology Software (MTCAStat) Results and Duplicate Analysis Attachment 1 - 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results (Phase II Analysis Attachment 1 - 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results (Phase II Analysis Plan (SAP), DOE/RL-96-22, Rev. 4, U.S. Department of Emergy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington. DOE/RL, 2005R, <i>Renedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP)</i>, DOE/RL-96-17, Rev. 5, U.S. Department of Energy, Steh Managera, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Background Data National Design Report/Remedial Action Nork Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP), DOE/RL-96-17, Rev. 5, U.S. Department of Energy, Steh Managera, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Background Data Nit Below-decadial Design Report/Remedial Action Managera, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Bac		Project Field Remediation Job No. 14655 Checked J. M. Capron 1990 Date 2/22/07
 Purpose: Calculate the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) values to evaluate compliance with cleanup standards for the remediation footprint of the subject site. Also, perform the <i>Washington Administrative Code</i> (WAC) 173-340-740(7)(c) 3-part test for norradional/de analytes and calculate the relative percent difference (RPD) for primary-duplicate sample pairs, as necessary. The verification data results from the 1607-F3 Phase I sampling (WCH 2006) indicated that this site required further remdiation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase I statistical verification sampling event, which was conducted after subsequent remediation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase I statistical verificatical verification package (RSVP) for the 1607-F3 waste site. Sheets 1 to 3 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 4 - Calculation Sheet Remediation Footprint Verification Data Sheet 5 - Ecology Software (MTCAStat) Results and Duplicate Analysis Attachment 1 - 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results (Phase II Analysis Attachment 1 - 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results (Phase II Analysis Plan (SAP), DOE/RL-96-22, Rev. 4, U.S. Department of Emergy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington. DOE/RL, 2005R, <i>Renedial Design Report/Remedial Action Work Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP)</i>, DOE/RL-96-17, Rev. 5, U.S. Department of Energy, Steh Managera, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Background Data National Design Report/Remedial Action Nork Plan for the 100 Area (RDR/RAWP), DOE/RL-96-17, Rev. 5, U.S. Department of Energy, Steh Managera, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Background Data Nit Below-decadial Design Report/Remedial Action Managera, Supplement S-6, Analyzing Site or Bac	5	Summary
53	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 Phrpose: Calculate the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) values to evaluate compliance with cleanup standards for the remediation footprint of the subject site. Also, perform the <i>Washington Administrative Code</i> (WAC) 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test for nonradionuclide analytes and calculate the relative percent difference (RPD) for primary-duplicate sample pairs, as necessary. The verification data results from the 1607-F3 Phase I sampling (WCH 2006) indicated that this site required further remdiation for residual arsenic and lead contaminations. This 95% UCL evaluates the data from the 1607-F3 Phase I statistical verification for residual arsenic and lead contamination was performed at the site. Arsenic and lead were the only constituents analzyed in the Phase II sampling. The results from both sampling events (Phase I and Phase II) are presented and discussed in detail in the remaining sites verification package (RSVP) for the 1607-F3 waste site. Table of Contents: Sheets 1 to 3 - Calculation Sheet Summary Sheet 4 - Calculation Sheet Remediation Footprint Verification Data Sheet S - Ecology Software (MTCAStat) Results (Phase II Arsenic and Lead Data) Given/References: 1) Sample Results (Attachment 1). 2) Remedial action goals (RAGs) are from DOE-RL (2005b) and Ecology (2005). 3) DOE-RL, 2005a, <i>100 Area Remedial Action Sampling and Analysis Plan</i> (SAP), DOE/RL-96-22, Rev. 4, U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington. 4) DOE-RL 2005b, <i>Remedial Action Sampling and Analysis Plan</i> (SAP), DOE/RL-96-22, Rev. 4, U.S. Department of Ecology, 1092, <i>Statistical Guidance for Ecology Site Managers</i>, Publication #92-54, Washington Department of Ecology, 1092, <i>Statistical Guidance for Ecology Site Managers</i>, Supplement 5-6, Analyzing Site or Background Data with Below-detection Limit or Below-QU values (Censored Data Sets), Publication #92-54, Washington Department of Ecology, 0lympia, W
54		

	CALCULATION SHEET												
· <u>v</u>	Vashington Closure Hanford Originator K. A. Anselm ICAC Date 02/21/07 Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0275 Rev. No. 0												
	Originator K. A. Anselm Cub Date 02/21/07 Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0275 Rev. No. 0 Project Field Remediation Job No. 14655 Checked J. M. Capron Date 1/2267 Subject 1607-F3 Phase II Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations Sheet No. 2 of 5												
5	Summary (continued)												
1	Calculation Description:												
	The subject calculations were performed on data from soil verification samples from the subject waste site. The data were												
4	entered into an EXCEL 2003 spreadsheet and calculations performed by using the built-in spreadsheet functions and/or creating												
	formulae within the cells. The statistical evaluation of data for use in accordance with the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005b) is												
	documented by this calculation. Duplicate RPD results are used in evaluation of data quality within the RSVP for this site.												
7 8	Mathadalaam												
	Methodology: For nonradioactive analytes with \leq 50% of the data below detection limits and all radionuclide analytes, the statistical value												
10 1	calculated to evaluate the effectiveness of cleanup is the 95% UCL. The 95% UCL was not calculated for nonradionuclide data												
11	sets with no reported detections. For nonradioactive analytes with $>50\%$ of the data below detection limits, the maximum												
12 13	detected value for the data set is used instead of the 95% UCL. The evaluation of the portion of the data set below detection												
14	limits was performed by direct inspection of the attached sample results. The evaluation of the portion of each analyte's data set												
	below detection limits was determined by direct inspection of the attached sample results, and no further calculations were												
16 17	performed for those data sets where >50% of the data was below detection limits.												
18	All nonradionuclide data reported as being undetected are set to ½ the detection limit value for calculation of the statistics												
19	(Ecology 1993). For the statistical evaluation of duplicate sample pairs, the samples are averaged before being included in the												
20 21	data set, after adjustments for censored data as described above.												
22													
23	For nonradionuclides, the WAC 173-340 statistical guidance suggests that a test for distributional form be performed on the data												
24 25	and the 95% UCL calculated on the appropriate distribution using Ecology software. For nonradionuclide small data sets (n <												
26	10), the calculations are performed assuming nonparametric distribution, so no tests for distribution are performed. For nonradionuclide data sets of ten or greater, as for this site, distributional testing and calculation of the 95% UCL is done using												
27	Ecology's MTCAStat software (Ecology 1993). Due to differences in addressing censored data between the RDR/RAWP (DOE-												
28 29	RL 2005b) and MTCAStat coding and due to a limitation in the MTCAStat coding (no direct capability to address variable												
30	quantitation limits within a data set), substitutions for censored data are performed before software input and the resulting data set												
31	treated as uncensored.												
32 33	The WAC 172, 240, $740(7)(c)$ 2 meet test is performed for source discussible analytics only and determines if												
34	The WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test is performed for nonradionuclide analytes only and determines if: 1) the 95% UCL exceeds the most stringent cleanup limit for each COPC/COC,												
35	2) greater than 10% of the raw data exceed the most stringent cleanup limit for each COPC/COC,												
36 37	3) the maximum value of the raw data set exceeds two times the most stringent cleanup limit for each COPC/COC.												
38													
39	The WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) 3-part test is not performed for data sets where the statistical value defaults to the maximum value.												
40 41	Instead, direct comparison of the maximum value against site RAGs (within the RSVP) is used as the compliance basis.												
42	The RPD is calculated when both the primary value and the duplicate are above detection limits and are greater than 5 times the												
43	target detection limit (TDL). The TDL is a laboratory detection limit pre-determined for each analytical method, listed in Table												
44 45	II-1 of the SAP (DOE-RL 2005a). Where direct evaluation of the attached sample data showed that a given analyte was not detected in the primary and/or duplicate sample, further evaluation of the RPD value was not performed. The RPD calculations												
46	use the following formula:												
47													
48 49	RPD = [M-S /((M+S)/2)]*100												
50	where, $M = main \text{ sample value}$ $S = split (or duplicate) sample value$												
51													
52 53	When an analyte is detected in the primary or duplicate sample, but was quantified at less than 5 times the TDL in one or both												
55 54	samples, an additional parameter is evaluated. In this case, if the difference between the primary and duplicate results exceeds a control limit of 2 times the TDL, further assessment regarding the usability of the data is performed. This assessment is provided												
55	in the data quality assessment section of the RSVP.												
56 57													
51													

CALCULATION SHEET

0	riginator <u>K. A. Anselm</u> Project Field Remedi			Date Job No.	02/21/07		0100F-CA-V0275 M. Capron gmc	Rev. No.	0 1/22/07
	Subject 1607-F3 Phas	se II Cleanup Ver	ification 95% L		ons			Sheet No.	*3 of 5
	Summary (continued Methodology (contin		9					······	
3	For quality assurance/	quality control	(QA/QC) spli	t and duplica	te RPD calcula	ations, a value	less than 30% indic	ates the data	
	compare favorably. F								
	regulatory split data),							re collected a	it this
6	site. Additional discu	ission is provide	d in the data of	quality assess	ment section of	of the RSVP, as	s necessary.		
7									
	Results: The results presented	in the summary	tables that fo	llow include	the 95% UCL	calculations th	he WAC 3-part test	evaluation a	ind the
-	RPD calculations, and					calculations, a		e araanon, a	ind the
	iti D balourations, une								
11 12		*****	······································	*****					
13	Results Summary	- Remediation	Footprint]					
14	Analyte	95% UCL	Units						
	Arsenic	8.2	mg/kg						
ł	Lead	29	mg/kg						
17				_			•		
18	WAC 173-340-740(7)(e) Evaluation	L	Because of	the "yes" answ	wers to the 3-			
19					for lead, addit				
	WAC 173-340 3-Part		100		luations will b				
	95% UCL > Cleanup		YES	The data	set meets the	3-part test			
	> 10% above Cleanup Any sample > 2x Clea		YES YES		when compare				
23 24	Any sample > 2x Clea	anup Linit?	165	exp	osure cleanup	level.			
24									
20	Relative Percent Di	fference Resul	ts* - OA/OC	1					
26		Analysis							
27	Analyte	Duplicate	Analysis]					
28	Arsenic								
	Lead								
30	* RPD listed where resu	ilt produced, base	d on criteria. I	f RPD not req	uired, no value i	is listed.			
31									
	Abbreviations/Acros	-							
	COPC = contaminant of p								
	GW = groundwater								
	HEIS = Hanford Environm MTCA = Model Toxic Co.		System						
	PQL = practical quantitati								
39	Q = qualifier								
	QA = quality assurance QC = quality control								
	RAG = remedial action go	bal							
	RPD = relative percent dif						•		
	RSVP = remaining sites v SAP = sampling and analy								
	5 TDL = target detection line								
	UCL = upper confidence l								
48	WAC = Washington Adm	inistrative Code							

CALCULATION SHEET

Originator K. A. Anselm Kaa	Date_	02/21/07	Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0275 Rev. No. 0
Project Field Remediation	Job No.	14655	Checked J. M. Capron QUC Date 2/22/05
Subject 1607-F3 Phase II Cleanup Verification 959	% UCL Calcu	lations	Sheet No. $4 \text{ of } 5$

1 Remediation Footprint Verification Data

2	Sample	HEIS	Sample	Arsenic				Lead	
3	Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
4	6	J13W48	12/18/06	2.1		0.89	4.7		0.46
5	Duplicate of J13W48	J13W49	12/18/06	4.1		0.89	16.0		0.46
6	1	J13W53	12/18/06	4.3		0.88	11.3		0.45
7	2	J13W51	12/18/06	6.9		0.89	24.5		0.46
8	3	J13W52	12/18/06	1.7		0.89	4.2		0.46
9	4	J13W54	12/18/06	5.2		0.89	9.9		0.46
10	5	J13W55	12/18/06	1.9		0.90	3.0		0.47
11	7	J13W50	12/18/06	3.7		0.90	10.0		0.46
12	8	J13W56	12/18/06	15.2		0.96	47.3		0.49
13	9	J13W46	12/18/06	1.9		0.89	4.4		0.46
14	10	J13W47	12/18/06	3.6		0.90	10.3		0.46

15

16 Statistical Computation Input Data

17	Sample	HEIS	Sample	Arsenic	Lead
18	Location	Number	Date	mg/kg	mg/kg
19	6	J13W48/J13W49	12/18/06	3.1	10.4
20	1	J13W53	12/18/06	4.3	11.3
21	2	J13W51	12/18/06	6.9	24.5
22	3	J13W52	12/18/06	1.7	4.2
23	4	J13W54	12/18/06	5.2	9.9
24	5	J13W55	12/18/06	1.9	3.0
25	7	J13W50	12/18/06	3.7	10.0
26	8.	J13W56	12/18/06	15.2	47.3
27	9	J13W46	12/18/06	1.9	4.4
28	10	J13W47	12/18/06	3.6	10.3

29 Statistical Computations

29	Statistical Computations						
30		Arsenic			Lead		
31	95% UCL value based on	<u> </u>		$n \ge 10$), use mal distribution.	Large data set ($n \ge 10$), use MTCAStat lognormal distribution.		
32	N	10			10		
33	% < Detection limit	0%			0%		
34	Mean	4.8			13.5		
35	Standard deviation	4.0			13.3		
36	95% UCL on mean	8.2			29.1		
37	Maximum detected value	15.2			47.3		
38	Statistical value	8.2			29.1		
39	Most Stringent Cleanup Limit for <u>Nonradionuclide and RAG Type</u> WAC 173-340 3-PART TEST			ect Exposure/ Giver Protection	GW & River 10.2 Protection		
40	95% UCL > Cleanup Limit?	NO			YES		
41	> 10% above Cleanup Limit?				YES		
42	Any sample > 2X Cleanup Limit?				YES		
	Further WAC 173-340 Compliance? evaluation required		n comp		Because of the 3-part test, add evaluations wi data set meets	e "yes" answers to the litional site-specific ll be performed. The the 3-part test criteria ed to direct exposure	

CALCULATION SHEET

Originator K. A. Anselm ICaa	Date_	02/21/07	Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0275	Rev. No. 0
Project Field Remediation	Job No.	14655	Checked J. M. Capron	Date <u>2/22/07</u>
Subject 1607-F3 Phase II Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations				Sheet No. <u>5 of 5</u>

Ecology Software (MTCAStat) Results

1	DATA	D	Arsenic 95% U	Arsenic 95% UCL Calculation			ID	Lead 95%	UCL C	Calculation	
2	3.1	J13W48/J13W49				10.35	J13W48/J13W4	19			
3	4.3	J13W53				11.3	J13W53				
4	6.9	J13W51	Number of samples	Uncensored values		24.5	J13W51	er of samples		Uncensored values	
5	1.7	J13W52	Uncensored 1	0 Mean	4.8	4.2	J13W52	Uncensored	10	Mean	13.5
6	5.2	J13W54	Censored	Lognormal mean	4.7	9.9	J13W54	Censored		Lognormal mean	13.7
7	1.9	J13W55	Detection limit or PQL	Std. devn.	4.0	3.0	J13W55	limit or PQL		Std. devn.	13.3
8	3.7	J13W50	Method detection limit	Median	3.7	10.0	J13W50	etection limit		Median	10.2
9	15.2	J13W56	TOTAL 1	0 Min.	1.7	47.3	J13W56	TOTAL	10	Min.	3.0
10	1.9	J13W46		Max.	15.2	4.4	J13W46			Max.	47.3
11	3.6	J13W47				10.3	J13W47				
12											1
13			Lognormal distribution?	Normal distribution?				Lognormal di	stribut	Normal distribution?	
14			r-squared is: 0.928	r-squared is: 0.705				r-s 0.916		r-squared is: 0.690	
15	5 Recommendations:					Recommenda					
16			Use lognormal distribution	•				Use lognorma	l distri	bution.	
17											
18										• •• (
19			UCL (Land's method) is	8.2				UCL (Land's	metho	29.1	
20											

21

	Dupineuro I Mi							10.5	
23	Sampling	HEIS	Sample		Arsen	ic		Lead	
24	Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
25	6	J13W48	12/18/06	2.1		0.89	4.7		0.46
26	Duplicate of J13W48	J13W49	12/18/06	4.1		0.89	16.0		0.46
27									
28		TDL			10			5	
29		Both > P	QL?	Yes	(cont	inue)	Yes	(contir	iue)
30	Duplicate	Both >5x7	TDL?	No-Sto	p (acc	eptable)	No-Sto	p (acce	ptable)
31	Analysis	RPD							
32		Difference >2	2xTDL?	No ·	- accep	otable	. Yes -	assess f	urther

Rev. 0

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

ATTACHMENT 1

1Caa Date 02/21/07 Calc. No. 0100F-CA-V0275 Rev. No. Originator K. A. Anselm Checked J. M. Capron fin Job No. 14655 Date 2 Project Field Remediation Sheet No. Subject 1607-F3 Phase II Cleanup Verification 95% UCL Calculations '1 of "

1 1607-F3 Verification Sampling Results (Phase II Arsenic and Lead Data)

2	Sampling	HEIS	Sample				1		
3	Area	Number	Date	mg/kg	Q	PQL	mg/kg	Q	PQL
4	6	J13W48	12/18/06	2.1		0.89	4.7		0.46
5	Duplicate of J13W48	J13W49	12/18/06	4.1		0.89	16.0		0.46
6	1	J13W53	12/18/06	4.3		0.88	11.3		0.45
7	2	J13W51	12/18/06	6.9		0.89	24.5		0.46
8	3	J13W52	12/18/06	1.7		0.89	4.2		0.46
9	4	J13W54	12/18/06	5.2		0.89	9.9		0.46
10	5	J13W55	12/18/06	1.9		0.90	3.0		0.47
11	7	J13W50	12/18/06	3.7		0.90	10.0		0.46
12	8	J13W56	12/18/06	15.2		0.96	47.3		0.49
13	9	J13W46	12/18/06	1.9	ĺ	0.89	4.4		0.46
14	10	J13W47	12/18/06	3.6		0.90	10.3		0.46

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21 22 Rev. 0

APPENDIX C

HAZARD QUOTIENT AND CARCINOGENIC RISK CALCULATIONS

Remaining Sites Verification Package for the 1607-F3 Sanitary Sewer System

C-i

APPENDIX C

HAZARD QUOTIENT AND CARCINOGENIC RISK CALCULATIONS

The calculation in this appendix is kept in the active Washington Closure Hanford project files and is available upon request. When the project is completed, the files will be stored in a U.S. Department of Energy, Richland Operations Office, repository. This calculation has been prepared in accordance with ENG-1, *Engineering Services*, ENG-1-4.5, "Project Calculation," Washington Closure Hanford, Richland, Washington. The following calculation is provided in this appendix:

1607-F3 Waste Site Hazard Quotient and Carcinogenic Risk Calculations, 0100F-CA-V0264, Rev. 0, Washington Closure Hanford, Richland, Washington.

DISCLAIMER FOR CALCULATIONS

The calculation provided in this appendix has been generated to document compliance with established cleanup levels. This calculation should be used in conjunction with other relevant documents in the administrative record.

CALCULATION COVER SHEET

Project Title _Field RemediationJ	ob No. <u>14655</u>
Area100-F	
Discipline <u>Environmental</u> *Calc. No. <u>0100F-CA-V0264</u>	
Subject 1607-F3 Waste Site Hazard Quotient and Carcinogenic Risk Calcul	ations
Computer Program Excel Program No. Excel 2003	

The attached calculations have been generated to document compliance with established cleanup levels. These calculations should be used in conjunction with other relevant documents in the administrative record.

Committed Calculation ⊠

Preliminary

Superseded 🗆

Voided 🗖

Rev.	Sheet Numbers	Originator	Checker	Reviewer	Approval	Date
0	Cover = 1 Summary = 3	Kin Austu 2/21/07	JAM 61-	Im Blanley 2/22/07	J2057rt	2/56/07
	Total = 4	K. A. Anselm	J. M. Capron	T. M. Blakley	J.D Fancher S.W. Callison	
	·		SUMMARY OF R	EVISION		
	I DE 010 (00/01/0			Cili Ni fra Dia		

WCH-DE-018 (09/01/2006)

* Obtain Calc. No. from Document Control and Form from Intranet

	Was	hingto	n Closure Hanford	C	ALCULATI	ON SHEET				
[inator:	K. A. Anselm	icaa	Date:	02/21/07	Calc. No.:	0100F-CA-V0264 J. M. Capron Gmc	Rev.: Date:	7/22/07
ŀ		roject:	Field Remediation 1607-F3 Waste Site	Harard Quation	Job No:	14655 anic Rick Cal	Checked:	J. M. Capion Core	Sheet No.	
l	SI	ubject:	1007-F5 Waste Site	Hazard Quotien	and Carcinog				1 011000110.	
1 2		RPOS								
3	Prov	vide d	ocumentation to	support the	calculation	of the haz	zard quotier	nt (HQ) and exces	s carcinog	genic
4	risk	value	s for the 1607-F	3 remediatio	n verificati	on sampli	ng results.	In accordance wit	h the rem	edial
5	acti	on go	als (RAGs) in the	e remedial d	esign repor	t/remedial	l action wor	k plan (RDR/RA	WP) (DOI	E-RL
6 7			e following criter							
8	1)	An H	Q of <1.0 for all	individual n	oncarcinog	gens				
9			nulative HQ of <							
10	3)	Anex	cess carcinogeni	ic risk of <1	x 10 ⁻⁶ for i	ndividual	carcinogen	S		
11	4)	A cur	nulative excess o	arcinogenic	risk of <1	$ x 10^{-5} for $	carcinogens	3.		
12	••			0						
13										
14	GF	VEN/	REFERENCES	:						
15	0-					•				•
16	1)	DOE	-RL, 2005, Reme	dial Design	Report/Rei	medial Ac	tion Work F	lan for the 100 A	reas,	
17	,	DOE	/RL-96-17, Rev.	5, U.S. Dep	artment of	Energy, R	ichland Op	erations Office, R	ichland,	
18			ington.	· ·						
19			0					· · ·		
20	2)	EPA.	1994, Guidance	Manual for	the Integra	ated Expos	sure Uptake	e Biokinetic Mode	l for Lead	in
21	,	Chila	lren, EPA/540/R	-93/081, Pul	olication N	o. 9285.7-	15-1, U.S. I	Environmental Pro	otection A	gency,
22			nington, D.C.							
23			-							
24	3)	WAG	C 173-340, "Mod	lel Toxics Co	ontrol Act -	- Cleanup	," Washingi	ton Administrative	e Code, 19	96.
25	ŕ									
26	4)	WCF	I, 2006, <i>1607-F3</i>	8 Waste Site	Cleanup V	erification	95% UCL	Calculations, Cal	culation	
27		No. ()100F-CA-V026	3, Rev. 0, W	ashington	Closure H	anford, Ric	hland, Washingto	n.	
28										
29	5)	WCH	I, 2007, <i>1607-F</i> 3	B Phase II C	leanup Ver	ification 9	5% UCL C	alculations, Calcu	lation	
30		No. (0100F-CA-V027	5, Rev. 0, W	ashington	Closure H	anford, Ric	hland, Washingto	n.	
31										
32										
33	SC)LUT	ION:							
34									1	. ,
35	1)					onstituent	detected at	ove background a	and compa	are to
36		the in	ndividual HQ of	<1.0 (DOE-	RL 2005).					
37										
38	2)	Sum	the HQs and con	mpare to the	cumulative	e HQ crite	rion of < 1.0).		
39										
40	3)	Calc	ulate an excess o	arcinogenic	risk value	for each c	arcinogenic	constituent detec	ted above	
41		back	ground and com	pare to the in	ndividual e	xcess carc	inogenic ris	sk criterion of <1	$x 10^{\circ} (DC)$	DE-RL
42		2005	5).							•
43										
44	4)				values and	l compare	to the cum	ilative excess card	einogenic	risk
45		crite	rion of $<1 \ge 10^{-5}$	• ·						
46										

Washington Closure Hanford			CALCULATI	ON SHEET				
	Originator:	K. A. Anselm ICRA	Date:	02/21/07		0100F-CA-V0264	Rev.:	0
	Project:	Field Remediation	Job No:	14655	Checked:	J. M. Capron	Date:	2/22/07
	Subject:	1607-F3 Waste Site Hazard Quotien	nt and Carcinog	enic Risk Cal	culations		Sheet No.	2'of 3

METHODOLOGY:

1 2

Hazard quotient and carcinogenic risk calculations for the 1607-F3 waste site were conservatively 3 performed using the highest of the statistical/maximum values from all decision units for each analyte 4 detected above background, as calculated in WCH (2006, 2007), and for each detected analyte where no 5 background value is available. Of the contaminants of concern (COCs) and contaminants of potential 6 7 concern (COPCs) for this site, those listed in Table 1 meet these criteria, except for arsenic. Arsenic was detected above the Hanford Site background value but below the Washington Administrative Code 8 (WAC) 173-340 Method A cleanup level. Due to the intent of Method A cleanup values and the 9 10 allowance to use such values for arsenic (DOE-RL 2005), arsenic has been excluded from the Method B individual analyte and cumulative risk requirements. 11 12 Of the metals listed in Table 1, boron requires the HQ calculations because it was detected and a

Of the metals listed in Table 1, boron requires the HQ calculations because it was detected and a Washington State or Hanford Site background value is not available, and lead and selenium are included because they were quantified above the Hanford Site or Washington State background values. The remainder of the COCs and COPCs listed in Table 1 are included because they were detected in one or more decision units by laboratory analysis and cannot be attributed to natural occurrence. All other nonradionuclide COCs and COPCs for this site were not detected or were detected below background levels and are not included. An example of the HQ and risk calculations in Table 1 is presented below:

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For example, the maximum value for boron is 1.7 mg/kg, divided by the noncarcinogenic RAG
 value of 16,000 mg/kg (calculated in accordance with the noncarcinogenic toxics effects formula in
 WAC 173-340-740[3]), is 1.1 x 10⁻⁴. Comparing this value, and all other individual values, to the
 requirement of <1.0, this criterion is met.

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2) After the HQ calculations are completed for the appropriate analytes, the cumulative HQ is obtained by summing the individual values. (To avoid errors due to intermediate rounding, the individual HQ values prior to rounding are used for this calculation.) The sum of the HQ values is 9.5 x 10⁻². Comparing this value to the requirement of <1.0, this criterion is met.</p>

3) To calculate the excess carcinogenic risk, the highest determined value for each carcinogenic analyte
is divided by the carcinogenic RAG value, then multiplied by 1 x 10⁻⁶. For example, the maximum
value for chrysene is 0.022 mg/kg, divided by 137 mg/kg, and multiplied as indicated is 1.6 x 10⁻¹⁰.
Comparing this value, and all other individual values, to the requirement of <1 x 10⁻⁶, this criterion is
met.

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4) After these calculations are completed for the carcinogenic analytes, the cumulative excess
carcinogenic risk is obtained by summing the individual values. (To avoid errors due to intermediate
rounding, the individual values prior to rounding are used for this calculation.) The sum of the
excess carcinogenic risk values is 2.8 x 10⁻⁷. Comparing this value to the requirement of <1 x 10⁻⁵,
this criterion is met.

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44 CONCLUSION:

This calculation demonstrates that the 1607-F3 waste site meets the requirements for hazard quotient and excess carcinogenic risk as identified in the RDR/RAWP (DOE-RL 2005).

Washington	n Closure Hanford C	ALCULATI	ON SHEET				
Originator:	K. A. Anselm Kaa	Date:	02/21/07	Calc. No.:	0100F-CA-V0264	Rev.:	,0,
Project:	Field Remediation	Job No:	14655	Checked:	J. M. Capron gmc	Date:	3/22/07
Subject:	1607-F3 Waste Site Hazard Quotient	and Carcinog	enic Risk Cal	culations		Sheet No.	3'of 3

RESULTS:

1 2

3 4

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Table 1 shows the results of the HQ and excess carcinogenic risk calculations for this site.

Table 1. Hazard Quotient and Excess Cancer Risk Results for the 1607-F3 Waste Site.

COC/COPC	Maximum or Statistical Value ^a (mg/kg)	Noncarcinogen RAG ^b (mg/kg)	Hazard Quotient	Carcinogen RAG ^b (mg/kg)	Carcinog Risk	
Metals	L Andreas Sagura - Sag					
Boron	1.7	16,000	1.1E-04		un ug	
Lead ^c	29	353	8.2E-02			
Selenium	4.2	400	1.1E-02			
Semivolatiles						
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.033			0.33 ^d	1.0E-07	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.029			13.7	2.1E-09	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene ^e	0.023	2,400	9.6E-06			
Chrysene	0.022			137	1.6E-10	
Di-n-butylphthalate	0.12	8,000	1.5E-05			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	0.022			1.37	1.6E-0	
Pesticides						
Chlordane (alpha and gamma)	0.0036	40	9.0E-05	2.86	1.3E-09	
DDE, 4,4'-	0.00049			2.94	1.7E-10	
DDT, 4,4'-	0.00035	40	8.8E-06	2.94	1.2E-10	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls						
Aroclor-1254	0.0034	1.6	2.1E-03	0.5	6.8E-0	
Aroclor-1260	0.0035			0.5	7.0E-0	
Volatiles						
Acetone	0.005	72,000	6.9E-08			
Chloroform	0.001	800	1.3E-06	164	6.1E-1	
Ethylbenzene	0.002	8,000	2.5E-07			
Methylene chloride	0.043	4,800	9.0E-06	133	3.2E-1	
Tetrachloroethene	0.002	800	2.5E-06	1.85	1.1E-0	
Toluene	0.001	6,400	1.6E-07			
Xylenes (total)	0.006	16,000	3.8E-07			
Totals			0.575.00			
Cumulative Hazard Quotients			9.5E-02		0.07.0	
Cumulative Excess Cancer Risk: 2.8E-07						
^a = From WCH 2006 or WCH 2007 ^b = Value obtained from <i>Washingto</i>	on Administrative Cod		40(3), Method B,	1996, unless other	wise noted.	
^c = Value for the noncarcinogen RA ^d = Cumulative carcinogenic risk ca			ng/kg instead of th	e required detection	on limit, per	

40

WAC 173-340-740(3), Method B, 1996. Individual carcinogenic risk calculated using the required detection limit. 41 ^e = Toxicity data for this chemical are not available. RAGs for benzo(g,h,i)perylene are based on the surrogate chemical pyrene.

42 -- = not applicable

43 COC = contaminant of concern

COPC = contaminant of potential concern 44

RAG = remedial action goal45

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- 47